TABLE OF CONTENTS OF SPECIAL PROVISIONS

<u>Note:</u> This Table of Contents has been prepared for the convenience of those using this contract with the sole express purpose of locating quickly the information contained herein; and no claims shall arise due to omissions, additions, deletions, etc., as this Table of Contents shall not be considered part of the contract.

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MAY 21, 2025 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. 0089(122) STATE PROJECT NO. 0145-0106

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BRIDGE NO. 00848 U.S. ROUTE 89 OVER INTERSTATE 84

Town of Union and Ashford

The State of Connecticut, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges, Facilities and Incidental Construction, Form 819, dated 2024, is hereby made part of this contract, as modified by the Special Provisions contained herein. The current edition of the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation's "Construction Contract Bidding and Award Manual" ("Manual"), is hereby made part of this contract. If the provisions of this Manual conflict with provisions of other Department documents (not including statutes or regulations), the provisions of the Manual will govern. The Special Provisions relate in particular to the <u>Bridge Replacement Bridge No. 00848 U.S. Route 89 Over Interstate 84</u> in the Towns of Union and Ashford.

CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

In order to minimize the hazard, cost and inconvenience to the traveling public and pollution of the environment, it is necessary to limit the time of construction work, which interferes with traffic as specified in Article 1.08.04 of the Special Provisions.

There will be two assessments for liquidated damages and they will be addressed in the following manner:

- 1. For this contract, an assessment per day for liquidated damages, at a rate of <u>Two Thousand Four Hundred</u> Dollars per day shall be applied to each calendar day the work runs in excess of the <u>Three Hundred Sixty-nine</u> allowed calendar days for the contract.
- 2. For this contract, an assessment per hour for liquidated damages shall be applied to each hour, or any portion thereof, in which the Contractor interferes with normal traffic operations during the restricted hours given in Article 1.08.04 of the Special Provisions. The liquidated damages shall be as shown in the following tables entitled "Liquidated Damages Per Hour" for each hour, or any portion thereof, in which the Contractor interferes with normal traffic operations during the restricted hours.

For the purpose of administering this contract, normal traffic operations are considered interfered with when:

- a. Any portion of the travel lanes or shoulders is occupied by any personnel, equipment, materials, or supplies including signs.
- b. The transition between the planes of pavement surfaces is at a rate of one inch in less than fifteen feet longitudinally.

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES PER HOUR

Right Land	Route I-84 EAS e Drop W/O Exit ((M.P. 75.94 - 3 Lane Se	67 to Exit 68 Off-1 – 80.86)	Ramp								
If Working PeriodsA.M.P.M.A.M.Extends Into1 Lane Closure1 Lane Closure2 Lane Closure											
1st Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500								
2nd Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$2,000								
3rd Hour or any Subsequent Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$9,000								
Exi	Route I-84 WES t 68 On-Ramp to (M.P. 80.86 3 Lane Se	Mass State Line – 97.90)									
If Working Periods Extends Into	A.M. 1 Lane Closure	P.M. 1 Lane Closure	A.M. 2 Lane Closure								
1st Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500								
2nd Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500								
3rd Hour or any Subsequent Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500								

The above liquidated damages apply to those hours shown on the Limitation of Operations charts designated with a "0", "S", "1", "2", or "3".

The above liquidated damages shall be applied when the actual number of lanes closed exceeds the number of lanes allowed to be closed, as dictated by the Limitations of Operations Chart.

If all available shoulder widths or gore areas are not available to traffic for each hour designated with a "0" on the Limitations of Operations Charts, then liquidated damages of \$500 shall apply for each hour, or part thereof.

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES PER HOUR

	Exit 68 Off- (M.	I-84 EASTBOUN Ramp to Mass Sta P. 80.86 – 97.90) & Lane Section		
If Working Periods Extends Into	A.M. 1 Lane Closure	P.M. 1 Lane Closure	A.M. 2 Lane Closure	P.M. 2 Lane Closure
1st Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500
2nd Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500
3rd Hour or any Subsequent Hour of Restrictive Period	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500

The above liquidated damages apply to those hours shown on the Limitation of Operations charts designated with a "0", "S", "1", "2", or "3".

The above liquidated damages shall be applied when the actual number of lanes closed exceeds the number of lanes allowed to be closed, as dictated by the Limitations of Operations Chart.

If all available shoulder widths or gore areas are not available to traffic for each hour designated with a "0" on the Limitations of Operations Charts, then liquidated damages of \$500 shall apply for each hour, or part thereof.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - PRE-BID QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Questions pertaining to DOT advertised construction projects must be presented through the CTDOT Pre-Bid Q and A Website. The Department cannot guarantee that all questions will be answered prior to the bid date. PLEASE NOTE - at 9:00 am Monday (i.e. typical Wednesday Bid Opening) the project(s) being bid will be closed for questions, at which time questions can no longer be submitted through the Q and A Website.

Answers may be provided by the Department up to 12:00 noon, the day before the bid. At this time, the Q and A for those projects will be considered final, unless otherwise stated and/or the bid is postponed to a future date and time to allow for further questions and answers to be posted.

If a question needs to be asked the day before the bid date, please contact the Contracts Unit staff and email your question to <u>dotcontracts@ct.gov</u> immediately.

Contractors must identify their company name, contact person, contact email address and phone number when asking a question. The email address and phone number will not be made public.

The questions and answers (if any) located on the Q and A Website are hereby made part of the bid/contract solicitation documents (located on the State Contracting Portal), and resulting contract for the subject project(s). It is the bidder's responsibility to monitor, review, and become familiar with the questions and answers, as with all bid requirements and contract documents, prior to bidding. By signing the bid proposal and resulting contract, the bidder acknowledges receipt of, and agrees to the incorporation of the final list of Q and A, into the contract document.

Contractors will not be permitted to file a future claim based on lack of receipt, or knowledge of the questions and answers associated with a project. All bidding requirements and project information, including but not limited to contract plans, specifications, addenda, Q and A, Notice to Contractors, etc., are made public on the State Contracting Portal and/or the CTDOT website.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - CDMS SUBMITTALS

Upon execution of the Contract, the Contractor acknowledges and agrees that contractual submittals for this Project shall be submitted and handled through the Department's Construction Document Management System (CDMS). The CDMS that the Department is currently using is COMPASS.

Contractor submittals including Shop Drawings, Working Drawings, Product Data, RFIs, and RFCs shall be generated and delivered by the Contractor in accordance with the Department's <u>Contractor's User Manual</u>. The administering District office will inform the Contractor of other deliverables required to be similarly submitted.

Access credentials will be provided free of charge to the Contractor.

The Department shall not be held responsible for delays, lack of processing or responses to submittals that do not follow the specified guidelines in the Contractor's User Manual.

<u>NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – MANDATED USE OF AASHTOWARE</u> <u>PROJECT CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE (CONSTRUCTION)</u>

The Contractor shall use *AASHTOWare Project*[®] software as outlined in the specifications noted below. This will require that the Contractor and all subcontractor(s) designate and dedicate staff within 10 days after the execution of the Contract or approval to sublet as appropriate. It will also require the Contractor and all subcontractors to provide internet access, computing devices suitable for this work, training, and other related work as outlined in the specifications noted below.

All costs for these requirements shall be included in the general cost of the work.

The following special provisions are pertinent to, and detail the requirements for, this work:

SECTION 1.05 - CONTROL OF THE WORK

Article 1.05.12 – Payrolls

This Article outlines the requirements for submission of payrolls.

Article 1.05.25 –Use of AASHTOWare Project® Software This Article outlines the overall requirements for the use of the AASHTOWare Project® Software.

SECTION 1.08 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Article 1.08.01—Transfer of Work or Contract

This Article outlines the requirements for subcontractor payment and payment verifications.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - FEDERAL WAGE DETERMINATIONS (Davis Bacon Act)

The following Federal Wage Determinations are applicable to this Federal- Aid contract and are hereby incorporated by reference. During the bid advertisement period, it is the bidder's responsibility to obtain the latest Federal wage rates from the US Department of Labor website, as may be revised 10 days prior to bid opening. Any revisions posted 10 days prior to the bid opening shall be the wage determinations assigned to this contract.

Check Applicable WD#	WD#	Construction Type	Counties
(DOT Use Only)			
X	CT1	Highway	Fairfield, Litchfield, Middlesex, New Haven, Tolland,
			Windham
	CT2	Highway	New London
	CT3	Highway	Hartford
	CT5	Heavy Dredging	Fairfield, Middlesex, New Haven, New London
		(Hopper Dredging)	
	CT6	Heavy Dredging	Statewide
	CT13	Heavy	Fairfield
	CT14	Heavy	Hartford
	CT15	Heavy	Middlesex, Tolland
	CT16	Heavy	New Haven
	CT17	Heavy	New London
	CT26	Heavy	Litchfield, Windham
	CT18	Building	Litchfield
	CT19	Building	Windham
	CT20	Building	Fairfield
	CT21	Building	Hartford
	CT22	Building	Middlesex
	CT23	Building	New Haven
	CT24	Building	New London
	CT25	Building	Tolland
	CT4	Residential	Litchfield, Windham
	CT7	Residential	Fairfield
	CT8	Residential	Hartford
	CT9	Residential	Middlesex
	CT10	Residential	New Haven
	CT11	Residential	New London
	CT12	Residential	Tolland

The Federal wage rates (Davis-Bacon Act) applicable to this Contract shall be the Federal wage rates that are current on the US Department of Labor website (<u>SAM.gov | Wage Determinations</u>) as may be revised 10 days prior to bid opening. The Department will no longer physically include revised Federal wage rates in the bid documents or as part of addenda documents. These applicable Federal wage rates will be incorporated in the final contract document executed by both parties.

If a conflict exists between the Federal and State wage rates, the higher rate shall govern.

To obtain the latest Federal wage rates, go to the US Department of Labor website (link above). Under Davis-Bacon Act, choose "Selecting DBA WDs" and follow the instruction to search the latest wage rates for the State, County and Construction Type.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - ARCHITECTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE COATINGS

This Contract includes the application of materials subject to the Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) content limits stated in the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (RCSA) Sections 22a-174-41 and -41a. All architectural and industrial maintenance (AIM) coatings and applications of such coatings must comply with these regulations.

The Contractor shall submit a Material Safety Data Sheet/Safety Data Sheet or Product Technical Data Sheet developed by the manufacturer of each material that may be subject to the Regulations. The submittal must verify both the type of AIM and its VOC Content. VOC content shall be determined based on the formulation data supplied by the materials manufacturer.

The Contractor may only use AIM coatings that contain VOCs below the respective coating category Phase II limits specified in Table 1 if either:

- a) the coating was manufactured on or after May 1, 2018, or
- b) the coating is being applied after April 30, 2021.

The Contractor may use AIM coatings that contain VOCs exceeding the respective coating category Phase II limits specified in Table 1 only if all of the following four conditions are met:

- a) the coating is being applied on or before April 30, 2021,
- b) the coating contains VOCs below the applicable Phase I limits specified in Table 1,
- c) the coating was manufactured prior to May 1, 2018, and
- d) the coating container(s) are dated (or date coded) as such.

For any coating that is not categorized within Table 1, the Contractor shall classify the coating as follows and apply corresponding limits in Table 1.

- Registers gloss <15 on an 85-degree meter or <5 on a 60-degree meter) Flat Coating,
- Registers gloss of ≥15 on an 85-degree meter and ≥5on a 60-degree meter) Nonflat Coating,
- Registers gloss of \geq 70 on a 60-degree meter Nonflat-High Gloss Coating.

The Contractor must close all containers of coating and solvent when not in use.

Coating container labels must display the date the coating was manufactured, the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning with solvent, and the coating's VOC content in grams per liter (g/L) of coating. Certain coating categories as noted in Table 1 have additional labeling requirements.

The Contractor may add additional solvent to a coating only if such addition does not cause the coating to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified Table 1. The Contractor must adhere to type(s) of solvent and maximum amount of solvent recommended by coating manufacturer. VOC content of a thinned coating shall be the VOC content as listed by the manufacturer after thinning in accordance with its recommendation.

	Phase II
orior to 18 nit (g/L)	manufactured on or after May 1, 2018 VOC content limit (g/L)
	450
	1
	1

	Phase I	Phase II
Coating Category	manufactured prior to	manufactured on or
	May 1, 2018 VOC content limit (g/L)	after May 1, 2018 VOC content limit (g/L)
Aluminum roof coating		450
Antenna coating	530	1
Antifouling coating	400	1
Basement specialty coating	1	400
Bituminous roof coating	300	270
Bituminous roof primer	350	350
Bond breaker	350	350
Calcimine recoater	475	475
Clear wood coating - Clear brushing lacquer ²	680	275
Clear wood coating - Lacquer ^{2,3}	550	275
Clear wood coating - Sanding sealer ^{2,4}	350	275
Clear wood coating - Varnish ²	350	275
Concrete curing compound	350	350
Concrete or masonry sealer/	400	100
Waterproofing concrete or masonry sealer	400	100
Concrete surface retarder	780	780
Conjugated oil varnish	1	450
Conversion varnish	725	725
Driveway sealer	1	50
Dry fog coating	400	150
Faux finishing coating ²	350	350
Fire resistive coating	350	350
Fire retardant coating - Clear	650	1
Fire retardant coating - Opaque	350	1
Flat coating	100	50
Floor coating	250	100
Flow coating	420	1
Form-release compound	250	250
Graphic arts coating (sign paint)	500	500
High temperature coating	420	420
Impacted immersion coating	780	780
Industrial maintenance coating ²	340	250
Industrial maintenance coating	340	250
Low solids coating	120	120
Magnesite cement coating	450	450
Mastic texture coating	300	100
Metallic pigmented coating	500	500

TABLE 1

Т	ABLE 1	
	Phase I	Phase II
Nonflat coating Nonflat high gloss coating ² Nuclear coating Pre-treatment wash primer Primer, sealer and undercoater Quick-dry enamel Quick-dry primer, sealer and undercoater Reactive penetrating carbonate stone sealer ² Reactive penetrating sealer ² Recycled coating Roof coating Rust preventive coating ² Shellac Clear Shellac Opaque Specialty primer, sealer and undercoater ² Stain Stone consolidant ² Swimming pool coating Thermoplastic rubber coating and mastic Traffic marking coating	manufactured prior to May 1, 2018 VOC content limit (g/L)	manufactured on or after May 1, 2018 VOC content limit (g/L)
Multi-color coating	250	250
Nonflat coating	150	100
Nonflat high gloss coating ²	250	150
Nuclear coating	450	450
Pre-treatment wash primer	420	420
Primer, sealer and undercoater	200	100
Quick-dry enamel	250	1
Quick-dry primer, sealer and undercoater	200	1
Reactive penetrating carbonate stone sealer ²	1	500
Reactive penetrating sealer ²	1	350
Recycled coating	250	250
Roof coating	250	250
Rust preventive coating ²	400	250
Shellac Clear	730	730
Shellac Opaque	550	550
Specialty primer, sealer and undercoater ²	350	100
Stain	250	250
Stone consolidant ²	1	450
Swimming pool coating	340	340
Thermoplastic rubber coating and mastic	550	550
Traffic marking coating	150	100
Traffic marking coating	150	100
Tub and tile refinish	1	420
Waterproofing membrane	1	250
Waterproofing sealer	250	1
Wood coating ²	1	275
Wood preservative	350	350
Zinc-rich primer ²	1	340

1 Classify as follows and apply corresponding limits in Table 1.

• Registers gloss <15 on an 85-degree meter or <5 on a 60-degree meter) – Flat Coating,

• Registers gloss of ≥ 15 on an 85-degree meter and ≥ 5 on a 60-degree meter) – Nonflat Coating

• Registers gloss of \geq 70 on a 60-degree meter – Nonflat-High Gloss Coating

2 Container must be appropriately labeled. See RCSA 22a-174-41a

3 "Clear Wood Coating – Lacquer" includes lacquer sanding sealer

4 "Clear Wood Coating - Sanding Sealer" does not include lacquer sanding sealer

-END-

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - UTILITY SPECIFICATIONS

The contractor is hereby notified that all utility specifications contained elsewhere herein shall be made a part of this contract, and that the contractor shall be bound to comply with all requirements of such specifications. The requirements and conditions set forth in the subject specifications shall be binding on the contractor just as any other specification would be.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – UTILITY GENERATED SCHEDULE

The attached project specific utility work schedule was provided to the Connecticut Department of Transportation (Department) by the utility companies regarding their identified work on this project.

The utility scheduling information is provided to assist the Contractor in scheduling its activities. However, the Department does not ensure its accuracy and Section 1.05.06 of the Standard Specifications still is in force.

The utility scheduling information shall be incorporated into the Contractor's pre-award schedule in accordance with the Department's Bidding and Award Manual and Section 1.05.08 of the Contract.

After award, the Contractor shall conduct a utility coordination meeting or meetings to obtain contemporaneous scheduling information from the utilities prior to submitting its baseline schedule to the Department in accordance with Section (*1.05.08 – Schedules and Reports*) of the Contract.

The Contractor shall incorporate the contemporaneous utility scheduling information into its baseline schedule submittal. The baseline schedule shall include Contractor predecessor and successor activities to the utility work in such detail as acceptable to the Engineer.

	U	TILITY WORK SCI	EDULE Re	v 3/2015	
CTDOT Project Numbe		0145-0106	Town:	UNION	
Project Description:	REPLACEM	ENT OF BRIDGE NO. 0	0848		
CTDOT Utilities Engine	er:	FRED THALER		-	
Phone: (401)726-4			Email:	FTha	ler@gm2inc.com
Utility Company:	Charter Co	mmunications			
Prepared By:	Daniel Brau		Date Prepa	ared:	4/23/2025
Phone: 860-771-2			Email:		prault@charter.com
		Scope of W	ork		
The following is a description of work to be carried out by the u additional utility infrastructure	utility or its contr	planned to be completed in c ractor, including temporary ar	onjunction with th d permanent wor	k required by th	e project as well as any
		ecial Considerations			
The following describes the lin restrictions on cut-overs, outa environmental shutdown perio	ges, limitations o	on customer service interrupti			
PLEASE NOTE THAT AI AFFECTED BY MANY F. UTILITIES, PERMIT API EMERGENCY SITUATIO	ACTORS INC		ITED TO, MA		WORK, OTHER

UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE Rev 3/2015	r: 0145-0106	Charter Communications	Daniel Brault Total Working Days: 3	Schedule	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity of work is identified by the baseline tationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of working days required to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates.	Description of Utility Work Activity Predecessor Activity (working days)	PLACE STRAND, Cable, SHIFT, Splice and activate new, Wreckout old					
		ct Number: 0145-0106 any: Charter Communications Activity Sectors	Daniel Brault		fies each major activity of utility work s. All activities identify the predecesso ty work activity based on historical inf	Description of l	PLACE STRAND, Cable, SHI Wreckout old					
	CTDOT Project Number:		Prepared By:		The following schedule identit stationing on the CTDOT plans required to complete the utilit	Location (Station to Station)	LIMITS					

		U	TILITY WORK SC		ev 3/2015	
CTDOT Pro	ject Numbe	er:	0145-0106	Town:	UNION	
Project De	scription:	REPLACEN	IENT OF BRIDGE NO. (0848		
CTDOT Uti	lities Engine	er:	FRED THALER	- CT	-	
Phone:	(401)726-4	084X123		Email:	FTha	aler@gm2inc.com
Utility Con	npany:	CROWN CA	ASTLE FIBER			
Prepared B	By:	TERENCE J	SHEA	Date Prep	ared:	2/11/2025
Phone:	(203)649-3	905		Email:		hea@crowncastle.com
			Scope of W	/ork		
work to be car	ried out by the u	utility or its cont	planned to be completed in ractor, including temporary a intends on performing within	nd permanent wo	ork required by th	
			pecial Considerations			
restrictions on	cut-overs, outag	ges, limitations	at must be planned for in the on customer service interrupt aterial procurements, etc			
AFFECTED UTILITIES,	BY MANY F	ACTORS INC PLICATIONS,	AME GIVEN AS A STAR LUDING, BUT NOT LIF CHANGES IN SCOPE,	NITED TO, M	AKE READY	WORK, OTHER

UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE Rev 3/2015			Total Working Days: 5	Schedule	ned by the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity of work is iden ted before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the nu Predecessor Activity	OVE SLACK, SHIFT, RELASH POLES IN. POWER AND CATV OVER. 5					
UTILITY WORK	CTDOT Project Number: 0145-0106 Utility Company: CROWN CASTLE FIBER	TERENCE J SHEA	Sc	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be perforn tationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates. Location Description of Utility Work Activity	PLACE STRAND, DELASH, MOVE SLACK, SHIFT, RELASH AND REMOVE STRAND.						
		Prepared By:		The following schedule identifie: stationing on the CTDOT plans. A required to complete the utility. Location							

	UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE Rev 3/2015	OULE Rev 3/2015	
CTDOT Project Number:			
Utility Company:	LIGHTOWER FIBER NETWORKS		
Prepared By:	TERENCE J SHEA	Total Working Days: 0	
	Schedule		
The following schedule identi stationing on the CTDOT plan: required to complete the utili	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by th tationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed befo equired to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates.	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity of work is identified by the baseline stationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of working days required to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates.	the baseline working days
Location (Station to Station)	Description of Utility Work Activity	Dura Predecessor Activity (workin	Duration (working days)

UTILITY WO	RK SCHEDULE Rev 08 02 2016
CTDOT Project Number: 0145-0106	Town: Union / Ashford
Project Description: Replacement of bridge #0	00848 (Rt89 Fish Point Road) over I-84
CTDOT Utilities Engineer: Fredric Thaler	
Phone: 401-726-4084	Email: Fthaler@GM2INC.COM
Utility Company: Eversource Energy	
Prepared By: Brian Gamache	Date Prepared: 3/20/2025
Phone: 860 810-2688	Email: brian.gamache@evesource.com
Scope	e of Work
	npleted in conjunction with the CTDOT project. The narrative ; including temporary and permanent work required by the project as Is on performing within the project limits during the construction of the
Relocate poles and cable per State of Connection	cut plans. Relocate (3) main line poles on Fish
A	Replace 810' of 3Phase primary and neutral over
I-84 crossing.	
•	ations and Constraints
The following describes the limiting factors that must be planned	
example, restrictions on cut-overs, outages, limitations on custor and environmental shutdown periods, long lead material procure	mer service interruptions (e.g. nights, weekends, holidays), seasonal
and environmental shutdown periods, long lead material procure	ments, etc
PLEASE NOTE THAT ANY TIME FRAME GIVEN AS	S A START TIME OR DURATION OF WORK CAN BE
	NOT LIMITED TO, MAKE READY WORK, OTHER
UTILITIES, PERMIT APPLICATIONS, CHANGES IN	SCOPE, INCLEMENT WEATHER, HOLIDAYS AND
EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.	

			12		f work is identified by the ation provided is the number of	Duration (working days)	e 2	10				-	
ULE Rev 3/2015			Total Working Days:		the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity c pleted before a utility work activity may progress. The dur nates.	Predecessor Activity	Staking of new curb line, ROW at new pole locations.	Pole setting by others					
UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE Rev 3/2015	er: 0145-0106	Eversource Energy	Brian Gamache	Schedule	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the baseline stationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of working days required to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates.	Description of Utility Work Activity	FTR/Eversource to stake poles	Shift cable and guying to new poles, Cut pole tops as Pole setting by others directed.					
	CTDOT Project Number:	Utility Company:	Prepared By:		The following schedule identi baseline stationing on the CTI working days required to com	Location (Station to Station)	Entire Project	Entire Project					

		UTILITY WORK SC			
rev. 5/20/2013				the second second	
CTDOT Project Numb		145-106	Town:	ASHFORD/UNIO	
Project Description:		INSTRUCTION I-84 AND	ROUTE 89,	BRIDGE No.0084	8
CTDOT Utilities Engir		FREDRIC THALER	e 11	51 1 00	101110
Phone: 401.726.4	4084		Email:	Fthaler@G	M2INC,com
	_				
Utility Company:	FRONTIER	COMMUNICATIONS			
Prepared By:	JOHN PLIK	US	Date Prepa		4/23/2025
Phone: 860.450.	2793		Email:	john.m.plik	us@ftr.com
		Scope of Wo	rk		
work to be carried out by the	e utility or its cont ire work the utility	c planned to be completed in co- rractor, including temporary and y intends on performing within t	permanent wo	rk required by the projec	t as well as any
Loc.5, Sta.17+20,45'l Loc.8, Sta.20+15,50'l Loc.11, Sta.21+20,50 Loc.13, Sta.23+40,30 Loc.1 Sta.10+70,P5 ti Loc.4, Sta.17+40,22'l Sta.17+40,25'SW, Re Sta.19+70,22'NE, Ren Sta.19+70,25'SW, Re	NE, Place1-45 NE, Place1-45 I'NE, Place 1-4 I'NE, P86 RMV o Loc.14 Sta.2 NE, Remove 1 move 1-35ft move 1-35ft SW, Remove	V & Place 1-1in TT And 8 29+00,P81,Remove 195 L-45ft Pole No.1, 1-OH 1 Stub Pole No.1S, 1-1in Pole No.88, 1-OH 10M 0 Stub Pole No.88S, 1-1in 1-35ft Stub Pole No.87	n TT Anc & in TT Anc & 2 10M DGu Oft of BHBA .0M DGuy. IT Anc & 10 Guy. TT Anc & 1 S, 1-1in TT /	10M DGuy. 10M DGuy. -100 & BHBG-100 M DGuy. 0M DGuy. Anc & 10M DGuy.	Loc.6, Loc.4, Loc.9,
-	Sp	pecial Considerations a	nd Constrai	nts	
	tages, limitations	at must be planned for in the scl on customer service interruption laterial procurements, etc			
schedule other utiliti owned cables and fix	es attached t (tures). This L	schedule its constructio to the pole line (Power JWS has been complete truction limits provided	Co., CATV, e d using onl	etc and all State y Preliminary Desi	or Municipal ign Plans. No

rev. 5/20/2013	UTILITY WOR			
	145-106	Town:	ASHFORD/UNION	
CTDOT Project Number: Project Description: BRIDGE	CONSTRUCTION I-84			
CTDOT Utilities Engineer:	FREDRIC THALER		, DRIDGE N0.00848	
Phone: 401.726.4084	TREDRIC THALEP	Email:	Fthaler@GM	12INC com
		Linan.	T that the Ow	121140,00111
Utility Company: FRONTI	ER COMMUNICATIO	NIS		
Prepared By: JOHN P		Date Pre	nared:	4/23/2025
Phone: 860.450.2793	LIKUS	Email:	john.m.pliku	
Filone: 800.430.2755	Faana	of Work	John.m.pike	is@rti.com
work to be carried out by the utility or its a additional utility infrastructure work the u PERMANENT RELOCATION Loc.2, Sta.15+30,22'NE, @ Pole Loc.4, Sta.17+40,22'NE, Place 1 Loc.6, Sta.17+40,25'SW, Place Sta.19+70,22'NE, Place 1-45ft I Sta.19+70,25'SW, Place 1-35ft Loc.12,Sta.21+75,50'SW, Place Sta.23+40,30'NE, P86 RMV & P Sta.15+45,42'NE, Remove1-40 Loc.5, Sta.17+20,45'NE, Remov Loc.8, Sta.20+15,50'NE, Remov Loc.12, Sta.21+60,50'NE, Remov	tility intends on performing No.2, Remove 1-1ir 1-45ft Pole No.1, 1-0 1-35ft Stub Pole No. Pole No.88, 1-OH 107 Stub Pole No.88S, 1- 1-35ft Stub Pole No. Iace 1-1in TT Anc & ft Temp Pole,Place 1- re1-45ft Temp Pole,P re1-45ft Temp Pole N ve 1-40ft Temp Pole	within the project lim TT Anc & 10M H 10M Guy. 1S, 1-1in TT Anc M Guy. 1in TT Anc & 10 87S, 1-1in TT Anc 10M DGuy -1in TT Anc & 10 Place 2-1in TT Anc No.88,Place 2-1in No.87.	its during the construction of DGuy. & 10M DGuy. In & 10M DGuy. In & 10M DGuy. In C & 10M DGuy. In TT Anc & 10M DGu	Loc.4, Loc.6, Loc.13, Loc.3,
-	Special Considerati	ons and Constra	aints	
The following describes the limiting factor restrictions on cut-overs, outages, limitati environmental shutdown periods, long lea 1. Frontier Communications w schedule other utilities attache owned cables and fixtures). Th mark out of edge of road, or co	s that must be planned for in ons on customer service inte d material procurements, ef ill schedule its const ed to the pole line (Po is UWS has been con	n the scheduling and p prruptions (e.g. nights, tc ruction as it's w ower Co., CATV, npleted using or	performance of the utility w weekends, holidays), sease orkload permits, the etc and all State o aly Preliminary Desig	DOT will r Municipal n Plans. No

	UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE	HEDULE	
CTDOT Project Number:	r: 145-106 TEMP		
Utility Company:	Frontier Communications		
Prepared By:	John Plikus	Total Calendar Days: 6	
	Schedule		
The following schedule identified the stationing on the CTDOT plans required to complete the utilities the statistic	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the stationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before required to complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates.	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity of work is identified by the baseline stationing on the CTDOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of calendar days required to complete the utility work activity work activity based on historical information and production rates.	the baseline calendar days
Location (Station to Station)	Description of Utility Work Activity	Dura Predecessor Activity (calenda	Duration (calendar days)
Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40	Place two(2) 40ft Poles and two(2) 45ft poles.	DOT Authorization and Site access to new Pole Locations.	1
Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40	Place Required Anchors and Guying at Various Locations.	Other Utilities work completion required.	1
Sta.10+70 - Sta.21+00	Remove 1950ft of BHBA-100 and BHBG-100.	Other Utilities work completion required.	2
Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40	Shift Aerial Fiber	Other Utilities work completion required.	Ţ
Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40	Remove Five(5) Existing Poles and Guying	Other Utilities work completion required.	1

UTILITY WC CTDOT Project Number: Id5-106 PERM Utility Company: Id5-106 PERM Prepared By: John Plikus Sci Total in the company: Sci Identifies each major activity which must be complete the utility work activity based on historical information and production rates. Intercation Description of Utility Work Activity Identifies each major activity based on historical information and production rates. Identifies each major activity which must be complete the utility work activity Identifies each major activity based on historical information and production rates. Identifies each major activity based on historical information and production rates. It bescription of Utility Work Activity Identifies each major activity which must be completed. Identifies each major activity based on historical information and production rates. Identifies each major activity which must be completed. Identifies each major activity based on historical information. Identifies each major activity based on historical information. Identit	UTILITY WORK SCHEDULE			Total Calendar Days: 5	Schedule	The following schedule identifies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be performed by the utility or its contractor. The location of each activity of work is identified by the baseline stationing on the CTOT plans. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be completed before a utility work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of calendar days required to complete the utility work activity work activity may progress. The duration provided is the number of calendar days	Predecessor Activity (calendar days)	Project Completion	Other Utilities work completion required. 1	Other Utilities work completion required. 2	Other Utilities work completion required. 1				
CTDOT Project Number Utility Company: Prepared By: The following schedule identific stationing on the CTDOT plans. (Station to Station) Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40 Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40 Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40 Sta.15+30 - Sta.23+40	חדונודע א	CTDOT Project Number: 145-106 PERM	Frontier Communications	John Plikus		ies each major activity of utility work in sequential order to be pe s. All activities identify the predecessor activity which must be con ty work activity based on historical information and production ra	Description of Utility Work Activity								

<u>NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – HAZARDOUS MATERIALS</u> <u>INVESTIGATIONS</u>

A limited hazardous materials site investigation has been conducted for the replacement of Bridge No. 00848, Route 89 over Interstate 84, Ashford/Union, CT. The scope of inspection was limited to the representative components projected for impact.

Results of the survey identified lead paint on the structural steel components of the bridge. TCLP waste stream sampling and analysis for leachable lead from the paint on the structural steel components characterized the paint waste streams at Bridge No. 00848 as <u>CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous waste</u>. Metal railings on top of the bridge were unpainted (galvanized), therefore no lead paint was identified.

All steel and metal generated from work tasks (painted or not) shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at a scrap metal recycling facility. The recycling of scrap metal (regardless of lead paint concentration) is exempt from USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulation.

Black joint filler, black brittle joint tar, and black flexible tar at Bridge No. 00848 were found to be asbestos containing materials (ACM). All other suspect materials sampled at the bridge (canvas pads, expansion joints, tars etc.) were found to be non-ACM.

No bird/pigeon guano accumulations, mice droppings/nests, bloodborne pathogens (BBP) concerns, homeless activity or other hazardous/regulated items were observed in accessible areas of Bridge No. 00848

The Contractor is hereby notified that these hazardous materials requiring special management or disposal procedures will be encountered during various construction activities conducted within the project limits. The Contractor will be required to implement appropriate health and safety measures <u>for all construction activities</u> impacting these materials. These measures shall include, but are not limited to, air monitoring, engineering controls, personal protective equipment and decontamination, equipment decontamination and personnel training. WORKER HEALTH AND SAFETY PROTOCOLS WHICH ADDRESS POTENTIAL AND/OR ACTUAL RISK OF EXPOSURE TO SITE SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARE SOLELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

The Department, as Generator, will provide an authorized representative to sign all manifests and waste profile documentation required by disposal facilities for disposal of hazardous materials.

The Sections which shall be reviewed by the Contractor include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Item No. 0020903A Lead Compliance for Miscellaneous Exterior Tasks
- Item No. 0020801A Asbestos Abatement

The Contractor is alerted to the fact that a department environmental consultant may be on site for abatement and related activities, to collect environmental samples (if necessary), and to observe site conditions for the State.

Information pertaining to the results of the limited hazardous materials investigation discussed can be found in the document listed below. This document shall be available for review electronically.

• HazMat Inspection Letter, Bridge No. 00848, Route 89 over Interstate 84, Ashford/Union, CT, TRC Environmental Corporation, March 11, 2025.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR - ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING DATA (EED)

The EED is an assembly of engineering data files that were used to produce the Contract plans.

Electronic Engineering Data (EED) is provided for information purposes only. In case of conflict between the EED and the Contract plans and specifications, the contract plans and specifications shall govern. The EED has been reviewed by the Department for quality control purposes, but it is the Contractor's responsibility to build the Project per the contract plans and specifications.

The EED is being provided to the Engineer for GPS/RTS inspection. The Contractor may use the EED to assist in bidding, layout, and Automated Machine Control/Guidance.

The EED includes geospatially correct 2D CAD files and <u>may</u> include horizontal and vertical alignment data files, 3D surface model files (break-line features and triangles) and a preference file. The data is being provided in <u>one</u> of the MicroStation versions, consisting of native and converted formats:

MicroStation V8i (InRoads)

- Native Format
 - Bentley MicroStation CAD files (dgn)
 - Bentley SS2 InRoads Alignment Files (alg)
 - Bentley SS2 InRoads Digital Terrain Models (dtm)
 - Bentley SS2 InRoads Preference File (xin)
- Converted Format (for use in GPS/RTS Site equipment)
 - AutoCAD CAD files (dxf)
 - Alignment files (xml)
 - Surface Models (xml)

MicroStation CONNECT (OpenRoads)

- Native Format
 - Bentley CONNECT MicroStation CAD files (dgn contains CAD graphics, OpenRoads alignments and terrain models)
 - Converted Format (for use in GPS/RTS Site equipment)
 - AutoCAD CAD files (dxf)
 - Alignment files (xml exported from CONNECT MicroStation CAD file)
 - Surface Models (xml exported from CONNECT MicroStation CAD file)

For a complete list of EED files, see the EED file manifest (PDF) located in the EED_0145-0106.zip file (0145-0106 is the project number) which is posted with the contract PS&E's on the State Contracting portal. The EED zip file can also be found in the project COMPASS page in the *Contract Documents/100_Contract_Plans (PDF)* folder.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – CONSTRUCTION SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish, install, and maintain Bipartisan Infrastructure Law project signs for the duration of the Contract. The Contractor shall also remove the signs upon completion of the work under the project. A special provision for these signs has been added to the Contract for Item No. 1220027A - Construction Signs.

<u>NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS)</u> <u>COORDINATES FOR SIGNS</u>

The Contractor shall obtain and provide to the Engineer sign installation data, including Global Positioning System (GPS) latitude and longitude coordinates, for all new State owned and maintained signs. The Engineer shall forward the sign data to the Division of Traffic Engineering for upload into the Highway Sign Inventory and Maintenance Management Program (SIMS). Sign data submissions or questions relating to SIMS or GPS shall be sent to DOT-SignInventory@ct.gov. Refer to the special provision for Section 12.00 General Clauses For Highway Signing.

<u>NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR – MANDATED USE OF AASHTOWARE</u> <u>PROJECT CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE (CONSTRUCTION)</u>

The Contractor shall use *AASHTOWare Project*[®] software as outlined in the specifications noted below. This will require that the Contractor and all subcontractor(s) designate and dedicate staff within 10 days after the execution of the Contract or approval to sublet as appropriate. It will also require the Contractor and all subcontractors to provide internet access, computing devices suitable for this work, training, and other related work as outlined in the specifications noted below.

All costs for these requirements shall be included in the general cost of the work.

The following special provisions are pertinent to, and detail the requirements for, this work:

SECTION 1.05 - CONTROL OF THE WORK

Article 1.05.12 – Payrolls

This Article outlines the requirements for submission of payrolls.

Article 1.05.25 –Use of AASHTOWare Project® Software This Article outlines the overall requirements for the use of the AASHTOWare Project® Software.

SECTION 1.08 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Article 1.08.01—Transfer of Work or Contract

This Article outlines the requirements for subcontractor payment and payment verifications.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR -- MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING (COLD LIQUID ELASTOMERIC)

The Contractor is hereby notified that changes have been made to the referenced Membrane Waterproofing special provision and that the Contractor shall comply with all requirements of such specification.

The major changes include the following:

- Addition of language to clarify the definition of a Manufacturer is as described in Article 1.06.01 of the Standard Specifications,
- Allowance for single pass application of 80 mil membrane thickness by hand application provided a demonstration on a test section shows the Applicator is able to meet the specified tolerances, and is acceptable to the Engineer. Similar test section allowance requirements will apply to mechanical applicator systems,
- Addition of requirements for taking measurements of ambient air and dew point temperatures and that no primer or membrane applications shall be allowed if the difference between these two temperatures is 5° F or less, and
- Addition of language clarifying that all components shall be from the same batch as identified on original packaging (barrels, etc), or be discarded no mixing of like material from different batches shall be allowed.

SECTION 1.02 – PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

1.02.01—Contract Bidding and Award:

After the first sentence of the third paragraph, add the Following:

In accordance with the provisions of the Construction Contract Bidding and Award Manual, bidders must be prequalified for <u>(Group 9, Intermediate Bridges)</u>, to be eligible to bid on this project. Bidders that are not prequalified for this work classification will not be approved to bid on this project.

SECTION 1.05 - CONTROL OF THE WORK

Add the following to the beginning of the first paragraph of Article 1.05.12:

1.05.12—Payrolls: The Contractor and all subcontractors shall use *AASHTOWare Project*® software in accordance with Article 1.05.25, with a Department-provided template, or by other means previously accepted by the Department, to electronically upload all Project payrolls, as directed herein.

Add the following to the end of Article 1.05.12:

These requirements shall be included in all subcontracts for this Project.

All costs for these requirements shall be included in the general cost of the work.

Add the following new Article 1.05.25:

1.05.25—Use of *AASHTOWare Project*® **Software:** The Contractor and all subcontractor(s) shall use the *AASHTOWare Project*® software for electronic submittal of all payrolls as outlined in the Department's AASHTOWare Contractor's User Manual, found at the Department's, <u>Contractor and Subcontractor Training Guides and Videos</u> webpage, and as stated in the specifications.

The Contractor and all subcontractor(s) shall use the *AASHTOWare Project*® software for monthly verification of project payments at all tiers, as outlined in the Department's AASHTOWare Contractor's User Manual, found at the Department's, <u>Contractor and Subcontractor Training Guides and Videos</u> webpage, and as stated in the specifications. The Department will inform the Contractor of other deliverables to be similarly submitted, as required.

Within 10 days of execution of the Contract, the Contractor shall submit the name(s) of the *AASHTOWare Software Project Liaison* and required staff that will be using the Department's software for this work. Similarly, within 10 days after the Contractor (or a subcontractor) enters into a subcontractor agreement to sublet any work, they shall submit the name(s) of their *AASHTOWare Software Project Liaison* and required staff that will be using the Department's software for this work. The Contractor and subcontractors shall immediately notify the Department of any change in Project staff authorized to access the AASHTOWare system or of a need to revise the Project Liaison.

Training materials, such as videos and written guides are available on the Department <u>website</u> for Contractor use. The Contractor and all subcontractors shall be responsible to train their staff.

This *AASHTOWare Project*® software will require that the Contractor and all subcontractor(s) provide their staff with access to the internet, using devices suitable for this work, at their own expense, throughout the duration of the Project. The Department has obtained licensing that allows the Contractor and subcontractors to access (from the internet) and use of the *AASHTOWare Project*[®] software. The Department will provide the Contractor and subcontractors and subcontractors to access the *AASHTOWare Project*[®] software, at no cost.

The Department shall not be held responsible for delays, lack of processing, or responses to submittals that do not follow the specified guidelines in the Department's AASHTOWare Contractor's User Manual, found at the Department's, <u>Contractor and Subcontractor Training</u> <u>Guides and Videos</u> webpage.

These requirements shall be included in all subcontracts for this Project.

All costs for these requirements shall be included in the general cost of the work.

SECTION 1.07 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Article 1.07.13 – Contractor's Responsibility for Adjacent Property, Facilities and Services is supplemented as follows:

The following company and representative shall be contacted by the Contractor to coordinate the protection of their utilities on this project 30 days prior to the start of any work on this project involving their utilities:

Mr. Britton Wilson District 1 Electrical Supervisor Department of Transportation Hartford, Connecticut (860) 566-3156/3157

Mr. Frank Gomes Cablevision of Connecticut 28 Cross Street Norwalk, CT 06851 (203) 750-5630

Ms. Lynne Delucia Frontier Communications 1441 North Colony Road Meriden, CT 06450 (860) 967-4389 Mr. Michael Cooley District 2 Electrical Supervisor Department of Transportation Colchester, Connecticut (860) 537-8942/8943

Mr. Kenneth Cook Eversource 107 Selden Street Berlin, CT 06037 (860) 978-5465

Mr. Mark Nieves United Illuminating 180 Marsh Hill Road Orange, CT 06477 (203) 687-9078

The following Department representative shall be contacted by the Inspector or Field Engineer to coordinate an inspection of the service entrance into the controller/flasher cabinet for controllers within the State right-of-way. When ready for inspection, the Contractor should be present for the release of the connection of electrical service. The local Building Department shall be contacted for electrical service inspections for controllers located on Town roads located within the respective municipality.

Property & Facilities Department of Transportation Newington, CT 06111 DOT.BUILDINGCODEINSP@CT.GOV

Please provide the electrical service request number provided by the power company. This is a Work Request (WR) Number provided by Eversource (formerly Northeast Utilities [CL&P]) or a Work Order Number provided by United Illuminating (UI). For State-owned traffic signals in Eversource territory, contact the Department's Traffic Electrical Unit to obtain the WR Number. For State-owned traffic signals in UI territory, contact the Department's Traffic Electrical Unit to obtain a Request for Metered Service to provide to UI to obtain the Work Order Number. The street address is required for release to local power companies (Groton Utilities or Wallingford Electric).

SECTION 1.08 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Add the following to the beginning of the first paragraph of Article 1.08.01:

1.08.01—Transfer of Work or Contract: The Contractor and all subcontractors shall use the *AASHTOWare Project*® software in accordance with Article 1.05.25, for monthly verification of project payments at all tiers, in accordance with the Department's AASHTOWare Contractor's User Manual, found at the Department's, <u>Contractor and Subcontractor Training Guides and Videos</u> webpage, and as stated in the specifications.

Add the following to the end of Article 1.08.01:

All costs for the requirements of this Article shall be included in the general cost of the work.

Article 1.08.04 - Limitation of Operations - Add the following:

In order to provide for traffic operations as outlined in the Special Provision "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic," the Contractor will not be permitted to perform any work which will interfere with the described traffic operations on all project roadways as follows:

Interstate 84

The Contractor shall not perform any work that will interfere with traffic operations during the below State observed Legal Holidays and Legal Holiday Periods.

A. On the following State observed Legal Holidays:

e	6
New Year's Day	Labor Day
Good Friday	Thanksgiving Day
Memorial Day	Christmas Day
Independence Day	-

- B. During the following Legal Holiday Periods:
 - i. When an above Legal Holiday is celebrated on a Sunday or Monday: From 6:00 a.m. the immediately preceding Friday to 6:00 a.m. the immediately following Tuesday.
 - ii. When an above Legal Holiday is celebrated on a Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday: From 6:00 a.m. the day before to 6:00 a.m. the day after, except Thanksgiving (see below for Thanksgiving specific restrictions).
 - iii. When an above Legal Holiday is celebrated on a Friday or Saturday: From 6:00 a.m. the immediately preceding Thursday to 6:00 a.m. the immediately following Monday.
 - iv. Thanksgiving: From 6:00 a.m. the Wednesday before to 6:00 a.m. the Monday after.

During all other times:

- A. The Contractor shall maintain and protect traffic as shown on the accompanying "Limitation of Operations" charts, which dictate the maximum number of lanes allowed to be closed and the allowable hours for implementing a rolling roadblock operation for each day of the week.
- B. The Contractor will be allowed to halt traffic for a period not to exceed 10 minutes to actively perform the demolition and erection of Bridge No. 00848, as approved by the Engineer, between 12:01 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. during all non-Legal Holiday Periods.
- C. The Contractor will be allowed to close I-84 between 9:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. during all non-Legal Holiday Periods and detour traffic for each closure. These closures will be allowed during the demolition and erection of Bridge No. 00848 and will occur simultaneously with the closure of Route 89. A maximum of 15 total closures will be allowed. Closures need not be consecutive day closures. Closures and dates shall be approved by the Engineer. Contractor shall maintain traffic via State Police or Flagger at the intersections of Route 89 and the On/Off Ramps during each closure.
- D. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 14 days in advance of the start of each I-84 closure.

I-84 EB Exit 72 On-Ramp and Off-Ramp, I-84 WB Exit 72 On-Ramp and Off-Ramp

Monday through Friday between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. & between 3:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m.

<u>Route 89</u>

Monday through Friday between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. & between 3:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday between 10:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

Additional Restrictions:

- A. The Contractor will be allowed to maintain an alternating one-way traffic operation controlled by Temporary Signalization for a duration not to exceed 530 consecutive days.
- B. The Contractor will be allowed to close U.S. Route 89 between 9:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. during all non-Legal Holiday Periods and detour traffic for each closure. These closures will be allowed during the demolition and erection of Bridge No. 00848 and will occur simultaneously with the closure of Interstate 84. A maximum of 15 closures will be allowed. Closures need not be consecutive day closures. Closures and dates shall be approved by the Engineer. Contractor shall maintain traffic via State Police or Flagger at the intersections of Route 89 and the On/Off Ramps during each closure.
- C. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 14 days in advance of the start of the U.S. Route 89 closure.

Additional Lane Closure Restrictions

It is anticipated that work on adjacent projects will be ongoing simultaneously with this project. The Contractor shall be aware of those projects and anticipate that coordination will be required to maintain proper traffic flow at all times on all project roadways, in a manner consistent with these specifications and acceptable to the Engineer.

The Contractor will not be allowed to perform any work that will interfere with traffic operations on a roadway when traffic operations are being restricted on that same roadway, unless there is at least a one mile clear area length where the entire roadway is open to traffic or the closures have been coordinated and are acceptable to the Engineer. The one mile clear area length shall be measured from the end of the first work area to the beginning of the signing pattern for the next work area.

Route I-84 EASTBOUND										
	Exit 68 Off Ramp									
To Mass State Line										
(M.P. 80.86 – 97.90) 3 Lane Section										
Hour Beginn-	Mon	Tue	Wed		Fri	Sat	Sun			
ing Mid	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
1 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
2 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
3 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
4 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
5 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			
6 AM	0	0	0	0	0	2	2*			
7 AM	0	0	0	0	0	2	2*			
8 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	2			
9 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
10 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
11 AM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1			
Noon	1	1	1	1	1	S	1			
1 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1			
2 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1			
3 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	1			
4 PM	0	0	0	0	0	s	1			
5 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	1			
6 PM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
7 PM	2	2	2	1	1	1	1			
8 PM	2	2	2	1	1	1	1			
9 PM	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
10 PM	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
11 PM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*			

Limitation of Operations Chart – Maximum Number of Lanes Allowed to be Closed and Hours Allowed for a Rolling Roadblock (RRB)

On Legal Holidays and within Legal Holiday Periods, all hours shall be '0.'

"0" = No closures allowed = all available travel lanes, including exit only lanes, climbing lanes, gore areas, and all available shoulder widths shall be open to traffic during this time period.

"S" = Shoulders are allowed to be closed = all available travel lanes, including exit only lanes, climbing lanes, and gore areas shall be open to traffic during this time period.

"1" = One lane closure is allowed. Adjacent shoulder(s) and/or gore areas may also be closed.

"2" = Two lane closure is allowed. Adjacent shoulder(s) and/or gore areas may also be closed.

"*" = The hours that a rolling roadblock may be implemented with the approval of the Engineer.

Closed and Hours Anowed										-		-			
Route I-84 EASTBOUND							Rou		4 WE			D			
Right Lane Drop W/O Exit 67					Exit 68 On Ramp										
To Exit 68 Off Ramp						To Mass State Line									
(M.P. 75.94 – 80.86)						(M.P. 80.86 – 97.90) 3 Lane Section									
3 Lane Section								3 L	ane S	ectioi	1				
Hour Beginn-	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Hour Beginn-	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
ing	WIOII	Tue	wea	Thu	111	Sat	Suii	ing	WIOII	Tue	wea	Thu	1.11	Sat	Suii
Mid	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	Mid	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
1 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	1 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
2 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
3 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	3 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
4 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	4 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
5 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	5 AM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*
6 AM	0	0	0	0	0	2	2*	6 AM	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
7 AM	0	0	0	0	0	2	2*	7 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
8 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
9 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10 AM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11 AM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1	11 AM	1	1	1	1	1	S	S
Noon	1	1	1	1	1	S	1	Noon	1	1	1	1	1	S	S
1 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1	1 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	S
2 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	1	2 PM	1	1	1	1	1	S	S
3 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	1	3 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	S
4 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	1	4 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	S
5 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	1	5 PM	0	0	0	0	0	S	S
6 PM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6 PM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7 PM	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	7 PM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8 PM	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	8 PM	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
9 PM	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	9 PM	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
10 PM	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	10 PM	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
11 PM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	11 PM	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*

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SECTION 1.10 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE

In Article 1.10.03-Water Pollution Control: REQUIRED BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Add the following after Required Best Management Practice Number 13:

14. The Contractor is hereby notified that the location of Project No. 0145-0106 occurs within a public watershed, aquifer protection area (APA) or sole source aquifer (SSA). When working in these sensitive resource areas, special requirements must be followed for cleaning machinery, using State property for staging areas, or storing of materials, and servicing/fueling equipment.

All Contractors and their employees must be informed of the sensitive resource area prior to mobilizing on-Site.

No pollutants, as defined in Connecticut General Statue (CGS) Sec. 22a-448 or the Clean Water Act Section 502: General Definitions (6), having adverse effects may be discharged within the public watershed, APA or SSA.

Reporting Requirements

Per CGS Sec. 22a-450-4: Reporting Requirements, any spills or releases of pollutants as defined that cannot be completely cleaned within two hours (regardless of volume) must be reported to Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CTDEEP) within one hour of the discovery by the Contractor.

An unknown material discovery may qualify as a spill or release under the reporting requirements. It is the Contractor's responsibility to review and understand the nuances of the reporting thresholds requirements of CGS 22a-450-4.

All reportable spills or releases as defined are to be reported by the Contractor to the CTDEEP Emergency Response and Spill Prevention Division (ERSPD) at (860) 424-3338 or toll free at 1-866-337-7745 (1-866-DEPSPIL) and Connecticut Water at (800) 286-5700, **no exceptions**.

When working within the Pootatuck SSA in Newtown, which encompasses areas in Monroe and Easton or within the Pawcatuck SSA in North Stonington, which encompasses areas in Sterling, Stonington and Voluntown, Kira Jacobs from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 1 Office must be contacted at (617) 918 -1817.

In all instances, if a fire or explosion danger exists, the Contractor shall immediately stop all hot work, evacuate the area, call 911, and proceed with other required actions. Calling 911 does not eliminate the need to contact the Project Engineer and CTDEEP.

Required Best Management Practice

- A. All Contractors must adhere to specialized cleanup procedures while working within the public watershed, APA or SSA.
 - i. The cleaning of all machinery is not to be performed within fifty (50) feet of any wetland or water body within the sensitive resource area.
 - ii. For cleanup associated with pavers, material transfer vehicles (MTV) and concrete mixers, the Contractor must move the equipment off-line and discharge into a self-contained system. The self-contained system must be in an acceptable condition and maintained to the satisfaction of the Engineer, as to prevent liquids and solids from permeating through to the ground beneath or adjacent surface areas. The cleanup area must have oil absorbent pads placed within the self-contained system. The equipment must be cleaned over the absorbent pads in a manner that will allow the pads to collect any liquids that are used for cleanup.
 - iii. For cleanup associated with dump trucks, a liquid tight five-gallon pail must be placed at each corner of the dump body below the lower hinges to capture any materials generated during the cleanup.
- B. All materials generated during the cleanup procedures must be removed off-Site at the end of each day and disposed of in a manner consistent with all applicable laws and regulations. These materials shall not be reused within the Project limits or disposed of on State property.
- C. Servicing and fueling of equipment must be conducted outside of a public watershed, APA, or SSA. If the Contractor cannot conduct work outside of these sensitive resource areas, they must coordinate with the Engineer and comply with the following:
 - i. Provide a plan sheet identifying the location of the fuel and/or hazardous materials in the Spill Prevention and Remediation Plan for the Engineers review and acceptance. Fuel and/or hazardous materials must be enclosed within spill proof container throughout the Project duration.
 - Spill containment systems used during fueling operations shall be manufactured by Sentry Lite Berms, Collapse-a-tainer, or approved equal accepted by the Engineer. The spill containment system must have a minimum capacity of 80-gallons and shall be made of plastic or vinyl that is impermeable for all fuel types.
 - iii. Fuel spill remediation kits must be stored on-Site and identified in the Spill Prevention and Remediation Plan for the Engineers review and acceptance.
- D. When working within a public watershed, APA, and/or SSA, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer the desired location of trailer(s), construction staging/laydown areas,

containment systems, and sedimentation control systems to the Engineer for review and acceptance prior to the start of construction.

E. Millings may be re-used as asphalt material within the roadway. Disposal of excess millings must be off-Site in a manner consistent with all applicable laws and regulations. At no time can millings be placed, dumped, or buried outside of the roadway limits or within State property.

Attached herein is a copy of the sensitive resource areas map identifying the public watershed, APA or SSA locations within the Project limits. The resource areas map shall be posted in the Contractor's and CTDOT inspector's field offices.

15. The Contractor is hereby notified that one or more State and/or federally listed species of bat has been documented within the Project limits. In Connecticut, the Eastern small-footed bat (*Myotis leibii*), tri-colored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*), little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), Northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) and the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) are listed as State endangered; while the silver-haired bat (*Lasionycteris noctivagans*), hoary bat (*Lasiurus cinereus*) and the red bat (*Lasiurus borealis*) are listed as State species of special concern. The Northern long-eared bat, tri-colored bat, and the Indiana bat are also federally listed endangered species. Bats are the only mammals capable of actual flight and are primarily nocturnal. During the daylight, bats roost in trees and caves, but many have now adapted to roost in or on buildings including barns, houses, tunnels, and bridges. Within the Project limits, bats will use the snags, cavities, and underside of bark to roost and raise young. **This Project will have a Time of Year restriction for tree clearing, trimming and removal to protect the bat species listed**.

The Contractor shall, through the Engineer and at least 10 days prior to the commencement of any construction activities, arrange a meeting with the District Environmental Coordinator (DEC) and Office of Environmental Planning (OEP) (or their authorized delegate) to discuss proper protocol for maintaining environmental commitments made for the protection of these bat species and their habitat. OEP will provide oversight through the DEC and Engineer to ensure that the following protocols are followed and maintained during the Project:

- a. The Contractor, through the Engineer, shall arrange a pre-construction tree-clearing Site walk to review all trees proposed to be removed for the Project.
- b. Clearing, trimming or removal of any tree three (3) inches diameter at breast height (DBH) or greater will be prohibited between April 15 and October 31.
- c. This restriction shall also apply to invasive species removal work and shall be reflected in the Contractor's Invasive Vegetation Removal Plan, if applicable.

These practices will be applied to the entire Project unless a specified location is identified within the Project plans, which denotes specific areas of concern.

If any bats are observed in or around the Project area, the Engineer will notify the DEC to facilitate further coordination with OEP's Environmental Resource Compliance Unit. If the

DEC is unable to be reached, notify OEP at <u>Andrew.Piraneo@ct.gov</u> or at <u>Marilyn.Gould@ct.gov</u>.

The OEP will be responsible for completing and submitting the Natural Diversity Data Base (NDDB) Vertebrate Sheet (<u>https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Endangered-Species/Contributing-Data</u>). This completed document allows CTDEEP to update their database.

All listed bat species are protected by federal and/or State laws which prohibit killing, harming, taking, harassing, or keeping them in your possession. A CTDEEP fact sheet(s) for the listed bats noted above shall be posted in the Contractor's and Inspection field offices and can be downloaded at the link below.

CTDEEP's Fact Sheet for Bats: https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/DEEP/wildlife/pdf_files/outreach/fact_sheets/Bats.pdf

SECTION 8.22 TEMPORARY TRAFFIC BARRIER

Article 8.22.02 Materials is amended as follows:

Replace the third sentence with the following:

"The delineator shall be 5 inches in width by 8 inches in height and the retroreflective sheeting shall be Type XI."

Article 8.22.03 Construction Methods is amended as follows:

Revise **4. Delineator** *as follows:*

After the sentence that begins "DE-7D…" add the following:

" DE-7E (white with red on the back side) delineators shall be used when barrier on limited access highway off ramps is on the right side of traffic.

DE-7F (yellow with red on the back side) delineators shall be used when barrier on limited access highway off ramps is on the left side of traffic."

Replace the last sentence (regarding spacing) with the following:

"Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, spacing of delineators shall be as follows:

For alternating one-way traffic, every 20 feet

For off ramps, every 20 feet

On curves with radius of 1000 feet or less, every 20 feet

On the leading taper, every 20 feet

On the first 100 feet of parallel section, every 20 feet

On the remaining length not specified above, every 100 feet"

SECTION 12.00 – GENERAL CLAUSES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING

Description:

Work under this item shall conform to the requirements of Section 12.00 supplemented as follows:

12.00.07 – Global Positioning System (GPS) coordinates for signs:

The Contractor shall obtain and provide to the Engineer sign installation data, including Global Positioning System (GPS) latitude and longitude coordinates, for all new permanent State owned and maintained signs (temporary and construction signs are not to be included) installed in the project. The Engineer shall forward the sign data to the Division of Traffic Engineering for upload into the Highway Sign Inventory and Maintenance Management Program (SIMS). Sign data submissions or questions relating to SIMS or GPS shall be sent to <u>DOT-SignInventory@ct.gov</u>.

The horizontal datum is to be set to the State Plane Coordinate System, North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83) in feet. The minimum tolerance must be within 10 feet. The format of the GPS information shall be provided in a Microsoft Office compatible spreadsheet (Excel) file with data for each sign. The record for each sign installed is to be compatible with the anticipated CTDOT Sign Inventory and Management System (CTSIMS). The following format shall be used. However, the data fields noted by "#" are not required for the project submission. These entries will be completed as part of the Traffic Engineering CTSIMS data upload.

The cost of this work shall be included in the cost of the respective sign face – sheet aluminum and sign face – extruded aluminum items. The receipt of this electronic database must be received and accepted by the Engineer prior to final payment for items involving permanent highway signing. The electronic database information shall detail information regarding the sign actually installed by the project.

Field Number	Туре	size	Description
1	text	20	Record Number (starting at 1)
2	text	20	Sign Catalog Number
# 3	text	10	Size Height
# 4	text	10	Size Width
5	text	25	Legend
# 6	text	10	Background Color
# 7	text	10	Copy Color
8	Link	25	Material (see acceptable categories)
9	text	30	Comments if any
# 10	text	20	MUTCD Type
11	text	15	Town

	12	text	5	Route
	13	text	5	Route direction
#	14	text	10	Highway Log Mileage
	15	text	15	Latitude
	16	text	15	Longitude
	17	text	25	Mounting Type
	18	text	25	Reflective Sheeting Type
	19	date	25	Date Installed
	20	text	10	Number of Posts
	21	text	255	Sheeting Manufacturer name and address
	22	text	15	State Project Number (or)
	23	text	15	Encroachment Permit number.
	24	Graphic	*	Sign Picture Graphic.

* Graphics provided shall be representative of the sign supplied and be in color. Graphic formats shall be either JPG or TIFF and provided with a recommended pixel density of 800×600 . The graphic shall be inserted in the supplied media in field 24 for each sign.

D.B.E. SUBCONTRACTORS AND MATERIAL SUPPLIERS OR MANUFACTURERS

January 2013

I. ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS AS USED IN THIS SPECIAL PROVISION

A. *CTDOT* means the Connecticut Department of Transportation.

B. USDOT means the U.S. Department of Transportation, including the Office of the Secretary, the Federal Highway Administration ("FHWA"), the Federal Transit Administration ("FTA"), and the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA").

C. *Broker* means a party acting as an agent for others in negotiating Contracts, Agreements, purchases, sales, etc., in return for a fee or commission.

D. *Contract, Agreement or Subcontract* means a legally binding relationship obligating a seller to furnish supplies or services (including but not limited to, construction and professional services) and the buyer to pay for them. For the purposes of this provision, a lease for equipment or products is also considered to be a Contract.

E. *Contractor* means a consultant, second party or any other entity under Contract to do business with CTDOT or, as the context may require, with another Contractor.

F. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise ("DBE") means a for profit small business concern:

- 1. That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more individuals who are both socially and economically disadvantaged or, in the case of a corporation, in which 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more such individuals; and
- 2. Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it; and
- 3. Certified by CTDOT under Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, (Title 49 CFR Part 23 of the Code of Federal Regulations for Participation of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Airport Concessions)

G. *USDOT-assisted Contract* means any Contract between CTDOT and a Contractor (at any tier) funded in whole or in part with USDOT financial assistance.

H. *Good Faith Efforts ("GFE")* means all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement which by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, can reasonably be expected to fulfill the program requirement.

I. *Small Business Concern* means, with respect to firms seeking to participate as DBEs in USDOT-assisted Contracts, a small business concern as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and Small Business Administration ("SBA") regulations implementing it (13 CFR Part 121) that also does not exceed the cap on average annual gross receipts in 49 CFR Part 26, Section 26.65(b).

J. Socially and Economically Disadvantaged Individual means any individual who is a citizen (or lawfully admitted permanent resident) of the United States and who is:

- 1. Any individual who CTDOT finds, on a case-by-case basis, to be a socially and economically disadvantaged individual.
- 2. Any individuals in the following groups, members of which are rebuttably presumed to be socially and economically disadvantaged:
 - "Black Americans", which includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;
 - "Hispanic Americans", which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Central or South American, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race;
 - "Native Americans", which includes persons who are American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians.
 - "Asian-Pacific Americans", which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Burma (Myanmar), Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, Macao, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Juvalu, Nauru, or Federated States of Micronesia;
 - "Subcontinent Asian Americans", which includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, Nepal or Sri Lanka;
 - Women;
 - Any additional groups whose members are designated as socially and economically disadvantaged by the SBA, at such time as the SBA designation becomes effective.

K. *Commercially Useful Function ("CUF")* means the DBE is responsible for the execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved with its own forces and equipment. The DBE must be responsible for procuring, determining quantity, negotiating price, determining quality and paying for all materials (where applicable) associated with their work. The DBE must also perform at least 30% of the total cost of its contract with its own workforce.

II. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements

A DBE goal percentage equaling ____9_ percent (%) of the Contract value has been established for this Contract. This DBE goal percentage will be applied to the final Contract value to ultimately determine the required DBE goal. If additional work is required, DBE firms should be provided the appropriate opportunities to achieve the required DBE goal.

In order to receive credit toward the Contract DBE goal, the firms utilized as DBE subcontractors or suppliers must be certified as DBEs in the type of work to be counted for credit by CTDOT's Office of Contract Compliance prior to the date of the execution of the subcontract. Neither CTDOT nor the State of Connecticut's Unified Certification Program (UCP) makes any representation as to any DBE's technical or financial ability to perform the work. Prime contractors are solely responsible for performing due diligence in hiring DBE subcontractors.

All DBEs shall perform a CUF for the work that is assigned to them. The Contractor shall monitor and ensure that the DBE is in compliance with this requirement. The Connecticut DBE UPC Directory of certified firms can

be found on the CTDOT website http://www.ct.gov/dot. The directory lists certified DBE firms with a description of services that they are certified to perform. Only work identified in this listing may be counted towards the project's DBE goal. A DBE firm may request to have services added at any time by contacting CTDOT's Office of Contract Compliance. No credit shall be counted for any DBE firm found not to be performing a CUF.

Once a Contract is awarded, all DBEs that were listed on the pre-award DBE commitment document must be utilized. The Contractor is obligated to provide the value and items of the work originally established in the pre-award documentation to the DBE firms listed in the pre-award documentation. Any modifications to the pre-award commitment must follow the procedure established in Section II-C.

The Contractor shall designate a liaison officer who will administer the Contractor's DBE program. Upon execution of this Contract, the name of the liaison officer shall be furnished in writing to CTDOT's unit administering the Contract, CTDOT's Office of Contract Compliance and CTDOT's Office of Construction ("OOC"). Contact information for the designated liaison officer shall be furnished no later than the scheduled date for the pre-construction meeting.

The Contractor shall submit a bi-monthly report to the appropriate CTDOT unit administering the Contract. This report shall indicate what work has been performed to date, with the dollars paid and percentage of DBE goal completed.

Verified payments made to DBEs shall be included in this bi-monthly report. A sample form is included on the CTDOT website.

In addition, the report shall include:

- 1. A projected time frame of when the remaining work is to be completed for each DBE.
- 2. A statement by the Contractor either confirming that the approved DBEs are on schedule to meet the Contract goal, or that the Contractor is actively pursuing a GFE.
- 3. If retainage is specified in the Contract specifications, then a statement of certification that the subcontractors' retainage is being released in accordance with 1.08.01 (Revised or supplemented).

Failure by the Contractor to provide the required reports may result in CTDOT withholding an amount equal to one percent (1%) of the monthly estimate until the required documentation is received.

The Contractor shall receive DBE credit when a DBE, or any combination of DBEs, perform work under the Contract in accordance with this specification.

Only work actually performed by and/or services provided by DBEs which are certified for such work and/or services, as verified by CTDOT, can be counted toward the DBE goal. Supplies and equipment a DBE purchases or leases from the Contractor or its affiliate cannot be counted toward the goal.

Monitoring of the CUF will occur by CTDOT throughout the life of the project. If it is unclear that the DBE is performing the work specified in its subcontract with the prime Contractor, further review may be required. If it is determined that the DBE is not performing a CUF, then the work performed by that DBE will not be counted towards the DBE goal percentage.

B. Subcontract Requirements

The Contractor shall submit to CTDOT's OOC all requests for subcontractor approvals on the standard CLA-12 forms provided by CTDOT. The dollar amount and items of work identified on the CLA-12 form must, at minimum, equal the dollar value submitted in the pre-award commitment. CLA-12 forms can be found at http://www.ct.gov/dot/construction under the "Subcontractor Approval" section. All DBE subcontractors must be identified on the CLA-12 form, regardless of whether they are being utilized to meet a Contract goal percentage. A copy of the legal Contract between the Contractor and the DBE subcontractor/supplier, a copy of the Title VI Contractor Assurances and a copy of the Required Contract Provision for Federal Aid Construction Contracts (Form FHWA-1273) (Federal Highway Administration projects only) must be submitted along with a request for subcontractor approval. These attachments cannot be substituted by reference.

If retainage is specified in the Contract specifications, then the subcontract agreement must contain a prompt payment mechanism that acts in accordance with Article 1.08.01 (Revised or supplemented).

If the Contract specifications do not contain a retainage clause, the Contractor shall not include a retainage clause in any subcontract agreement, and in this case, if a Contractor does include a retainage clause, it shall be deemed unenforceable.

In addition, the following documents are to be included with the CLA-12, if applicable:

- An explanation indicating who will purchase material.
- A statement explaining any method or arrangement for utilization of the Contractor's equipment.

The subcontract must show items of work to be performed, unit prices and, if a partial item, the work involved by all parties. If the subcontract items of work or unit prices are modified, the procedure established in Section II-C must be followed.

Should a DBE subcontractor further sublet items of work assigned to it, only lower tier subcontractors who are certified as a DBE firm will be counted toward the DBE goal. If the lower tier subcontractor is a non-DBE firm, the value of the work performed by that firm will not be counted as credit toward the DBE goal.

The use of joint checks between a DBE firm and the Contractor is acceptable, provided that written approval is received from the OOC prior to the issuance of any joint check. Should it become necessary to issue a joint check between the DBE firm and the Contractor to purchase materials, the DBE firm must be responsible for negotiating the cost, determining the quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable), and administering the payment to the supplier. The Contractor should not make payment directly to suppliers.

Each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor must contain the following assurance:

"The subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor/subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate."

C. Modification to Pre-Award Commitment

Contractors may not terminate for convenience any DBE subcontractor or supplier that was listed on the preaward DBE commitment without prior written approval of the OOC. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Prior to approval, the Contractor must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the OOC, that it has good cause, as found in 49CFR Part 26.53 (f)(3), for termination of the DBE firm.

Before transmitting its request for approval to terminate pre-award DBE firms to the OOC, the Contractor must give written notice to the DBE subcontractor and include a copy to the OOC of its notice to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the notice.

The Contractor must provide five (5) days for the affected DBE firm to respond. This affords the DBE firm the opportunity to advise the OOC and the Contractor of any reasons why it objects to the termination of its subcontract and why the OOC should not approve the Contractor's action.

Once the Contract is awarded, should there be any amendments or modifications of the approved pre-award DBE submission other than termination of a DBE firm, the Contractor shall follow the procedure below that best meets the criteria associated with the reason for modification:

- 1. If the change is due to a scope of work revision or non-routine quantity revision by CTDOT, the Contractor must notify CTDOT's OOC in writing or via electronic mail that their DBE participation on the project may be impacted as soon as they are aware of the change. In this case, a release of work from the DBE firm may not be required; however the Contractor must concurrently notify the DBE firm in writing, and copy the OOC for inclusion in the project DBE file. This does not relieve the Contractor of its obligation to meet the Contract specified DBE goal, or of any other responsibility found in this specification.
- 2. If the change is due to a factor other than a CTDOT directive, a request for approval in writing or via electronic mail of the modification from the OOC must be submitted, along with an explanation of the change(s), prior to the commencement of work. The Contractor must also obtain a letter of release from the originally named DBE indicating their concurrence with the change, and the reason(s) for their inability to perform the work. In the event a release cannot be obtained, the Contractor must document all efforts made to obtain it.
- 3. In the event a DBE firm that was listed in the pre-award documents is **unable** or **unwilling** to perform the work assigned, the Contractor shall:
 - Notify the OOC Division Chief immediately and make efforts to obtain a release of work from the firm.
 - Submit documentation that will provide a basis for the change to the OOC for review and approval prior to the implementation of the change.
 - Use the DBE Directory to identify and contact firms certified to perform the type of work that was assigned to the unable or unwilling DBE firm. The Contractor should also contact CTDOT's Office of Contract Compliance for assistance in locating additional DBE firms to the extent needed to meet the contract goal.

Should a DBE subcontractor be terminated or fail to complete work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor must make a GFE to find another DBE subcontractor to substitute for the original DBE. The DBE replacement shall be given every opportunity to perform at least the same amount of work under the Contract as the original DBE subcontractor.

If the Contractor is unable to find a DBE replacement:

- The Contractor should identify other contracting opportunities and solicit DBE firms in an effort to meet the Contract DBE goal requirement, if necessary, and provide documentation to support a GFE. (Refer to GFE in Section III.)
- The Contractor must demonstrate that the originally named DBE, who is unable or unwilling to perform the work assigned, is in default of its subcontract, or identify other issues that affected the DBE firm's ability to perform the assigned work. The Contractor's ability to negotiate a more advantageous agreement with another subcontractor is not a valid basis for change.

III. GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

The DBE goal is **NOT** reduced or waived for projects where the Contractor receives a Pre-Award GFE determination from the Office of Contract Compliance prior to the award of the Contract. It remains the responsibility of the Contractor to make a continuing GFE to achieve the specified Contract DBE goal. The Contractor shall pursue every available opportunity to obtain additional DBE firms and document all efforts made in such attempts.

At the completion of all Contract work, the Contractor shall submit a final report to CTDOT's unit administering the Contract indicating the work done by and the dollars paid to DBEs. Only verified payments made to DBEs performing a CUF will be counted towards the Contract goal.

Goal attainment is based on the total Contract value, which includes all construction orders created during the Contract. If the Contractor does not achieve the specified Contract goal for DBE participation or has not provided the value of work to the DBE firms originally committed to in the pre-award submission, the Contractor shall submit documentation to CTDOT's unit administering the Contract detailing the GFE made during the performance of the Contract to satisfy the goal.

A GFE should consist of the following, where applicable (CTDOT reserves the right to request additional information):

- 1. A detailed statement of the efforts made to replace an unable or unwilling DBE firm, and a description of any additional subcontracting opportunities that were identified and offered to DBE firms in order to increase the likelihood of achieving the stated goal.
- 2. A detailed statement, including documentation of the efforts made to contact and solicit bids from certified DBEs, including the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each DBE firm contacted; the date of contact and a description of the information provided to each DBE regarding the scope of services and anticipated time schedule of work items proposed to be subcontracted and the response from firms contacted.
- 3. Provide a detailed explanation for each DBE that submitted a subcontract proposal which the Contractor considered to be unacceptable stating the reason(s) for this conclusion.
- 4. Provide documentation, if any, to support contacts made with CTDOT requesting assistance in satisfying the specified Contract goal.

- 5. Provide documentation of all other efforts undertaken by the Contractor to meet the defined goal. Additional documentation of efforts made to obtain DBE firms may include but will not be limited to:
 - Negotiations held in good faith with interested DBE firms, not rejecting them without sound reasons.
 - Written notice provided to a reasonable number of specific DBE firms in sufficient time to allow effective participation.
 - Those portions of work that could be performed by readily available DBE firms.

In instances where the Contractor can adequately document or substantiate its GFE and compliance with other DBE Program requirements, the Contractor will have satisfied the DBE requirement and no administrative remedies will be imposed.

IV. PROJECT COMPLETION

At the completion of all Contract work, the Contractor shall:

- 1. Submit a final report to CTDOT's unit administering the Contract indicating the work done by, and the dollars paid to DBEs.
- 2. Submit verified payments made to all DBE subcontractors for the work that was completed.
- 3. Submit documentation detailing any changes to the DBE pre-award subcontractors that have not met the original DBE pre-award commitment, including copies of the Department's approvals of those changes.
- 4. Retain all records for a period of three (3) years following acceptance by CTDOT of the Contract and those records shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of CTDOT and Federal agencies. If any litigation, claim, or audit is started before the expiration of the three (3) year period, the records shall be retained until all litigation, claims, or audit findings involving the records are resolved.

If the Contractor does not achieve the specified Contract goal for DBE participation in addition to meeting the dollar value committed to the DBE subcontractors identified in the pre-award commitment, the Contractor shall submit documentation to CTDOT`s unit administering the Contract detailing the GFE made during the performance of the Contract to satisfy the goal.

V. SHORTFALLS

A. Failure to meet DBE goals

As specified in (II-A) above, attainment of the Contract DBE goal is based on the final Contract value. The Contractor is expected to achieve the amount of DBE participation originally committed to at the time of award; however, additional efforts must be made to provide opportunities to DBE firms in the event a Contract's original value is increased during the life of the Contract.

The Contractor is expected to utilize the DBE subcontractors originally committed in the DBE pre-award documentation for the work and dollar value that was originally assigned.

If a DBE is terminated or is unable or unwilling to complete its work on a Contract, the Contractor shall make a GFE to replace that DBE with another certified DBE to meet the Contract goal.

The Contractor shall immediately notify the OOC of the DBE's inability or unwillingness to perform, and provide reasonable documentation and make efforts to obtain a release of work from the firm.

If the Contractor is unable to find a DBE replacement, then the Contractor should identify other contracting opportunities and solicit DBE firms in an effort to meet the Contract DBE goal requirement, if necessary, and provide documentation to support a GFE.

When a DBE is unable or unwilling to perform, or is terminated for just cause, the Contractor shall make a GFE to find other DBE opportunities to increase DBE participation to the extent necessary to at least satisfy the Contract goal.

For any DBE pre-award subcontractor that has been released appropriately from the project, no remedy will be assessed, provided that the Contractor has met the criteria described in Section II-C.

B. Administrative Remedies for Non-Compliance:

In cases where the Contractor has failed to meet the Contract specified DBE goal or the DBE pre-award commitment, and where no GFE has been demonstrated, then one or more of the following administrative remedies will be applied:

- 1. A reduction in Contract payments to the Contractor as determined by CTDOT, not to exceed the shortfall amount of the **DBE goal**. The maximum shortfall will be calculated by multiplying the Contract DBE goal (adjusted by any applicable GFE) by the final Contract value, and subtracting any verified final payments made to DBE firms by the Contractor.
- 2. A reduction in Contract payments to the Contractor determined by CTDOT, not to exceed the shortfall amount of the **pre-award commitment**. The maximum shortfall will be calculated by subtracting any verified final payments made by the Contractor to each DBE subcontractor from the amount originally committed to that subcontractor in the pre-award commitment.
- 3. A reduction in Contract payments to the Contractor determined by CTDOT for any pre-award DBE subcontractor who has not obtained the dollar value of work identified in the DBE pre-award commitment and has not followed the requirements of Section II-C or for any DBE firm submitted for DBE credit that has not performed a CUF.
- 4. The Contractor being required to submit a written DBE Program Corrective Action Plan to CTDOT for review and approval, which is aimed at ensuring compliance on future projects.
- 5. The Contractor being required to attend a Non-Responsibility Meeting on the next contract where it is the apparent low bidder.
- 6. The Contractor being suspended from bidding on contracts for a period not to exceed six (6) months.

VI. CLASSIFICATIONS OTHER THAN SUBCONTRACTORS

A. Material Manufacturers

Credit for DBE manufacturers is 100% of the value of the manufactured product. A manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

If the Contractor elects to utilize a DBE manufacturer to satisfy a portion of, or the entire specified DBE goal, the Contractor must provide the OOC with:

- Subcontractor Approval Form (CLA-12) indicating the firm designation,
- An executed "Affidavit for the Utilization of Material Suppliers or Manufacturers" (sample attached), and
- Substantiation of payments made to the supplier or manufacturer for materials used on the project.

B. Material Suppliers (Dealers)

Credit for DBE dealers/suppliers is limited to 60% of the value of the material to be supplied, provided such material is obtained from an approved DBE dealer/supplier.

In order for a firm to be considered a regular dealer, the firm must own, operate, or maintain a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. At least one of the following criteria must apply:

- To be a regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.
- A person may be a regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating or maintaining a place of business if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of the regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by long term lease agreement, and not on an ad hoc or contract to contract basis.
- Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not regular dealers within the meaning of this paragraph.

If the Contractor elects to utilize a DBE supplier to satisfy a portion or the entire specified DBE goal, the Contractor must provide the OOC with:

- Subcontractor Approval Form (CLA-12) indicating the firm designation,
- An executed "Affidavit for the Utilization of Material Suppliers or Manufacturers" (sample attached), and
- Substantiation of payments made to the supplier or manufacturer for materials used on the project.

C. Brokering

- Brokering of work for DBE firms who have been listed by the Department as certified brokers is allowed. Credit for those firms shall be applied following the procedures in Section VI-D.
- Brokering of work by DBEs who have been approved to perform subcontract work with their own workforce and equipment is not allowed, and is a Contract violation.

• Firms involved in the brokering of work, whether they are DBEs and/or majority firms who engage in willful falsification, distortion or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project shall be referred to the U.S. DOT, Office of the Inspector General for prosecution under Title 18, U.S. Code, Part I, Chapter 47, Section 1020.

D. Non-Manufacturing or Non-Supplier DBE Credit

Contractors may count towards their DBE goals the following expenditures with DBEs that are not manufacturers or suppliers:

- Reasonable fees or commissions charged for providing a <u>bona fide</u> service such as professional, technical, consultant or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment materials or supplies necessary for the performance of the Contract, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the OOC to be reasonable and consistent with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- The fees charged only for delivery of materials and supplies required on a job site when the hauler, trucker, or delivery service is a DBE, and not the manufacturer, or regular dealer of the materials and supplies, and provided that the fees are determined by the OOC to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- The fees or commissions charged for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of the Contract, provided that the fees or commissions are determined by CTDOT to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

E. Trucking

While technically still considered a subcontractor, the rules for counting credit for DBE trucking firms are as follows:

- The DBE must own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the Contract.
- The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the Contract using trucks it owns, insures and operates using drivers it employs.
- The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the Contract.
- The DBE may lease trucks from a non-DBE firm; however the DBE may only receive credit for any fees or commissions received for arranging transportation services provided by the non-DBE firms. Additionally, the DBE firm must demonstrate that they are in full control of the trucking operation for which they are seeking credit.

VII. Suspected DBE Fraud

In appropriate cases, CTDOT will bring to the attention of the USDOT any appearance of false, fraudulent, or dishonest conduct in connection with the DBE program, so that USDOT can take the steps, e.g. referral to the

Department of Justice for criminal prosecution, referral to USDOT Inspector General, action under suspension and debarment or Program Fraud and Civil Penalties rules provided in 49 CFR Part 31.

CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION) **BUREAU OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION**

This affidavit must be completed by the State Contractor's DBE notarized and attached to the contractor's request to utilize a DBE supplier or manufacturer as a credit towards its DBE contract requirements; failure to do so will result in not receiving credit towards the contract DBE requirement.

State Contract No.				
Federal Aid Project No.				
Description of Project	, acting in behalf of			
(Name of person signing Affidavit) of which I am the (Title of Person)		(DRF person firm assoc	viation or corporation)	
is a certified Connecticut Department of Transpo 26.55(e)(2), as the same may be revised.	ortation DBE. I further c	(DBE person, firm, assoc ertify and affirm that I hav	re read and understand 4	49 CFR, Sec.
I further certify and affirm that(DI			will assume the actual a	and
(DI for the provision of the materials and/or supplies				
If a manufacturer, I operate or maintain a factory under the contract an of the general character des			terials, supplies, articles o	r equipment required
If a supplier, I perform a commercially useful fur equipment for bulk items. Any supplementing or contract basis.				
I understand that false statements made herein ar	e punishable by Law (Sec.	53a-157), CGS, as revised).		
(Name of Corporation or Firm)				
(Signature & Title of Official makin	ng the Affidavit)			
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this	lay of	20		

Notary Public (Commissioner of the Superior Court)

My Commission Expires

seal; that

CERTIFICATE OF CORPORATION

I, _____, certify that I am the _____ (Official) (President) of the Corporation named in the foregoing instrument; that I have been duly authorized to affix the seal of the Corporation to such papers as require the , who signed said instrument on behalf of the Corporation, was then of said

corporation; that said instrument was duly signed for and in behalf of said Corporation by authority of its governing body and is within the scope of its corporation powers.

(Signature of Person Certifying)

(Date)

ITEM 0020801A – ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

Description:

Work under this item shall include the abatement of asbestos containing materials (ACM) and associated work by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, trained and licensed in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of ACM and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. ACM shall include material composed of any type of asbestos in amounts greater than one percent (1%) by weight. The Contractor performing this work shall possess a valid Asbestos Abatement Contractor license issued by the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CTDPH).

These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb asbestos containing materials. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the OSHA General Industry Standard for Asbestos (29 CFR 1926.1001), the OSHA Asbestos in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.1101), the USEPA Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Regulations (40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M), the CTDPH Standards for Asbestos Abatement, Licensure and Training (19a-332a-1 through 16, 20-440-1 through 9 & 20-441), and the CTDEEP Special Waste Disposal Regulations (22a-209-8(i)).

The asbestos abatement work shall include the removal and disposal of all ACM as identified on the Contract Plans and Specifications prior to the planned renovation/demolition project.

Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer.

Materials:

All materials shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description.

No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with asbestos, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as asbestos-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating four (4) or six (6) mil thickness.

Six (6) mil polyethylene disposable bags shall have pre-printed OSHA/EPA/DOT labels and shall be transparent.

Tape (or equivalent) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.

Surfactant is a chemical wetting agent added to water to improve penetration and shall consist of fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ether and fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ester, or

equivalent. The surfactant shall be mixed with water to provide a concentration one (1) ounce surfactant to five (5) gallons of water, or as directed by the manufacturer.

Spray equipment must be capable of mixing necessary chemical agents with water, generating sufficient pressure and volume; and equipped with adequate hose length to access all necessary work areas.

Drills, saws, sanders, grinders, wire brushes and needle-gun type removal equipment shall be equipped with a High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuum dust collection system.

Containers for storage, transportation and disposal of asbestos containing waste material shall be impermeable and both air and watertight.

Labels and warning signs shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101, USEPA 40 CFR Part 61.152, and USDOT 49 CFR Part 172 as appropriate.

Encapsulant, a material used to chemically entrap asbestos fibers to prevent these fibers from becoming airborne, shall be of the type which has been approved by the Engineer. Use shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed technical data. The encapsulant shall be clear and must be compatible with new materials being installed, if any.

Any planking, bracing, shoring, barricades and/or temporary sheet piling, necessary to appropriately perform work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with HEPA filters.

Construction Methods:

(1) **Pre-Abatement Submittals and Notices**

- (a) The scope of work for this project includes the removal of exterior non-friable ACM, which is not defined as "Asbestos Abatement" under the CTDPH Asbestos Abatement Standards (19a-332a-1). Therefore, the Contractor is not required to submit an Asbestos Abatement Notification to CTDPH, prior to the commencement of work, so long as work practices will not render more than 25 square feet (SF) of the exterior non-friable ACM into a friable state.
- (b) Fifteen (15) working days prior to the commencement of asbestos abatement work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance and/or acknowledgment of the following:
 - 1. Permits and licenses for the removal of asbestos-containing or contaminated materials, including a CTDPH valid asbestos removal contractor's license.
 - 2. Documentation dated within the previous twelve (12) months, certifying that all employees have received USEPA Model Accreditation Plan approved asbestos worker/supervisor training in the proper handling of materials that contain asbestos;

understand the health implications and risks involved, including the illnesses possible from exposure to airborne asbestos fibers; understands the use and limits of respiratory equipment to be used; and understands the results of monitoring of airborne quantities of asbestos as related to health and respiratory equipment as indicated in 29 CFR 1926.1101 on an initial and annual basis, and copies of all employees CTDPH asbestos worker and/or supervisor licenses.

- 3. Documentation from the Contractor, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed therein have received the following:
 - a. medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101;
 - b. respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months as detailed in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for all employees who must also don a tight-fitting face piece respirator).
- 4. Copies of the EPA/State-approved certificates for the proposed asbestos landfill.
- (c) No abatement shall commence until a copy of all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal to, and receipt of, all required paperwork by the Engineer.

(2) Asbestos Abatement Provisions:

(a) General Requirements

The Abatement Contractor/Subcontractor shall possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. Should any portion of the work be subcontracted, the subcontractor must also possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor employed by the Contractor shall be in control on the job site at all times during asbestos abatement work. All employees of the Contractor who shall perform work (i.e. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, Asbestos Abatement Worker) shall be properly certified/licensed by the State of Connecticut to perform such duties.

All labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance (with specific coverage for work on asbestos), and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications shall be provided by the Contractor. The Contractor shall be prepared to work all shifts and weekends throughout the course of this project.

Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions at the site for safety reasons. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project.

The Contractor shall, when necessary, provide temporary power and adequate lighting and ensure safe installation of electrical equipment, including ground fault protection and power cables, in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring.

If sufficient electrical service is unavailable, the Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by fuel operated generator(s). Electrical power supply shall be sufficient for all equipment required for this project in operation throughout the duration of the project.

Water service may not be available at the site. Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the decontamination shower units as well as to maintain the work areas adequately wet.

Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.

Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.

Data provided regarding asbestos sampling conducted throughout the structure(s) is for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the presence, location and/or quantity of all asbestos containing materials. The Contractor shall verify all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, DEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Engineer will provide a Project Monitor to oversee the activities of the Contractor. No asbestos work shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site. Pre-abatement, during abatement and post-abatement air sampling will be conducted as deemed necessary by the Project Monitor. Waste stream testing will be performed, as necessary, by the Project Monitor prior to waste disposal.

(b) Set-Up

Pre-clean the work areas using HEPA filtered equipment (vacuum) and/or wet methods as appropriate, collecting and properly containing all loose debris as asbestos-containing/asbestos contaminated waste. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger. Do not use methods that raise dust, such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters.

The Contractor shall establish a remote Worker Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of Equipment Room, Shower Room and Clean Room in series, as detailed below. Access to the Regulated Area shall only be through this enclosure.

Access between rooms in the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System shall be through airlocks. Other effective designs are permissible. The Clean Room, Shower Room and Equipment Room located within the Worker Decontamination Enclosure, shall be contiguously connected with taped airtight edges.

The Clean Room shall be adequately sized to accommodate workers and shall be equipped with a suitable number of hooks, lockers, shelves, etc., for workers to store personal articles and clothing. Changing areas of the Clean Room shall be suitably screened from areas occupied by the public.

The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water through the use of electric hot water heaters supplied by the Contractor. No worker or other person shall leave a Regulated Area without showering. Shower water shall be collected and filtered using best available technology and disposed of in an approved sanitary drain. Shower stalls and plumbing shall include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate.

The Contractor shall ensure that no personnel or equipment be permitted to leave the Regulated Area until proper decontamination procedures (including HEPA vacuuming, wet wiping and showering) to remove all asbestos debris have occurred.

Post warning signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001 and 29 CFR 1926.1101 at each Regulated Area. In addition, signs shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas so that an employee may read the sign and take the necessary protective steps before entering the area. Additional signs may require posting following construction of workplace enclosure barriers.

Alternate set up requirements for exterior non-friable asbestos abatement procedures

In lieu of the establishment of a negative pressure enclosure (NPE) system as described by CTDPH Sections 19a-332a-5(c), 5(d), 5(e), and 5(h), non-friable ACM will be removed from exterior work areas within an outdoor Regulated Area(s). The regulated work area will be established by the use of appropriately labeled barrier tape and postings in compliance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5(a) as well as OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101. A remote personnel decontamination unit as specified in Section 19a-332a-6 will be required. This method shall only be utilized provided exposure assessment air sampling data collected during the removal of the exterior non-friable materials indicates that the exposure levels during removal of such materials do not exceed 0.1 asbestos f/cc. Should exposure assessment air sampling data exceed this level, and engineering efforts to reduce the airborne fiber levels not be successful in reducing the levels to less than 0.1 f/cc, removal shall occur within these areas under full containment conditions.

(c) Personnel Protection

The Contractor shall utilize all appropriate engineering controls and safety and protective equipment while performing the work in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDEEP and CTDPH regulations.

The Contractor shall provide and require all workers to wear protective clothing in the Regulated Areas where asbestos fiber concentrations may reasonably be expected to exceed the OSHA established Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) or where asbestos contamination exists. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings.

Respiratory protection shall be provided and shall meet the requirements of OSHA as required in 29 CFR 1910.134, and 29 CFR 1926.1101 as well as the requirements of the CTDPH regulations. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.134. The Contractor shall provide respirators from among those approved as being acceptable for protection by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) under the provisions of 30 CFR Part II.

All other necessary personnel protective equipment (i.e. hardhat, work boots, safety glasses, hearing protection, etc.) required to perform the asbestos abatement work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

All other qualified and authorized persons entering into a Regulated Area (i.e. Project Monitor, Regulatory Agency Representative) shall adhere to the requirements of personnel protection as stated in this section.

(d) Asbestos Abatement Procedures

The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, as the OSHA Competent Person shall be at the site at all times.

The Contractor shall not begin abatement work until authorized by the Project Monitor, following a pre-abatement visual inspection.

All workers and authorized persons shall enter and leave the Regulated Area through the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, leaving contaminated protective clothing in the Equipment Room for reuse or disposal of as asbestos contaminated waste. No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in a Regulated Area.

The following details the extent of each phase of operation designated for this project. Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the Engineer. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the Engineer.

Bridge No. 00848, Route 89 over Interstate 84, Ashford/Union, CT

Includes the removal of:

- Black expansion joint (EJ1) / black brittle joint tar (T1) at parapets, wingwalls, abutments (both sides of the bridge)
- Black flexible joint tar alongside abutments (T5) (both abutments)

A regulated area(s) shall be established at the perimeter of the work area(s), and access shall be controlled by the Contractor. A remote personnel decontamination unit shall be utilized.

Removal shall be undertaken in accordance with OSHA Class II and USEPA Asbestos NESHAP requirements.

During removal, the Contractor shall spray asbestos materials with amended water using airless spray equipment capable of providing a "mist" application to reduce the release of airborne fibers. Spray equipment shall be capable of mixing wetting agent with water and capable of generating sufficient pressure and volume. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated Area. Do not "flood" the area with hose type water supply equipment with the potential to create water releases and/or run-off from the regulated area.

The Contractor shall continue to spray the asbestos materials with amended water, as necessary, throughout removal activities to ensure the asbestos materials remain adequately wet. The asbestos materials shall not be allowed to dry out.

In order to minimize airborne asbestos concentrations inside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall remove the adequately wetted asbestos in manageable sections. In addition, asbestos materials removed from any elevated level shall be carefully lowered to the floor.

The Contractor shall promptly place the adequately wet asbestos material in disposal containers (six (6) mil polyethylene bags/fiber drum/poly-lined dumpsters, etc.) as it is removed. Large components removed intact may be wrapped in two (2) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting secured with tape. As the disposal containers are filled, the Contractor shall promptly seal the containers, apply caution labels and clean the containers before transportation from the regulated area. Bags shall be securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and leakage by taping in gooseneck fashion. Small components and asbestos-containing waste with sharp-edged components (e.g. nails, screws, metal lath, tin sheeting) which could tear polyethylene bags and sheeting shall be placed in clean drums and sealed with locking ring tops. All waste containers shall be leak-tight, (typically consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly (or bags)), and shall be properly labeled and placarded with OSHA Danger labels, DOT shipping labels, markings and placards and USEPA NESHAP generators labels. Containers shall be decontaminated by wet cleaning and HEPA vacuuming prior to exiting the regulated area.

If at any time during asbestos removal, the Project Monitor should suspect contamination of areas outside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all abatement work and take steps to decontaminate these areas and eliminate causes of such contamination. Unprotected individuals shall be prohibited from entering contaminated areas until air sampling and/or visual inspections determine decontamination.

After completion of abatement work, all surfaces from which asbestos has been removed shall be wet brushed, using a nylon brush, wet wiped and sponged or cleaned by an equivalent method to remove all visible material (wire brushes are not permitted). During this work the surfaces being cleaned shall be kept wet. Cleaning shall also include the use of HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

The Contractor shall also remove and containerize all visible accumulations of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated debris which may have splattered or collected on the polyethylene engineering controls/barriers.

The Contractor shall remove contamination from the exteriors of the scaffolding, ladders, extension cords, hoses and other equipment inside the Regulated Area. Cleaning may be accomplished by brushing, HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning. The Contractor shall wet wipe the Regulated Area using cotton rags or lint free paper towels. Rags and towels shall be disposed of after each use. Workers should avoid the use of dirty rags to insure proper cleaning of surfaces. Waste water shall be filtered using best available technology into leak-proof containers prior to being transported to a sanitary sewer for discharge.

Once the Regulated Area surfaces have dried, the Project Monitor shall perform a thorough post abatement visual inspection utilizing protocols from the ASTM Standard E1368-90 *Standard Practice for Visual Inspection of Asbestos Abatement Projects*. All surfaces within the Regulated Area, including but not limited to ledges, beams, and hidden locations shall be inspected for visible residue. Evidence of asbestos contamination identified during this inspection will necessitate further cleaning as heretofore specified. The area shall be re-cleaned at the Contractor's expense, until the standard of cleaning is achieved.

Once the area has received a satisfactory post-abatement visual inspection, any equipment, tools or materials not required for completion of the work, shall be removed by the Contractor from the Regulated Area.

- (e) Air Monitoring Requirements
 - 1. The Contractor shall:
 - a. Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the project.
 - b. Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA Standard 1926.1101. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.
 - 2. The Project Monitor, acting as the representative of the Engineer during abatement activities, will:
 - a. Collect air samples in accordance with the current revision of the NIOSH 7400 Method of Air Sampling for Airborne Asbestos Fibers while overseeing the activities of the Abatement Contractor. Frequency and duration of the air sampling during abatement will be representative of the actual conditions at the abatement site. The size and configuration of the asbestos project will be a factor in the number of samples required to monitor the abatement activities and shall be determined by the Project Monitor. The following schedule of samples may be collected by the Project Monitor:

- 1. Pre-Abatement (Optional)
 - a. Background areas
 - b. Area(s) adjacent to Work Area(s)
 - c. Work Area(s)
- 2. During Abatement (Optional)
 - a. Within Regulated Area(s)
 - b. Area(s) adjacent to Regulated Areas(s) (exterior to critical barriers)
 - c. At the Decontamination Enclosure System

Abatement Activity	Pre-	During	Post-	
	Abatement	Abatement	Abatement	
Exterior Friable/Non-Friable		РСМ		

If air samples collected outside of the Regulated Area during abatement activities indicate airborne fiber concentrations greater than original background levels, or greater than 0.1 f/cc, as determined by Phase Contrast Microscopy, whichever is larger, an examination of the Regulated Area perimeter shall be conducted and the integrity of barriers shall be restored. Cleanup of surfaces outside the Regulated Area using HEPA vacuum equipment or wet cleaning techniques shall be done prior to resuming abatement activities.

(f) Post Abatement Work Area Deregulation

The Contractor shall remove all remaining polyethylene, including critical barriers, drop-cloths, and Decontamination Enclosure Systems. HEPA vacuum and/or wet wipe any visible residue which is uncovered during this process. All waste generated during this disassembly process shall be discarded as ACM waste.

A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the abatement project remain.

The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Engineer.

(g) Waste Disposal

Unless otherwise specified, all removed materials and debris resulting from execution of this project shall become the responsibility of the Contractor and removed from the premises. Materials not scheduled for reuse shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local requirements.

Waste removal dumpsters and cargo areas of transport vehicles shall be lined with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting to prevent contamination from leaking or spilled containers. Floor

sheeting shall be installed first, and shall be extended up sidewalls 12-inches. Wall sheeting shall overlap floor sheeting 24-inches and shall be taped into place.

OSHA "Danger" signs must be attached to vehicles used to transport asbestos-containing waste prior to loading ACM waste. The signs must be posted so that they are plainly visible.

Ensure all waste containers (bags, drums, etc.) are properly packed, sealed and labeled with USEPA NESHAP generator labels, OSHA danger labels and DOT shipping labels. For each shipment of ACM waste, the Contractor shall complete an EPA-approved asbestos waste shipment record.

Authorized representatives signing waste shipment records on behalf of the generator must have USDOT Shipper Certification training in accordance with HMR 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

Transport vehicles hauling ACM waste shall have appropriate USDOT placards visible on all four (4) sides of the vehicle.

The Contractor shall dispose of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos contaminated material at an EPA authorized site and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Special Waste Provisions of the Office of Solid Waste Management, Department of Energy & Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, or other designated agency having jurisdiction over solid waste disposal.

Any asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated waste materials which also contain other hazardous contaminants shall be disposed of in accordance with the EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), CTDEEP and ConnDOT requirements. Materials may be required to be stored on-site and tested by the Project Monitor to determine proper waste disposal requirements.

(h) Project Closeout Data:

- 1. Provide the Engineer, within 30 days of completion of asbestos abatement, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor job log;
 - b. OSHA personnel air sampling data;
 - c. <u>Completed</u> waste shipment records.

The Contractor shall submit the original completed waste shipment records to the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

No measurement will be made for the work in this Section. The completed work shall be paid as a lump sum.

Basis of Payment:

The lump sum bid price for this item shall include the specialty services of the Asbestos Removal Contractor including: labor, materials, equipment, insurance, permits, notifications, submittals, personal air sampling, personal protection equipment, temporary enclosures, utility costs, incidentals, fees and labor incidental to the removal, transport and disposal of ACM, including close out documentation.

Final payment for asbestos abatement will not be made until all the project closeout data submittals have been completed (including waste shipment record(s) signed by an authorized disposal facility representative) and provided to the Engineer. Once the completed package has been received in its entirety, the Engineer will make the final payment to the Contractor.

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Asbestos Abatement

Lump Sum

<u>ITEM 0020903A – LEAD COMPLIANCE FOR MISCELLANEOUS</u> <u>EXTERIOR TASKS</u>

Description:

Work under this item shall include the special handling measures and work practices required for miscellaneous exterior tasks that impact materials containing or covered by lead paint. Lead paint includes paint found to contain **any** detectable amount of lead by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry (AAS) or X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF). Examples of typical miscellaneous exterior tasks includes; work impacting signs, guiderails, minor bridge rehabilitation, catenary structures, canopy structures, spot/localized paint removal, etc.

All activities shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Lead in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.62), the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR Parts 260 through 274), and the CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations (RCSA 22a-209-1 and 22a-449(c)).

All activities shall be performed by individuals with appropriate levels of OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training and shall supervised by the Contractors Competent Person on the job site at all times. The Contractors Competent Person is one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.

Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer.

Materials:

All materials shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description, with MSDS sheets as applicable.

No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with lead, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as lead-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

The following material requirements are to be met if to be used during the work:

Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating minimum six (6) mil thickness.

Polyethylene disposable bags shall be minimum six (6) mils thick.

Tape (or equivalent) product capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.

Cleaning Agents and detergent shall be lead specific, such as TriSodium Phosphate (TSP).

Chemical strippers and chemical neutralizers shall be compatible with the substrate as well as with each other. Such chemical stripper shall contain less than 50% Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by weight in accordance with RCSA 22a-174-40 Table 40-1.

Labels and warning signs shall conform to 29 CFR 1926.62, 40 CFR 260 through 274 and 49 CFR 172 as appropriate.

Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with High-Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filters.

Construction Methods:

(1) **Pre-Abatement Submittals and Notices**

A. Prior to the start of **any** work on a contiguous per site basis that will generate hazardous lead waste above conditionally exempt small quantities (greater than 100 kg/month or greater than 1000 kg at any time), the Contractor shall obtain from the Engineer on a contiguous per site basis a temporary EPA Hazardous Waste Generators ID number, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Temporary EPA ID numbers are good for six months from the date they are issued and can be extended once, for a maximum of six months and can't be used for longer than one year. The Contractor will be responsible for notifying the Engineer when an extension is needed.

B. Fifteen (15) working days prior to beginning work that impacts lead paint, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Engineer:

- 1. Work plan for work impacting lead paint including engineering controls, methods of containment of debris and work practices to be employed, as needed, to minimize employee exposure and prevent the spread of lead contamination outside the Regulated Area.
- 2. Copies of all employee certificates, dated within the previous twelve (12) months, relating to OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training and training in the use of lead-safe work practices. SSPC training programs may be accepted as meeting these requirements if it can be demonstrated that such training addressed <u>all</u> required topics.

This information shall be updated and resubmitted annually, or as information changes, for the duration of the activities impacting lead to verify continued compliance.

- 3. Name and qualifications of Contractor's OSHA Competent Person under 29 CFR 1926.62.
- 4. Documentation from the Contractor, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed therein have received the following:
 - a. medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
 - b. biological monitoring within the previous six (6) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
 - c. respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for those who don a tight-fitting face piece respirator)

This information shall be updated and resubmitted annually, or as information changes, for the duration of the activities impacting lead to verify continued compliance.

- 5. Names of the proposed non-hazardous construction and demolition (C&D) lead debris bulky waste disposal facility (CTDEEP-permitted Solid Waste landfill).
- 6. Names of the proposed scrap metal recycling facilities. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all documentation necessary to demonstrate the selected facility is able to accept lead-painted scrap metal.
- 7. Names of the proposed hazardous waste disposal facility (selected from the Department approved list provided herein), and copies of each facilities acceptance criteria and sampling frequency requirements.
- 8. Copies of the proposed hazardous waste transporters current USDOT Certificate of Registration for Hazardous Materials Transport, and the proposed transporters current Hazardous Waste Transporter Permits for the State of Connecticut and the waste destination State.
- 9. Negative exposure assessments conducted within the previous 12 months documenting that employee exposure to lead for each task is below the OSHA Action Level of 30 μ g/m³. If a negative exposure assessment has not been conducted, the Contractor shall submit its air monitoring program for the work tasks as part of the Work Plan. Until a negative exposure assessment is developed for each task impacting lead paint, the Contractor shall ensure that all workers and authorized persons entering the Regulated Area wear protective clothing and respirators in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62.

No activity shall commence until all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal of acceptable documentation to, and review by, the Engineer.

Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a minimum of 48 hours notice in advance of scheduling, changing or canceling work activities.

(2) Lead Abatement Provisions

A. General Requirements:

All employees of the Contractor who perform work impacting lead paint shall be properly trained to perform such duties. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project.

Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications.

Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions.

As necessary, the Contractor shall:

Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, where feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the site.

If adequate electrical supply is not available at the site, the Contractor shall supply temporary power. Such temporary power shall be sufficient to provide adequate lighting and power the Contractor's equipment. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring and shall ensure safe installation of electrical equipment in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements.

If water is not available at the site for the Contractor's use, the Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the wash facility/decontamination shower units in addition to the water needed at the work area.

The Engineer may provide a Project Monitor to monitor compliance of the Contractor and protect the interests of the Department. In such cases, no activity impacting lead paint shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site. Where no Project Monitor will be provided, Contractor shall proceed at the direction of the Engineer. Environmental sampling, including ambient air sampling, TCLP waste stream sampling, and dust wipe sampling, will be conducted by the State as it deems necessary throughout the project. Air monitoring to comply with the Contractor's obligations under OSHA remains solely responsibility of the Contractor.

If at any time, procedures for engineering, work practice, administrative controls or other topics

are anticipated to deviate from those documented in the submitted and accepted Lead Work Plan, the Contractor shall submit a modification of its existing plan for review and acceptance by the Engineer prior to implementing the change.

If air samples collected outside of the Regulated Area during activities impacting lead paint indicate airborne lead concentrations greater than original background levels or 30 ug/m³, whichever is larger, or if at any time visible emissions of lead paint extend out from the Regulated Area, an examination of the Regulated Area shall be conducted and the cause of such emissions corrected. Cleanup of surfaces outside the Regulated Area using HEPA vacuum equipment or wet cleaning techniques shall be done prior to resuming work.

Work outside the initial designated area(s) will not be paid for by the Engineer. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs incurred from these activities including repair of any damage.

B. Regulated Area

The Contractor shall establish a Regulated Area through the use of appropriate barrier tape or other means to control unauthorized access into the area where activities impacting lead paint are occurring. Warning signs meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.62 shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas. These signs shall read:

DANGER LEAD WORK AREA MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN THIS AREA

The Contractor shall implement appropriate engineering controls such as poly drop cloths, local exhaust ventilation, wet dust suppression methods, etc. as necessary, and as approved by the Engineer, to prevent the spread of lead contamination beyond the Regulated Area in accordance with the Contractor's approved work plan. Should the previously submitted work plan prove to be insufficient to contain the contamination, the Contractor shall modify its plan and submit it for review by the Engineer.

C. Wash Facilities:

The Contractor shall provide handwash facilities in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.51(f) and 29 CFR 1926.62 regardless of airborne lead exposure.

If employee exposure to airborne lead exceeds the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit of 50 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³), shower rooms must be provided. The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water. Shower water shall be collected and filtered using best available technology and disposed of in accordance with all Federal, State and local laws, regulations and ordinances.

D. Personal Protection:

The Contractor shall initially determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of $30 \ \mu g/m^3$. Assessments shall be based on initial air monitoring results as well as other relevant information. The Contractor may rely on historical air monitoring data obtained within the past 12 months under workplace conditions closely resembling the process, type of material, control methods, work practices and environmental conditions used and prevailing in the Contractors current operations to satisfy the exposure assessment requirements. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.

Until a negative exposure assessment is developed for each task impacting lead paint, the Contractor shall ensure that all workers and authorized person entering the Regulated Area wear protective clothing and respirators in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings. Sufficient quantities shall be provided to last throughout the duration of the project.

Protective clothing provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal operations shall be impervious to caustic materials. Gloves provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal shall be of neoprene composition with glove extenders.

Respiratory protective equipment shall be provided and selection shall conform to 42 CFR Part 84, 29 CFR Part 1910.134, and 29 CFR Part 1926.62. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1926.62 and Part 1910.134.

E. Air Monitoring Requirements

The Contractor shall:

- 1. Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the project.
- 2. Conduct initial exposure monitoring to determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.
- 3. Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA Standard 1926.62. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.

F. Lead Abatement Procedures

The Contractor's Competent Person shall be at the job site at all times during work impacting lead.

Work impacting lead paint shall not begin until authorized by the Engineer, following a pre-work visual inspection by the Project Monitor or Engineer to verify existing conditions.

Any activity impacting lead painted surfaces shall be performed in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead dust contamination and generation of airborne lead.

The Contractor shall conduct exposure assessments for all tasks which impact lead paint in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62(d) and shall implement appropriate personal protective equipment until negative exposure assessments are developed.

All work impacting the materials identified below shall be conducted within an established Regulated Area with a remote wash facility/decontamination system in accordance with "C. Wash Facilities" and the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. In accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.

The Contractor shall ensure proper entry and exit procedures for workers and authorized persons who enter and leave the Regulated Area. All workers and authorized persons shall leave the Regulated Area and proceed directly to the wash or shower facilities where they will HEPA vacuum gross debris from work suit, remove and dispose of work suit, wash and dry face and hands, and vacuum clothes. Lead chips and dust must not be removed by blowing or shaking of clothing. Wash water shall be collected, filtered, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and local water discharge standards. Any permit required for such discharge shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in the Regulated Area.

Data from the limited lead testing performed by the Engineer is documented in the reports listed in the "Notice to Contractor – Hazardous Materials Investigations" or is presented herein. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of lead painted materials. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor. The following details the extent of each phase of operation designated for this project. Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the Engineer. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the Engineer.

Replacement of Bridge No. 00848, Route 89 over Interstate 84, Ashford/Union, CT

- > Lead paint was identified on the structural steel components of Bridge No. 00848.
- Metal railings on top of the bridge were unpainted (galvanized), therefore no lead paint was identified.

Bridge Nos. 00848	Substrate	Color	Result
Girders, Bearings, Rockers,			
Diaphragms, Crossbeams,	Metal	Grey	6.9% by weight
Connection Plates, etc.		-	

> The paint waste stream generated from the structural steel components was characterized as <u>CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous waste</u>.

Paint debris (structural steel components)150 mg/L	Paint debris (structural steel components)	150 mg/L
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While conducting work on Bridge No. 00848, where it is necessary to impact the lead painted metal, the Contractor shall either:

- a. Remove the paint to be impacted prior to impacting the metal in accordance with OSHA Lead in Construction Standard 29CFR 1926.62, or
- b. Impact the metal using mechanical means with the paint in place in accordance with OSHA Lead in Construction Standard 29CFR 1926.62.

The Contractor shall submit a Work Plan to ConnDOT outlining the exact procedures that will be used to perform the work, contain the spread of lead debris and protect the employees performing the required renovation work impacting the lead paint. No work shall be started by the Contractor until the Work Plan is approved by the Engineer.

All work impacting the lead paint materials shall be conducted within an established Regulated Area with a remote wash facility/decontamination system in accordance with "C. Wash Facilities" and the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. In accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.

The Engineer has characterized the paint waste stream associated with the structural steel components at Bridge No. 00848 as <u>CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous waste</u>. If the paint is removed from the metal surfaces of the structural steel components, the paint shall be handled and disposed of as CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous waste as described under this Item 0020903A.

All steel and metal components generated from the miscellaneous exterior work tasks (painted or not) shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal. The recycling of scrap metal (regardless of lead paint concentration) is exempt from USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulation.

Should lead contamination be discovered outside of the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work in the Regulated Area, eliminate causes of such contamination and take steps to decontaminate non-work areas.

Special Requirements:

- 1. Demolition/Renovation:
 - a. Demolish/renovate in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead contamination and generation of lead dust.
 - b. Implement dust suppression controls, such as misters, local exhaust ventilation, etc. to minimize the generation of airborne lead dust.
 - c. Segregate work areas from non-work areas through the use or barrier tape, drop cloths, etc.
 - d. Clean up immediately after renovation/demolition has been completed
- 2. Chemical Removal:
 - a. Apply chemical stripper in quantities and for durations specified by manufacturer.
 - b. Where necessary, scrape lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (i.e. stabilized surface, bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment, etc.). Use sanding, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement chemical methods as necessary.
 - c. Apply neutralizer compatible with substrate and chemical agent to substrate following removal in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from chemical removal.
 - e. Maintain a portable eyewash station in the work area.

- f. Wear respirators that will protect workers from chemical vapors.
- g. Do not apply caustic agents to aluminum surfaces.
- 3. Mechanical Paint Removal:
 - a. Provide sanders, grinders, rotary wire brushes, or needle gun removers equipped with a HEPA filtered vacuum dust collection system. Cowling on the dust collection system for orbital-type tools must be capable of maintaining a continuous tight seal with the surface being abated. Cowling on the dust collection system for reciprocating-type tools shall promote an effective vacuum flow of loosened dust and debris. Inflexible cowlings may be used on flat surfaces only. Flexible contoured cowlings are required for curved or irregular surfaces.
 - b. Provide HEPA vacuums that are high performance designed to provide maximum static lift and maximum vacuum system flow at the actual operating vacuum condition with the shroud in use. The HEPA vacuum shall be equipped with a pivoting vacuum head.
 - c. Remove lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (i.e. stabilized surface, bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment, etc.). Use chemical methods, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement abrasive removal methods as necessary.
 - d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from abrasive removal techniques.
 - e. "Sandblasting" type removal techniques shall not be allowed.
- 4. Component Removal/Replacement:
 - a. Wet down components which are to be removed to reduce the amount of dust generated during the removal process.
 - b. Remove components utilizing hand tools and follow appropriate safety procedures during removal. Remove the components by approved methods which will provide the least disturbance to the substrate material. Do not damage adjacent surfaces.
 - c. Clean up immediately after component removals have been completed. Remove any dust located behind the component removed.
- G. Prohibited Removal Methods:

The use of heat guns in excess of 700 degrees Fahrenheit to remove lead paint is prohibited.

The use of sand, steel grit, air, CO_2 , baking soda, or any other blasting media to remove lead or lead paint without the use of a HEPA ventilated contained negative pressure enclosure is prohibited.

Power/pressure washing shall not be used to remove lead paint.

Compressed air shall not be utilized to remove lead paint.

Chemical strippers containing Methylene Chloride are prohibited. Any chemical stripping may be prohibited on a project by project basis.

Power tool assisted grinding, sanding, cutting, or wire brushing of lead paint without the use of cowled HEPA vacuum dust collection systems is prohibited.

Lead paint burning, busting of rivets painted with lead paint, welding of materials painted with lead paint, and torch cutting of materials painted with lead paint is prohibited. Where cutting, welding, busting, or torch cutting of materials is required, lead paint in the affected area must be removed first.

Chemical stripping of coatings from bridge components is generally prohibited unless specifically allowed on a project by project basis.

H. Clean-up and Visual Inspection:

The Contractor shall remove and containerize all lead waste material and visible accumulations of debris, paint chips and associated items.

During clean-up the Contractor shall utilize rags and sponges wetted with lead-specific detergent and water as well as HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

The Engineer will conduct a visual inspection of the work areas in order to document that all surfaces have been maintained as free as practicable of accumulations of lead in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62(h). If visible accumulations of waste, debris, lead paint chips or dust are found in the work area, the Contractor shall repeat the cleaning, at the Contractor's expense, until the area is in compliance. The visual inspection will detect incomplete work, damage caused by the abatement activity, and inadequate clean up of the work site.

I. Post-Work Regulated Area Deregulation:

Following an acceptable visual inspection, any engineering controls implemented may be removed.

A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor or Engineer to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the lead paint removal remain. If this final visual inspection is acceptable, the Contractor will reopen the Regulated Area and remove all signage.

The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the State.

J. Waste Disposal/Recycling:

Non-metallic building debris waste materials tested and found to be non-hazardous Construction and Demolition (C&D) bulky waste shall be disposed of properly at a CTDEEP approved Solid Waste landfill as described under this Item 0020903A.

Metallic debris shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at an approved metal recycling facility.

Concrete, brick, etc. coated with <u>any amount of lead paint</u> cannot be crushed, recycled or buried on-site to minimize waste disposal unless tested and found to meet the RSR GA/Residential standards.

Hazardous lead debris shall be disposed of as described under this Item 0020903A.

The Contractor shall comply with the latest requirements of the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 260-274 and the DEEP Hazardous/Solid Waste Management Standards 22a-449(c).

Hazardous lead debris shall be transported from the Project by a licensed hazardous waste transporter approved by the Department and disposed of at an EPA-permitted and Department-approved hazardous waste landfill within 90 days from the date of generation.

The Contractor must use one or more of the following Department-approved disposal facilities for the disposal of <u>hazardous</u> waste:

Clean Earth of North Jersey, Inc., (CENJ)	Clean Harbors Environmental Services, Inc.
115 Jacobus Avenue, South Kearny, NJ 07105	2247 South Highway 71, Kimball, NE 69145
Phone: (973) 344-4004; Fax: (973) 344-8652	Phone: (308) 235-8212; Fax: (308) 235-4307
Clean Harbors of Braintree, Inc.	ACV Enviro(CycleChem)(General Chem Co)
1 Hill Avenue, Braintree, MA 02184	217 South First Street, Elizabeth, NJ 07206
Phone: (781) 380-7134; Fax: (781) 380-7193	Phone: (908) 355-5800; Fax (908) 355-0562

Rev. Date 03/11/25

Triumverate (EnviroSafe Corp Northeast)	US Ecology
(Jones Environmental Services (NE), Inc.)	Environmental Quality Detroit, Inc.
263 Howard Street, Lowell, MA 01852	1923 Frederick Street, Detroit, MI 48211
Phone: (978) 453-7772; Fax: (978) 453-7775	Phone: (800) 495-6059; Fax: (313) 923-3375
Stericycle (Republic Environmental Systems)	Clean Habors – Spring Grove Facility
2869 Sandstone Drive, Hatfield, PA 19440	4879 Spring Grove Ave, Cincinnati OH 45322
Phone: (215) 822-8995; Fax: (215) 997-1293	Phone: (513) 681-6242; Fax: (513) 681-0869
Envirite of PA (US Ecology)	Stablex, Canada, Inc.
730 Vogelsong Road, York, PA 17404	760 Industrial Bl, Blainville Quebec J7C3V4
Phone: (717) 846-1900; Fax: (717) 854-6757	Phone: (451) 430-9230; Fax: (451) 430-4642
Environmental Quality Company:	Stericycle
Wayne Disposal Facility	(Northland Environmental, Inc.)
49350 North I-94 Service Drive	(PSC Environmental Systems)
Belleville, MI 48111	275 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI 02905
Phone: (800) 592-5489; Fax: (800) 592-5329	Phone: (401) 781-6340; Fax: (401) 781-9710

No facility may be substituted for the one(s) designated in the Contractor's submittal without the Engineer's prior approval. If the material cannot be accepted by any of the Contractor's designated facilities, the Department will supply the Contractor with the name(s) of other acceptable facilities.

Prior to the generation of any hazardous waste, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer of its selected hazardous waste transporter and disposal facility. The Contractor must submit to the Engineer (1) the transporter's current US DOT Certificate of Registration and (2) the transporter's current Hazardous Waste Transporter Permits for the State of Connecticut, the hazardous waste destination state and any other applicable states. The Engineer will then obtain on a contiguous per site basis a temporary EPA Generators ID number for the site that he will forward to the Contractor. Any changes in transporter or facility shall be immediately forwarded to the Engineer for review.

Handling, storage, transportation and disposal of hazardous waste materials generated as a result of execution of this project shall comply with all Federal, State and Local regulations including the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR Parts 260-271), the CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations (22a-209 and 22a-449(c)), and the USDOT Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR Part 171-180).

All debris shall be contained and collected daily or more frequently as directed by the Engineer, due to debris buildup. Debris shall be removed by HEPA vacuum collection. Such debris and paint chips shall be stored in leak-proof storage containers in the secured storage site, or as directed by the Engineer. The storage containers and storage locations shall be reviewed by the Engineer and shall be located in areas not subject to ponding. Storage containers shall be placed on pallets and closed and covered with tarps at all times except during placement, sampling and disposal of the debris.

Hazardous waste materials are to be properly packed and labeled for transport by the Contractor is accordance with EPA, CTDEEP and USDOT regulations. The disposal of debris characterized as hazardous waste shall be completed within 90 calendar days of the date on which it began to be accumulated in the lined containers. Storage of containers shall be in accordance with current DEEP/EPA procedures.

The Contractor shall label hazardous waste storage containers with a 6-inch square, yellow, weatherproof, Hazardous Waste sticker in accordance with USDOT regulations.

Materials other than direct paint related debris which are incidental to the paint removal work activities (tarps, poly, plywood, PPE, gloves, decontamination materials, etc.) which may be contaminated with lead, shall be stored separately from the direct paint debris, and shall be sampled by the Engineer for waste disposal characterization testing. Such materials characterized as hazardous shall be handled/disposed of as described herein, while materials characterized as non-hazardous shall be disposed of as non-hazardous CTDEEP Solid Waste.

Direct paint related debris materials not previously sampled and characterized for disposal, which may be originally presumed to be hazardous waste, shall also be stored separately and sampled by the Engineer for ultimate waste disposal characterization testing and handled/disposed of based on that testing.

Project construction waste materials unrelated to the paint removal operations shall NOT be combined/stored with paint debris waste and/or incidental paint removal materials as they are not lead contaminated and shall NOT be disposed of as hazardous waste. The Engineer's on-site Inspectors shall conduct inspections to verify materials remain segregated.

The Contractor shall obtain and complete all paperwork necessary to arrange for material disposal, including disposal facility waste profile sheets. It is solely the Contractor's responsibility to co-ordinate the disposal of hazardous materials with its selected treatment/recycling/disposal facility(s). Upon receipt of the final approval from the facility, the Contractor shall arrange for the loading, transport and treatment/recycling/disposal of the materials in accordance with all Federal and State regulations. No claim will be considered based on the failure of the Contractor's disposal facility(s) to meet the Contractor's production rate or for the Contractor's failure to select sufficient facilities to meet its production rate.

The Contractor shall process the hazardous waste such that the material conforms with the requirements of the selected treatment/disposal facility, including but not limited to specified size and dimension. Refusal on the part of the treatment/disposal facility to accept said material solely on the basis of non-conformance of the material to the facility's physical requirements is the responsibility of the Contractor and no claim for extra work shall be accepted for reprocessing of said materials to meet these requirements.

All DOT shipping documents, including the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifests utilized to accompany the transportation of the hazardous waste material shall be prepared by the

Contractor and reviewed/signed by an authorized agent representing ConnDOT, as Generator, for each load of hazardous material that is packed to leave the site. The Contractor shall not sign manifests on behalf of the State as Generator. The Contractor shall forward the appropriate <u>original copies</u> of all manifests to the Engineer the same day the material leaves the Project site.

Materials not related to lead paint removal and/or characterized as non-hazardous waste shall NOT be shipped for hazardous waste disposal in accordance with USEPA RCRA hazardous waste minimization requirements.

A load-specific certificate of disposal, signed by the authorized agent representing the waste disposal facility, shall be obtained by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Engineer for each load.

In addition to all pertinent Federal, State and local laws or regulatory agency polices, the Contractor shall adhere to the following precautions during the transport of hazardous materials off-site:

- All vehicles departing the site are to be properly logged to show the vehicle identification, driver's name, time of departure, destination, and approximate volume, and contents of materials carried. Vehicles shall display the proper USDOT placards for the type and quantity of waste;
- No materials shall leave the site unless a disposal facility willing to accept all of the material being transported has agreed to accept the type and quantity of waste;
- Documentation must be maintained indicating that all applicable laws have been satisfied and that the materials have been successfully transported and received at the disposal facility; and,
- The Contractor shall segregate the waste streams (i.e. concrete, wood, etc.) as directed by the receiving disposal facility.

Any spillage of debris during disposal operations during loading, transport and unloading shall be cleaned up in accordance with EPA 40 CFR 265 Subparts C & D, at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor is liable for any fines, costs or remediation costs incurred as a result of their failure to be in compliance with this Item and all Federal, State and Local laws.

K. Project Closeout Data:

Provide the Engineer, within thirty (30) days of completion of the project site work, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. Competent persons (supervisor) job log;
- 2. OSHA-compliant personnel air sampling data;

- 3. <u>Completed</u> waste shipment papers for non-hazardous lead construction and demolition (C&D) waste disposal or recycling and scrap metal recycling.
- 4. Copies of completed Hazardous Waste Manifests (signed by authorized disposal facility representative).

Method of Measurement:

The completed work shall be paid as a lump sum. This item will include all noted services, equipment, facilities, testing and other associated work for up to three (3) ConnDOT project representatives. Services provided to any ConnDOT project representatives in excess of three (3) representatives will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 1.09.04 – "Extra and Cost-Plus Work."

Basis of Payment:

The lump sum price bid for this item shall include: services, materials, equipment, all permits, notifications, submittals, personal air sampling, personal protection equipment, temporary enclosures, incidentals, fees and labor incidental to activities impacting lead removal, treatment and handling of lead contaminated materials, and the transport and disposal of any hazardous and/or non-hazardous, non-RCRA lead waste.

Final payment will not be made until all project closeout data submittals have been completed and provided to the Engineer. Once the completed package has been received in its entirety and accepted by the Engineer, final payment will be made to the Contractor.

Pay Item

Lead Compliance for Miscellaneous Exterior Tasks

Lump Sum

Pay Unit

END OF SECTION

ITEM #0202559A – REMOVE AND RESET SURVEY MONUMENT

Description: Work done under this item includes removing existing survey boundary monuments in their entirety and setting new survey boundary markers (monuments, disks in ledge or concrete structures, or capped rebar) along Right–of–Way lines in the same horizontal position as the removed monument or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials: CTDOT concrete boundary monuments (CHD), CTDOT boundary disks (DISK), and CTDOT capped reinforcing bars (RECHD) will be provided by the Department. "Rockite" hydraulic cement, USP-Anchor-Set, Quikrete Anchoring Cement or approved equal and all other materials shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Construction Methods: The Contractor shall retain the services of a licensed Connecticut Land Surveyor (LS) to serve as Project Surveyor to directly oversee this work and to ensure that each marker has been set in accordance with CTDOT Standards. The Contractor shall submit the name, place of professional employment, business address, phone number, and license number of the Project Surveyor to the Department for review.

The Contractor shall remove the existing monument called out on the plans in its entirety and as field verified to be in conflict with the proposed construction. All materials from excavated monument shall be removed and disposed of by the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for all computations, location, staking, and setting of highway boundary markers at defined Right-of-Way Lines as shown on the plans and details or as directed by the Engineer.

The standard boundary marker will be the CTDOT concrete boundary monument (CHD). Boundary disks (DISK) set in ledge or other structures and capped rebar (RECHD) will be used where the Engineer determines that it is impractical to set a concrete boundary monument.

The setting of boundary markers shall not begin until all excavation, filling operations, grading and drainage has been completed and accepted by the Engineer.

All boundary and staking computations shall be provided by the Project Surveyor to the Engineer and shall be acceptable to the District Survey Office prior to staking the locations of the boundary markers.

The Project Surveyor shall establish the location of the existing boundary markers called out on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The existing boundary marker location shall be tied in to at least three (3) points for future replacement. This work shall meet or exceed a positional accuracy of 1:5000 (0.02 feet per 100 feet) as defined in Section 20-300b-11 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies.

Excavation for the existing survey monuments or for the placement of the new CTDOT Boundary Monuments shall be by hand or with a power auger. The use of a backhoe or other heavy equipment for excavation purposes will not be allowed. The concrete monument shall be set plumb into the hole, flush to the finished grade and backfilled and compacted in six (6) inch layers as detailed herein or as directed by the Engineer.

In locations where the Engineer determines that concrete monuments cannot be set, the Project Surveyor shall set CTDOT Boundary disks or CTDOT Boundary capped rebar as directed. A Rebar Driver shall be used in the setting of rebar. All DISKs set in ledge or concrete shall be secured with "Rockite" hydraulic cement, USP-Anchor-Set, Quikrete Anchoring Cement as approved by the Engineer and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.

Concrete boundary monuments must be allowed to settle for fourteen (14) days. Once all concrete boundary monuments are completed and allowed to settle and all other boundary markers are in place, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer that the boundary marker disks are ready to be drilled. The CTDOT District Survey Office will verify the location of the boundary markers and will drill the exact location of the highway lines on the boundary monuments or markers within 60 days of notification from the Engineer.

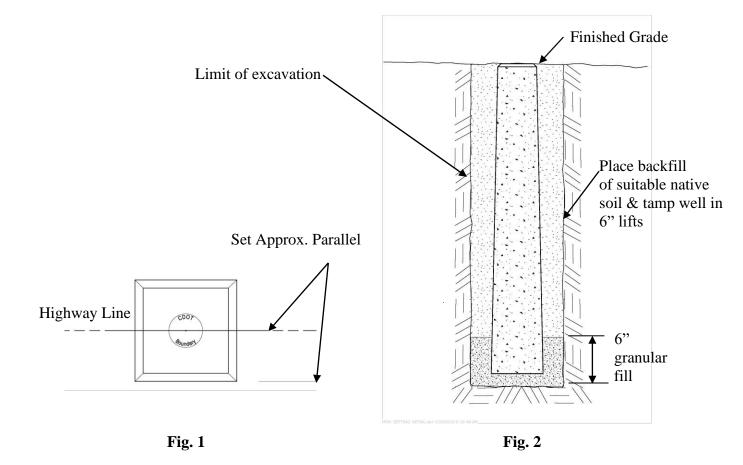
If any boundary marker disks are found to be outside of the boundary point locations and are unable to be drilled, the boundary monuments or boundary markers shall be removed and replaced in accordance with the Contract specifications and details. Once the boundary monuments or markers have been drilled and found to meet the Contract standards, the Engineer will notify the Contractor of this acceptance.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the number of monuments, of the type specified (CHD, DISK, RECHD) complete, and accepted in place.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid at the Contract unit price for each "Remove and Reset Survey Monument" including removal of the existing monument and setting of the new survey boundary marker complete and accepted in place, which price shall include all computations, equipment, tools, non-Department supplied materials, removal of surplus material, and labor incidental to the removal, location, staking and setting of boundary markers, and shall include any removal and replacement of non-conforming markers.

Pay Item: REMOVE AND RESET SURVEY MONUMENT Pay Unit EA

CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Boundary/Control Monument Setting Procedures



Procedure "A" Setting CT DOT concrete boundary monuments (CHD) to a specific point: The Project Surveyor shall compute and stake the layout of each new monument to be set. The stake shall be a 2" x 2" x 18" (or larger) hardwood stake and tack. The new monument shall be tied in to three points, the hole dug and new monument placed as indicated above. The new monument is to be set plumb in the same horizontal position as the existing staked point to within three, one-hundredths (0.03') of a foot. It shall be positioned by the contractor, to an exact point, within the specified tolerance. Any monuments not falling within the specified limits shall be reset at the contractor's expense.

Procedure "B"

Setting CT DOT disk (DISK) in ledge:

When a new CHD point falls on ledge which is exposed or within < 2' of the ground surface, a DISK may be set. A ³/₄" diameter hole shall be drilled to a depth of 3" and the surface of the ledge leveled so that the DISK sits flush when complete. DISKs shall be affixed using "Rockite"

hydraulic anchor cement, USP-Anchor-Set, Quikrete Anchoring Cement as approved by the Engineer and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.

Procedure "C"

Setting CTDOT capped reinforcing bars (RECHD):

This procedure shall follow the standards of Procedure "A" except a $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 3' section of rebar is substituted for the traditional concrete monument. The rebar shall be driven with a Rebar Driver to within three one-hundredths (0.03') of a foot of the staked point, then topped with a two (2") inch diameter CT DOT aluminum cap, which receives the final precise drill hole. The capped RECHD shall be set flush to the ground.

ITEM #0210821A—WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Description: This work shall consist of measures to control water pollution and soil erosion which become necessary for the completion of the work, but for which no item is provided in the Contract. Such measures include:

- temporary check dams, water bars, berms, dikes, dams
- temporary sediment traps
- pump settling basins
- silt fence
- inlet protection
- hay bales
- erosion control matting
- fiber rolls, coir rolls, wattles
- gravel, stone, riprap
- mulch
- permanent or temporary seeding
- slope drains, ditches, channels, temporary drainage measures
- dust control
- topsoil
- other erosion control materials, devices, or methods

If a situation arises that requires immediate deployment of water pollution control measures, the Engineer will direct the Contractor to use this item to prosecute the work.

If the Contractor proposes changes in construction methods or staging which would affect the as designed pollution controls, plans for revised pollution controls shall be submitted for the Engineer's approval prior to start of work.

Materials: The materials shall meet the pertinent articles of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall submit Product Data for the materials.

Construction Methods: The Engineer has the authority to control the surface area of earth material exposed by construction operations and to direct the Contractor to immediately provide permanent or temporary pollution control measures to protect watercourses, wetlands, or other natural resources. Every effort shall be made by the Contractor to prevent erosion on the Site and prevent runoff onto abutting property.

All disturbed areas shall be permanently or temporarily stabilized by mulching, seeding or other methods as the work progresses to comply with the intent of this specification.

All damaged slopes shall be repaired as soon as possible. The Engineer will limit the surface area of earth material exposed if the Contractor fails to sufficiently protect the slopes.

The Contractor shall always have on hand the necessary materials and equipment to provide for slope stabilization and corrective measures to damaged slopes.

Temporary channels, ditches, water bars and outfalls shall be protected prior to directing water into them.

The erosion control features installed by the Contractor shall be maintained by the Contractor, and such installations shall be removed if ordered by the Engineer. Maintenance of erosion control measures by the Contractor shall include the clean out of accumulated sediment.

Method of Measurement: The work and materials required for Water Pollution Control measures will be measured for payment as provided for under 1.09.04 - Extra and Cost-Plus Work.

The sum of money shown on the estimate and in the itemized proposal as "Estimated Cost" for this work will be considered the price bid even though payment will be made only for actual work performed. The estimated cost figure is not to be altered in any manner by the bidder. Should the bidder alter the amount shown, the altered figures will be disregarded, and the original price will be used to determine the total amount bid for the Contract.

Basis of Payment: Work will be paid for as provided under 1.09.04 - Extra and Cost-Plus Work.

Control measures that are made necessary by the Contractor's failure to install and maintain controls as a part of the work as scheduled or ordered by the Engineer shall be performed by the Contractor at its own expense.

Control work at off-Site areas selected by the Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Pay Item Water Pollution Control

Pay Unit est

ITEM #0219011A – SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM AT CATCH BASIN

Description: Work under this item shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, and removing sediment control system at catch basins, herein referred to as Silt Sack, at the locations as shown on plans or as directed by the Engineer. The work shall also include removal of accumulated sediment, and disposal of accumulated sediment,

Materials: The Silt Sack must be commercially produced and marketed for the specific application(s) on the Project. All Silt Sack must be manufactured from a specially designed woven polypropylene geotextile sewn material. The Silt Sack must be able to handle flows of at least 180 gallons per minute per square foot, fit any sized catch basin or drop inlet, and be UV resistant.

The Silt Sack product shall be one of the following or an approved equal:

- 1. <u>Siltsack®</u>
- 2. Dandy Sack®
- 3. FleXstorm Catch-It[™]
- 4. PIG®Sediment-Drain Filter
- 5. ACF Environmental Silt Sack

The Sediment Control System at Catch Basin must have the following features: two dump straps attached at the bottom to facilitate the emptying of the Silt Sack and lifting straps to be used to lift the Silt Sack from the catch basin or drop inlet. The Silt Sack shall have a restraint cord approximately halfway up to keep the sides away from the catch basin or drop inlet walls. When required, a curb deflector shall be installed as directed by the Engineer.

Product Data for the Silt Sack to be used by the Contractor must be submitted for review and acceptance by the Engineer or their authorized delegate prior to the installation on-Site.

Construction Methods: The Contractor shall install the Silk Sack per the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations at each catch basin or drop inlet as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer to provide inlet protection to prevent silt, sediment, or debris from entering the stormwater drainage system.

When the Silt Sack becomes 1/2 full of accumulated sediment, the Contractor shall empty, clean, and replace the Silt Sack back into the catch basin or drop inlet. Sediment emptied shall be considered unsuitable material and be disposed of at an off-Site approved upland facility per federal, State, and local environmental laws and regulations.

At the completion of the Project, the Contractor shall remove all Silt Sacks within the Project limits. Any spilled sediment material during removal operations shall be removed by the Contractor at no cost to the State. **Method of Measurement:** Sediment Control System at Catch Basin will be measured as each installed, maintained, accepted, and removed. There will be no separate measurement for maintenance or replacement associated with this item.

Basis of Payment: The item "Sediment Control System at Catch Basin" will be paid at the Contract unit price for each completed system in place and accepted, which price shall include installing, maintaining, replacing, removal of material, off-Site disposal of accumulated material, materials, equipment, tools, and labor incidental thereto.

The cost of installing hay bales, geotextile, check dam, or fiber roll for inlet protection shall be paid for under their respective Contract item or special provision.

Pay Item Sediment Control System at Catch Basin Pay Unit ea.

ITEM #0406303A - SAWING AND SEALING JOINTS

Description: This work shall consist of sawing bituminous concrete pavement and applying hotapplied asphalt crack sealant to create a sealed pavement joint at the locations specified on the Plans. It shall be constructed in close conformity with the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross sections shown on the Plans or established by the Engineer.

Materials:

1. <u>Crack Seal:</u> The crack seal material shall be composed of a hot-applied asphalt meeting ASTM D6690 Type II requirements.

Prior to the start of work, the Contractor shall submit a Materials Certification (MC) in accordance with Article 1.06.07 certifying the joint seal material meets these requirements. The Contractor must submit to the Engineer all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) from the material manufacturer prior to the commencement of work.

2. <u>Blotting Agent – Detackifier:</u> This material shall be a fine-graded granular material with 100% aggregate passing the 3/16-inch sieve and no more than 5% passing the #200 sieve when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 27 and T 11.

The material shall be one recommended by the supplier of the crack sealant and shall be used as recommended by the supplier, except that no paper, cotton, or other organic materials will be allowed. Product Data shall be submitted to the Engineer for review in accordance with Article 1.05.02.

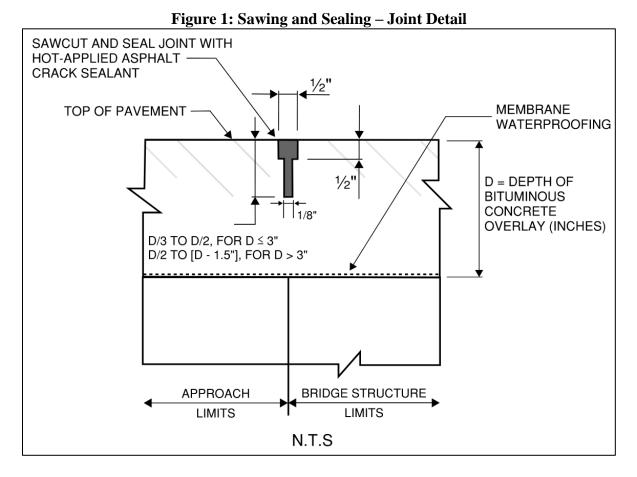
Construction Methods: The sawing and sealing operation shall proceed in accordance with the requirements of the "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic" and "Prosecution and Progress" specifications.

- 1. <u>Equipment:</u> The equipment used by the Contractor shall include the following:
 - a. Saw and Blades: A minimum of one (1) power saw shall be used for the cutting of bituminous concrete. The saw shall be capable of providing straight, clean cuts of uniform depth and width to the dimensions shown on the Plans. The saw(s) shall be capable of making both a single, deeper cut (for reflective crack control) as well as a wider, shallower cut (to form the upper sealant reservoir), in one single pass, using multiple blades mounted side-by-side in "gang blade" arrangement. The saw shall have diamond-tipped blades.
 - b. Melter Applicator: This shall consist of a boiler kettle equipped with pressure pump, hose, and applicator wand; the boiler kettle may be a combination melter and pressurized applicator of a double-boiler type with space between the inner and outer shells filled with heat transfer oil. Heat transfer oil shall have a flash point of not less than 600°F. The kettle shall include a temperature control indicator. The kettle shall be

capable of maintaining the crack seal material at the manufacturer's specified application temperature range. The kettle shall include an insulated applicator hose and application wand. The hose shall be equipped with a shutoff control. The kettle shall include a mechanical full sweep agitator to provide continuous blending. Thermometers shall monitor the material temperature and the heating oil temperature. Thermostatic controls shall allow the operator to regulate material temperature up to at least 425°F.

- c. Application Wand and Squeegee Applicator: The material shall be applied with a wand followed by a squeegee applicator. The squeegee applicator shall be of commercial/industrial quality designed with a "U" shaped configuration. It shall be of a size adequate to strike off, flush with the surrounding pavement surface and without overflow around the sides, all crack seal material placed. This tool shall be either attached to the applicator wand or be a separate long handled tool.
- d. Hot Air Lance: This shall be designed for cleaning and drying the pavement saw cuts. Minimum compressed air capacity shall be 100 psi. The compressed air emitted from the tip of the lance shall be oil free and capable of achieving a temperature of at least 1500°F.
- 2. <u>Weather Requirements:</u> Work shall be performed only when the pavement is dry. No frost, snow, ice, or standing water may be present on the roadway surface or within the pavement saw cuts. The ambient temperature must be at least 40°F during field application operations.
- 3. <u>Material Mixing Procedure</u>: The prepackaged material shall be added to the melter applicator in the presence of the Engineer. It shall then be mixed and heated to the recommended application temperature. The crack sealant shall never exceed 400°F.
- 4. <u>Delineation of Transverse Joints</u>: Prior to the sawing and sealing operation, the Contractor shall establish sufficient controls to determine the exact location of each transverse joint. This shall include setting markers at each joint to reference its location and alignment, while having each of these markers tied. Survey shall be established while the joint elements are exposed and must be done <u>before</u> placement of the proposed pavement, base, or other fill materials. A written procedure for this work shall be submitted to the Engineer for review prior to commencement.
- 5. <u>Cutting of Bituminous Concrete:</u> Saw cutting shall be performed a minimum of 48 hours and a maximum of 5 days after the surface lift of the bituminous concrete overlay is placed. After final paving is completed, the proposed saw cut lines shall be marked on the overlay by the Contractor. The saw cut lines must be approved by the Engineer before performing the work.

The joint shall consist of a gang-blade saw cut made in a single pass and shall span from edgeof-road to edge-of-road, as shown on the Plans. The cuts shall be made using blades of appropriate thickness to achieve the joint detail shown in Figure 1.



The inner 1/8-inch-wide cut shall be made in a straight line across the pavement directly over the transverse joint. For total bituminous concrete overlay depths of 3 inches and less, the depth of the inner saw cut shall be between one third (D/3) and one half (D/2) the specified depth of the overlay as shown on the Plans. For total overlay depths exceeding 3 inches, the minimum required depth of the inner saw cut shall be one half (D/2) the specified depth of the bituminous concrete overlay as shown on the Plans, and a maximum of 1.5 inches above the bottom of the overlay (D – 1.5"). The saw cut shall not damage or impact any portion of the membrane waterproofing, bridge deck, joint, or other structural element.

The outer cuts shall be made using a gang blade arrangement within the same pass as the inner cut to form the 1/2-inch by 1/2-inch upper reservoir and properly support the installation of the sealant.

The saw cut shall provide straight, clean vertical faces with no cracking, tearing, or breakage along the cut edge.

6. <u>Saw Cut Preparation:</u> Saw cuts to be sealed shall be treated with a hot air lance immediately prior to application of the crack seal material. Two (2) passes minimum shall be made with the hot air lance. There shall be no more than 10 minutes between the second hot air lance treatment and the material application.

The use of the hot air lance is not intended to heat the saw cut. It is to be used to blow all debris from the saw cut to the depths specified below and to remove any latent moisture from the saw cut until the inside of the saw cut is completely dry as determined by the Engineer. "Moisture" does not include standing water. The hot air lance is not to be used to boil off or blow standing water from the bottom of a saw cut. If standing water is present in the bottom of any saw cut, the sealing operation shall be postponed until such time that the standing water evaporates naturally. The Contractor may use compressed, oil-free air (not heated) to blow standing water from a saw cut to help accelerate the natural evaporation process. If standing water remains after using compressed air, the saw cut shall be allowed to dry naturally until remaining standing water evaporates. The hot air lance shall be used after visible water has evaporated. If a saw cut is already completely dry as determined by the Engineer, the hot air lance shall be operated at its lowest temperature possible.

7. <u>Crack Sealing</u>: Immediately after saw cuts have been prepared, they shall be filled to refusal along their entire length with the crack sealant material. The treatment material shall be maintained at the manufacturer's specified/recommended application temperature range at all times. The sealing operation shall be suspended if the temperature of the crack seal material falls outside the specified temperature range and shall remain suspended until the crack seal material is brought within the specified range.

Sealed saw cuts shall be squeegeed immediately following application of the crack sealant material, striking the excess even with the adjacent pavement surface. There shall be no build-up of treatment material above or adjacent to the crack. If the initial application of crack sealant material fails to fill the saw cut or shrinks upon cooling with a depression of 1/8 inch or greater, a second application of sealant shall be placed. Care shall be taken during the sealing operation to ensure that overfilling and spilling of material is avoided.

- 8. <u>Protection of Sealed Joints:</u> Traffic shall not be permitted on the pavement until the crack seal material is set, so that the material does not deform or track and be pulled out by tires. If work under this item is not followed by placement of an overlay of any kind, a detackifier or blotting agent shall be used. If the work under this item is being performed prior to placing a surface treatment (e.g., chip seal), a detackifier or blotting agent will not be allowed.
- 9. <u>Removal and Disposal of Material:</u> All debris generated from the operations described above shall be removed by the Contractor. Treatment material remaining in the Contractor's kettle at the end of the work shift shall be discarded. Treatment material shall not be re-heated for use in subsequent crack sealing applications unless permitted by the Engineer. All debris and surplus treatment material shall be properly disposed of in accordance with Article 1.10.03 and State of Connecticut regulations.
- 10. <u>Acceptance of Work:</u> When work is complete, an inspection shall be scheduled. The Engineer will note all deficiencies including areas exhibiting adhesion failure, cohesion failure, tracking of sealant material, locations of missing, incompletely, or incorrectly constructed joints, or other factors that show the work is not acceptable. Work identified by the Engineer as not acceptable shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer upon completion of any corrective work performed.

Any reflective cracking attributable to improper joint referencing or construction methods shall be repaired at the expense of the Contractor, in a manner approved by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured by the total number of linear feet of sawn and sealed joints, verified and accepted by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot for "Sawing and Sealing Joints" complete and accepted in place. The price shall include all submittals, materials, equipment, tools, and labor incidental thereto. No payment will be made to the Contractor prior to submittal of required documents.

Pay Item Sawing and Sealing Joints Pay Unit 1.f.

ITEM #0406312A – GUTTER LINE SEALING FOR BRIDGES

Description: This work shall consist of applying hot-applied asphalt crack sealant along the gutter line of bridges after paving to seal the joint between the bituminous concrete overlay and parapet, curb, or barrier at the locations and to the limits shown on the Plans.

Materials:

1. <u>Crack Seal:</u> The crack seal material shall be composed of a hot-applied asphalt meeting ASTM D6690 Type II requirements.

Prior to the start of work, the Contractor shall submit a Materials Certification (MC) in accordance with Article 1.06.07 certifying the joint seal material meets these requirements. The Contractor must submit to the Engineer all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) from the material manufacturer prior to the commencement of work.

2. <u>Blotting Agent – Detackifier:</u> This material shall be a fine-graded granular material with 100% aggregate passing the 3/16-inch sieve and no more than 5% passing the #200 sieve when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 27 and T 11.

The material shall be as recommended by the supplier of the crack sealant and shall be used as recommended by the supplier, except that no paper, cotton, or other organic materials will be allowed. Product Data shall be submitted to the Engineer for review in accordance with Article 1.05.02.

Construction Methods: The sealing operation shall proceed in accordance with the requirements of the "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic" and "Prosecution and Progress" specifications.

- 1. <u>Equipment:</u> The equipment used by the Contractor shall include the following:
 - a. Melter Applicator: This shall consist of a boiler kettle equipped with pressure pump, hose, and applicator wand; the boiler kettle may be a combination melter and pressurized applicator of a double-boiler type with space between the inner and outer shells filled with heat transfer oil. Heat transfer oil shall have a flash point of not less than 600°F. The kettle shall include a temperature control indicator. The kettle shall be capable of maintaining the crack seal material at the manufacturer's specified application temperature range. The kettle shall include an insulated applicator hose and application wand. The hose shall be equipped with a shutoff control. The kettle shall include a mechanical full sweep agitator to provide continuous blending. Thermometers shall monitor the material temperature and the heating oil temperature. Thermostatic controls shall allow the operator to regulate material temperature up to at least 425°F.
 - b. Application Wand and Squeegee Applicator: The material shall be applied with a wand followed by a squeegee applicator. The squeegee applicator shall be of

commercial/industrial quality and be designed with a configuration to properly strike off the sealant placed along the gutter line of the bridge, adjacent bituminous concrete overlay and parapet, curb, or barrier to the dimensions specified. It shall be of a size adequate to strike off, flush with the surrounding areas, all crack seal material placed. This tool shall be either attached to the applicator wand or be a separate long handled tool.

- c. Hot Air Lance: This shall be designed for cleaning and drying the pavement edge along the curb parapet or barrier. Minimum compressed air capacity shall be 100 psi. The oil-free compressed air emitted from the tip of the lance shall be oil free and capable of achieving a temperature of at least 1500°F.
- 2. <u>Weather Requirements:</u> The pavement shall be dry without frost, snow, ice, or standing water on the roadway surface and within the areas to be sealed. The ambient temperature must be at least 40°F and rising during application.
- 3. <u>Material Mixing Procedure:</u> The prepackaged material shall be added to the melter applicator in the presence of the Engineer. It shall then be mixed and heated to the recommended application temperature. The crack sealant shall never exceed 400°F. The treatment material shall be maintained at the manufacturer's specified/recommended application temperature range during application. The sealing operation shall be suspended if the temperature of the crack sealant falls outside the specified temperature range and shall remain suspended until the crack sealant is brought within the specified range.
- 4. <u>Delineation of Areas to be Sealed</u>: Prior to the sealing operation, the Contractor shall locate and mark out the start and end limits of the work. The sealing shall span the entire length of the structure and be done along each side of the bridge such that both gutter lines are completely sealed, as shown on the Plans. Sealing shall be performed after the surface lift of the bituminous concrete overlay is placed, at a time determined by the Engineer, not to exceed 4 weeks after final paving is completed. The sealing operation shall not damage or otherwise negatively impact the performance of any portion of the overlay, membrane waterproofing, bridge deck, joint, or other structural element.

<u>Sealing Preparation:</u> Areas to be sealed shall be treated with a hot air lance prior to application of the crack seal material. A minimum of two (2) passes shall be made. Within 10 minutes of the second hot air lance treatment the sealant shall be applied. The use of the hot air lance is not intended to heat the areas to be sealed. It is to be used to blow away all debris and remove any latent moisture from the areas to be sealed until the area is completely dry as determined by the Engineer. "Moisture" does not include standing water. The hot air lance is not to be used to boil off or blow standing water. If standing water is present, the sealing operation shall be postponed until such time that the standing water evaporates naturally. The Contractor may use compressed, oil-free air (not heated) to blow standing water to help accelerate the natural evaporation process. If standing water remains after using compressed air, the area shall be allowed to dry naturally until remaining standing water evaporates. The hot air lance shall be used after visible water has evaporated. If an area is already completely dry as determined by the Engineer, the hot air lance shall be operated at its lowest temperature possible.

The parapet, curb, or barrier face shall be masked off above the sealant line to ensure straight, clean, and neat lines are provided along the vertical surface and that crack seal material is placed within the dimensions specified below.

- 5. <u>Sealing Operation</u>: Once prepared, all specified areas shall be sealed along their entire length with the crack seal applicator. Crack seal shall be placed 2 inches up onto the parapet, curb, or barrier face and 4 to 6 inches onto the adjacent bituminous concrete overlay. There shall be no build-up of sealant material above or adjacent to the sealed areas beyond these limits. Sealed areas are to be flattened with the squeegee applicator immediately following application of the crack sealant, striking excess material flat and even with the adjacent surface(s). If the initial application of crack sealant fails to fill the area flush or shrinks upon cooling with a depression of 1/8 inch or greater, additional applications of sealant shall be placed where necessary. Care shall be taken during the sealing operation to ensure that overfilling and spilling of material is avoided.
- 6. <u>Protection of Sealed Areas:</u> Traffic shall not be permitted on the sealed area of pavement along the gutter line until the crack sealant is set, so that the material does not deform or track and be pulled out by tires. If work under this item is not followed by placement of an overlay of any kind, a detackifier or blotting agent shall be used. If the work under this item is being performed prior to placing a surface treatment (e.g., chip seal), a detackifier or blotting agent will not be allowed.
- 7. <u>Removal and Disposal of Material:</u> All debris generated from the operations described above shall be removed by the Contractor. Treatment material remaining in the Contractor's kettle at the end of the work shift shall be properly discarded. Treatment material shall not be re-heated for use in subsequent crack sealing applications unless permitted by the Engineer. All debris and surplus treatment material shall be properly disposed of in accordance with Article 1.10.03 and State of Connecticut regulations.
- 8. <u>Acceptance of Work:</u> When work is complete, an inspection shall be scheduled. The Engineer will note all deficiencies including areas exhibiting adhesion failure, cohesion failure, tracking of sealant material, locations of missing, incompletely or incorrectly constructed sealant, or other factors that show the work is not acceptable. Work identified by the Engineer as not acceptable shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer upon completion of any corrective work performed.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured by the total number of linear feet sealed, verified and accepted by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot for "Gutter Line Sealing for Bridges" complete and accepted in place. The price shall include all submittals, materials, equipment, tools, and labor incidental thereto. No payment will be made to the Contractor prior to submittal of required documents.

Pay Item Gutter Line Sealing for Bridges Pay Unit 1.f.

<u>ITEM #0406315A – 80 MIL PAVEMENT MARKING GROOVE 7" WIDE</u> ITEM #0406316A – 80 MIL PAVEMENT MARKING GROOVE 9" WIDE

Description:

Work under this item shall consist of grooving the pavement surface in continuous or intermittent intervals for the placement of recessed pavement markings. Unless otherwise noted, the groove shall be 1 inch wider than the anticipated pavement marking. The groove for double-yellow centerline markings shall consist of two grooves, each 5 inches wide.

Groove Width: 5 inches wide for 4-inch markings 7 inches wide for 6-inch markings
9 inches wide for 8-inch markings
Groove Depth: 0.080 inches ± 0.010 inches

The groove shall not be installed continuously for intermittent (Dotted Lines and Broken Lane Lines) pavement markings, but only where markings are to be applied.

The groove shall not be installed on metal bridge decks, on bridge joints, at drainage structures, at loop detector sawcut locations, or in other areas identified by the Engineer.

Construction Methods:

Equipment:

The grooving equipment shall be equipped with a free-floating, depth-controlled head which provides a consistent groove depth over irregular pavement surfaces. The grooving head shall only be equipped with diamond saw blades. Any ridges in the bottom of the groove shall have a maximum height of 0.015 inches. The grooving equipment shall be capable of installing a groove 6 inches away from any vertical or horizontal obstruction.

<u>Installation</u>: The pavement marking groove shall be installed in accordance with the current CTDOT pavement marking standard drawings.

The Contractor shall establish control points for measuring offsets and pre-marks along the entire distance of pavement being grooved. Prior to installation of the groove, the Contractor shall verify that the equipment is capable of installing the correct width and spacing of the groove. The control points, pre-marks, and equipment will be reviewed by the Engineer prior to commencement of the work.

The groove will be considered defective if any edge of the groove varies more than 0.25 inch in a 10-foot length, or if the alignment of the groove visibly deviates from the normal alignment of the road.

<u>Final Cleaning</u>: The Contractor shall immediately collect all debris and dust resulting from the grooving operation by vacuuming the pavement groove and adjacent pavement surface. Collected debris and any waste material shall be properly disposed of by the Contractor.

The work area shall be returned to a debris-free state prior to re-opening to traffic.

Repair of Unacceptable Groove:

The Contractor shall repair any defective groove(s) to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All work in conjunction with this repair shall be performed at no additional cost to the State.

Pavement Marking Requirements:

The Contractor is required to install permanent pavement markings in the grooves before the lane or roadway is opened to live traffic. If the permanent pavement markings cannot be installed before the lane or roadway is opened to live traffic, the Contractor will need to obtain approval from the Engineer to open the lane or roadway. Liquidated Damages based on Limitation of Operations restrictions will be enforced. If approved by the Engineer, the Contractor will be allowed to open the lane or roadway to live traffic and the Contractor will be required to install temporary hot-applied waterborne pavement markings without glass beads, at their own expense, within 24 hours of opening the lane or roadway. Temporary hot-applied waterborne pavement markings shall be applied at a 5 mil thickness. Within 5 calendar days after the installation of the groove, permanent pavement markings shall be applied in the groove over the temporary hot-applied waterborne pavement markings.

Groove Depth Gauge:

The Contractor shall supply the Engineer with two accurate, easily readable gauges with which to verify groove depth for the duration of the Project. The gauges shall be delivered at least one week prior to the anticipated beginning of grooving operations. Gauges shall be accompanied by the manufacturer's instructions for their use. The gauges will be returned to the Contractor at the conclusion of the Project.

Method of Measurement:

This work will be measured for payment by the number of linear feet of grooves installed in the pavement as ordered and accepted by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot of "Pavement Marking Groove" installed in the pavement and accepted. This price shall include cleaning of the pavement, all materials, equipment, tools, depth gauges, and labor incidental thereto, and disposal of any waste material resulting from the grooving operation.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
80 Mil Pavement Marking Groove 7" Wide	1.f.
80 Mil Pavement Marking Groove 9" Wide	1.f.

ITEM #0406999A - ASPHALT ADJUSTMENT COST

Description: The Asphalt Adjustment Cost will be based on the variance in price for the performance-graded binder component of the following:

- I. Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) and Polymer Modified Asphalt (PMA),
- II. Ultra-Thin Bonded HMA (UTB-HMA) and Ultra-Thin Bonded PMA (UTB-PMA),
- III. Thin Friction Wearing Course (TFWC),
- IV. Binder Rich Intermediate Courses (BRIC) and Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA), and
- V. Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal (ARCS) treatments completed and accepted during the Contract.

The Asphalt Price is available on the Department of Transportation website at: <u>http://www.ct.gov/dot/asphaltadjustment</u>

Construction Methods:

An asphalt adjustment will be applied only if all the following conditions are met per mixture:

- I. For HMA, PMA, TFWC, BRIC, and SMA mixtures:
 - a. The HMA, PMA, TFWC, BRIC, or SMA mixture for which the adjustment would be applied is listed as a Contract item with a pay unit of tons.
 - b. The total quantity for all HMA, PMA, TFWC, BRIC, and SMA mixtures in the Contract or individual purchase order (Department of Administrative Service contract awards) exceeds 1000 tons or the Project duration is greater than 6 months.
 - c. The difference between the posted *Asphalt Base Price* and *Asphalt Period Price* varies by more than \$5.00 per ton.
- II. For UTB-HMA and UTB-PMA mixtures:
 - a. The UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA mixture for which the adjustment would be applied is listed as a Contract item.
 - b. The total quantity for the UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA mixture in the Contract exceeds: i. 800 tons if the UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA item has a pay unit of tons,
 - ii. 30,000 square yards if the UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA item has a pay unit of square yards, or
 - iii. the Project duration is greater than 6 months.
 - Note: The quantity of UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA measured in tons shall be determined from the material documentation requirements set forth in the UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA item specification.
 - c. The difference between the posted *Asphalt Base Price* and *Asphalt Period Price* varies by more than \$5.00 per ton.
 - d. No Asphalt Adjustment Cost will be applied to the liquid emulsion that is specified as part of the UTB-HMA or UTB-PMA mixture system.
- III. For Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal (ARCS) treatments:
 - a. The ARCS treatment for which the adjustment would be applied is listed as a Contract item.

- b. The total quantity for the ARCS treatment in the Contract exceeds 30,000 square yards or the Project duration is greater than 6 months.
 - Note: The quantity of asphalt binder measured in tons used for the Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal treatment shall be determined from the material documentation requirements set forth in the ARCS item specification. The Asphalt Adjustment Cost will also be applied to the asphalt binder used to pre-coat the cover aggregate as part of the ARCS and will be considered as a portion of the total tons of binder for the treatment. The additional quantity of binder measured in tons will be determined based on a percentage of the cover aggregate weight per the requirements set forth in the ARCS item specification.
- c. The difference between the posted *Asphalt Base Price* and *Asphalt Period Price* varies by more than \$5.00 per ton.

Regardless of the binder used in all mixtures or treatments, the Asphalt Adjustment Cost will be based on PG 64-22.

The Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT) will post on its website, the average per ton selling price (asphalt price) of the performance-graded binder. The average is based on the high and low selling price published in the most recent available issue of the **Asphalt Weekly Monitor**® furnished by Poten & Partners, Inc. under the "East Coast Market – New England, New Haven, Connecticut area," F.O.B. manufacturer's terminal.

The selling price furnished from the Asphalt Weekly Monitor ® is based on United States dollars per standard ton (US\$/ST).

Method of Measurement:

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Formula A: HMA x [PG%/100] x [(Period Price - Base Price)] = $_____
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Where:

Α.

- HMA:
 - 1. For HMA, PMA, UTB-HMA, UTB-PMA, TFWC, BRIC, and SMA mixtures with pay units of tons:

The quantity in tons of accepted HMA, PMA, UTB-HMA, UTB-PMA, TFWC, BRIC, or SMA mixture measured and accepted for payment.

- 2. For UTB-HMA and UTB-PMA mixtures with pay units of square yards: The quantity of UTB-HMA and UTB-PMA mixture delivered, placed, and accepted for payment, calculated in tons as reported according to the Material Documentation provision of the UTB-HMA and UTB-PMA specification.
- *Asphalt Base Price*: The asphalt price posted on the CTDOT website 28 days before the actual bid opening posted.
- *Asphalt Period Price*: The asphalt price posted on the CTDOT website during the period the HMA, PMA, UTB-HMA, UTB-PMA, TFWC, BRIC, or SMA mixture was placed.
- **PG%** (Performance-Graded Binder percentage):
 - 1. For HMA or PMA mixes:
 - PG% = 4.5 for HMA S1 and PMA S1

- PG% = <u>5.0</u> for HMA S0.5 and PMA S0.5
- PG% = <u>6.0</u> for HMA S0.375, PMA S0.375, HMA S0.25 and PMA S0.25
- 2. For UTB-HMA, UTB-PMA, TFWC, BRIC, and SMA mixes:
 - PG% = <u>Design % PGB</u> (Performance Graded Binder) in the approved job mix formula, expressed as a percentage to the tenth place (e.g. 5.1%)
- **B.** For Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal:

Formula B: Total Tons x [(*Period Price - Base Price*)] = \$_____

Where:

- *Total tons:* The tons of asphalt binder for each lot of asphalt rubber produced, as reported according to the Testing and Certification article of the specification for Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal, and the tonnage of binder used to coat the cover aggregate calculated as follows: 0.6% x tons of cover aggregate.
- *Asphalt Base Price*: The asphalt price posted on the CTDOT website 28 days before the actual bid opening posted.
- *Asphalt Period Price*: The asphalt price posted on the CTDOT website during the period the Asphalt Rubber Chip Seal mixture was placed.

The Asphalt Adjustment Cost shall not be considered as a changed condition in the Contract as result of this provision since all bidders are notified before submission of bids.

Basis of Payment: The "Asphalt Adjustment Cost" will be calculated using the applicable formula(s) indicated above. A payment will be made for an increase in costs. A deduction from monies due the Contractor will be made for a decrease in costs.

The sum of money shown on the Estimate and in the itemized proposal as "Estimated Cost" for this item will be considered the bid price although the adjustment will be made as described above. The estimated cost figure is not to be altered in any manner by the bidder. If the bidder should alter the amount shown, the altered figure will be disregarded and the original cost figure will be used to determine the amount of the bid for the Contract.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Asphalt Adjustment Cost	est.

ITEM #0520036A - ASPHALTIC PLUG EXPANSION JOINT SYSTEM

Description: Work under this item shall consist of furnishing and installing an asphaltic plug expansion joint system (APJ) in conformance with ASTM D6297, as shown on the plans, and as specified herein.

Work under this item shall also consist of the removal and disposal of bituminous concrete, membrane waterproofing, existing joint components and sealing elements, cleaning and sealing median barrier joints, parapet joints, and sidewalk joints.

Work under this item excludes the removal of Portland cement concrete headers.

Materials: The APJ component materials shall conform to ASTM D6297 and the following:

<u>Aggregate:</u> The aggregate shall meet the following requirements:

- a) Loss on abrasion: The material shall show a loss on abrasion of not more than 25% using AASHTO Method T96.
- b) Soundness: The material shall not have a loss of more than 10% at the end of five cycles when tested with a magnesium sulfate solution for soundness using AASHTO Method T 104.
- c) Gradation: The aggregate shall meet the requirements of Table A below:
- d) Dust: aggregate shall not exceed 0.5% of dust passing the #200 sieve when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-11.

Square Mesh Sieves	1" (25.0 mm)	$\frac{3}{4}$ " (10.0 mm)	$\frac{1/2}{12.5}$ mm)	$\frac{3}{8}$	No. 4 (4.75 mm)
	(23.0 11111)	(17.0 11111)	(12.3 11111)	(3.3 11111)	(4.73 1111)
% passing	100	90 - 100	20 - 55	0 - 15	0 - 5

<u>Table A</u>

A sample of the aggregate shall be submitted to the Department with a Certified Test Report in accordance with Article 1.06.07 for each 20 tons of loose material or its equivalent number of bags delivered to the job site. The Certified Test report must include a gradation analysis resulting from a physical test performed on the actual material that accompanies the report.

<u>Anti-Tacking Material</u>: This material shall be a fine graded granular material with 100% passing the 3/16" sieve and no more than 5% passing the #200 when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-27.

Backer Rod: All backer rods shall satisfy the requirements of ASTM D5249, Type 1.

<u>Bridging Plate:</u> The bridging plates shall be steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A36 and be a minimum $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick and 8" wide. For joint openings in excess of 3" the minimum plate dimensions shall be $\frac{3}{8}$ " thick by 12" wide. Individual sections of plate shall

not exceed 4' in length. Steel locating pins for securing the plates shall be size 16d minimum, hot-dip galvanized, and spaced no more than 12" apart.

<u>Concrete Leveling Material</u>: Shall be a cementitious-based material that conforms to ASTM C928 Standard Specification for Packaged, Dry, Rapid-Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repair, for R3 performance requirements in Table 1 and achieve the following:

- a. Final set in 45 Minutes
- b. 2500 psi compressive strength in 24 hours
- c. 5000 psi compressive strength in 7 days

<u>Parapet Sealant</u>: The sealant used in parapet joint openings shall be a single component nonsag silicone sealant that conforms to the requirements of ASTM D5893.

<u>Sidewalk Sealant:</u> The sealant used in sidewalk joint openings shall be a rapid cure, selfleveling, cold applied, two-component silicone sealant. The silicone sealant shall conform to the requirements listed in Table B:

Properties - As Supplied	Test Method	Requirement
Extrusion Rate	ASTM C1183	200-600 grams/min
Leveling	ASTM C639	Self-Leveling
Specific Gravity	ASTM D792	1.20 to 1.40
Properties - Mixed	Test Method	Requirement
Tack Free Time	ASTM C679	60 min. max.
Joint Elongation –	ASTM D5329 ^{1,2,3}	600% min
Adhesion to concrete		
Joint Modulus @	ASTM D5329 ^{1,2,3}	15 psi max
100% elongation		
Cure Evaluation	ASTM D5893	Pass @ 5 hours

Table B

- 1. Specimens cured at $77\pm3^{\circ}F$ and $50\pm5\%$ relative humidity for 7 days
- 2. Specimens size: ¹/₂"wide by ¹/₂"thick by 2" long
- 3. Tensile Adhesion test only

The date of manufacture shall be provided with each lot. No sealant shall be used beyond its maximum shelf-life date.

The two-part silicone sealants shown in Table C are known to have met the specified requirements:

Table C

Product	Supplier
Dow Corning 902RCS	Dow Corning Corporation
	2200 W Salzburg Road
	Auburn, Michigan 48611
	BASF/Watson Bowman Acme Corporation
Wabo SiliconeSeal	95 Pineview Drive
	Amherst, New York 14228

Other two-component silicone joint sealants expressly manufactured for use with concrete that conform to the aforementioned ASTM requirements will be considered for use provided they are submitted in advance for approval to the Engineer. Other joint sealants will be considered for use only if a complete product description is submitted, as well as documentation describing at least five installations of the product. These documented installations must demonstrate that the product has performed successfully for at least three years on similar bridge expansion joint applications.

A Materials Certificate and Certified Test Report for the asphaltic binder shall be submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of Article 1.06.07 certifying that the asphaltic binder satisfies the requirements of the most current version of ASTM D6297.

A Materials Certificate for all other components of the APJ, leveling material, backer rod and sealant used in sealing parapet and sidewalk joint openings, shall be submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of Article 1.06.07

Construction Methods: The APJ shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans and in stages in accordance with the traffic requirements in the special provisions "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic" and "Prosecution and Progress".

At least 30 days prior to start of the work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a detailed Quality Control Plan for the installation of the APJ. The submittal shall include:

- a) A list of all manufactured materials and their properties to be incorporated in the joint system, including, but not limited to the asphaltic binder, anti-tack material, backer rod, sealant, leveling material, as well as the aggregate's source.
- b) A detailed step by step installation procedure and a list of the specific equipment to be used for the installation. The Quality Control Plan must fully comply with the specifications and address all anticipated field conditions, including periods of inclement weather.

The APJ shall not be installed when bituminous concrete overlay or joint cutout is wet. The APJ shall only be installed when the bridge superstructure surface temperature is within the limits specified in Table D and when the ambient air temperature is within the range of 45° F to 95° F.

The bridge superstructure surface temperature range is determined using the thermal movement range provided on the contract plans for the proposed APJ deck installation location and the selected APJ product.

Installation Restrictions		
Designed Deck Joint Thermal Movement Range ²	Bridge Superstructure Surface Temperature ¹	
0" to 1"	45° F to 95° F	
1-1/8"	45° F to 90° F	
1-1/4"	45° F to 80° F	
1-3/8"	45° F to 70° F	
1-1/2"	45° F to 65° F	

Table	D

- The superstructure surface temperature shall be determined from the average of three or more surface temperature readings taken at different locations on the interior girder surfaces by the Contractor as directed by the Engineer. Temperature measurements of the superstructure shall be taken by the contractor with a calibrated hand held digital infrared laser-sighted thermometer on the surfaces of an interior steel girder, or interior concrete girder protected from direct sunlight. The infrared thermometer to be supplied by the Contractor for this purpose shall meet certification requirements of EN61326-1, EN61010-1, and EN60825-1 maintained by the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). The thermometer shall have a minimum distance-to-spot ratio of 50:1 and shall have adjustable emissivity control. The thermometer shall have a minimum accuracy value of ±1% of reading or ±2°F, whichever is greater. The thermometer shall be used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's written directions. An additional infrared thermometer satisfying the same standards to be used in this application shall also be provided to the Engineer for quality assurance purposes.
- 2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine an allowable surface temperature range for thermal movement ranges in between values shown in the table, as approved by the Engineer.

Prior to installing the APJ, the Contractor shall determine the exact location of the deck joint beneath the bituminous concrete overly.

The APJ shall be installed symmetrically about the deck joint opening to the dimensions shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer; not to exceed 24 inches measured perpendicular to the deck joint. The proposed saw cut lines shall be marked on the bituminous concrete overlay by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer, prior to saw-cutting. The saw-cuts delineating the edges of the APJ shall extend full depth of the bituminous concrete overlay.

The existing bituminous concrete overlay, waterproofing membrane and/or existing expansion joint material, within the saw cut limits shall be removed and disposed of by the Contractor to create the joint cutout.

Concrete surfaces that will support the bridging plates shall be smooth and form a plane along and across the deck joint. Rough or damaged concrete surfaces shall be repaired with a leveling compound meeting the requirements of this specification. Deteriorated concrete areas within the joint limits shall be repaired as directed by the Engineer: such repairs, when deemed necessary by the Engineer, shall be compensated for under the applicable concrete deck repair items in the Contract. The existing and repaired concrete surfaces shall provide continuous uniform support for the bridging plate and prevent the plate from rocking and deflecting.

Prior to the installation of the backer rod, all horizontal and vertical surfaces of the joint cutout shall be abrasive blast cleaned using an oil-free, compressed air supply. The entire cutout shall then be cleared of all loose blast media, dust, debris and moisture using an oil-free, hot air lance capable of producing an air stream at 3,000°F with a velocity of 3,000 feet per second.

A single backer rod, with a diameter at least 25% greater than the existing joint opening at the time of installation, shall be installed at an inch below the bridging plate in the existing deck joint opening between the concrete edges.

Asphaltic binder shall be heated to a temperature within the manufacturer's recommended application temperature range which shall be provided in the Quality Control Plan. During application, the temperature of the binder shall be maintained within this range. In no case shall the temperature of the binder go below 350° F nor exceed the manufacturer's recommended maximum heating temperature.

Asphaltic binder shall then be poured into the joint opening until it completely fills the gap above the backer rod. A thin layer of binder shall next be applied to the all horizontal and vertical surfaces of the joint cutout.

Bridging plates shall be abrasive blast-cleaned on-site prior to installation and then placed over the deck joint opening in the joint cutout. The plates shall be centered over the joint opening and secured with locating pins along its centerline. The plates shall be placed end to end, without overlap, such that the gap between plates does not exceed ¹/₄". The plates shall extend to the gutter line and be cut to match the joint's skew angle, where concrete support exists on both sides of the joint. Within APJ installation limits, where concrete support does not exist at both sides of the joint opening (such as where a bridge deck end abuts a bituminous concrete roadway shoulder), bridging plates shall not be installed. Installed bridging plates shall not rock or deflect in any way. After installation of bridging plates, a thin layer of asphaltic binder shall be applied to all exposed surfaces of the plates.

The remainder of the joint cutout shall then be filled with a mixture of hot asphaltic binder and aggregate prepared in accordance with the submitted Quality Control Plan and the following requirements:

- The aggregate shall be heated in a vented, rotating drum mixer by the use of a hotcompressed air lance to a temperature of between 370° F. to 380° F. This drum mixer shall be dedicated solely for the heating and, if necessary, supplemental cleaning of the aggregate. Venting of the gas and loose dust particles shall be accomplished through ¹/₄" drilled holes spaced no more than 3" on center in any direction along the entire outside surface of the drum
- Once the aggregate has been heated, it shall then be transferred to a secondary drum mixer where it shall be fully coated with asphaltic binder. A minimum of two gallons of binder per 100lbs of stone is required.
- The temperature of the aggregate and binder shall be monitored by the contractor with a calibrated digital infrared thermometer.
- The coated aggregate shall be loosely placed in the joint cutout in lifts not to exceed 2 inches.
- Each lift shall be leveled, compacted and then flooded with hot asphaltic binder to the level of the aggregate to fill all voids in the coated aggregate layer. The surface of each lift shall be flooded until only the tips of the aggregate protrude out of the surface.
- The final lift shall be placed such that no stones shall project above the level of the adjacent overlay surface following compaction of the coated aggregate.
- Following installation of the final lift, sufficient time and material shall be provided to allow all voids in the mixture to fill. This step may be repeated as needed.
- The joint shall then be top-dressed by heating the entire area with a hot-compressed air lance and applying binder. The final joint surface must be smooth with no protruding stones and be absent of voids.
- Once top-dressed, the joint shall have an anti-tack material spread evenly over the entire surface to prevent tracking.

The Contractor shall be responsible for removing all binder material that leaks through the joint and is deposited on any bridge component, including underside of decks, headers, beams, diaphragms, bearings, abutments and piers.

Traffic shall not be permitted over the joint until it has cooled to 130° F when measured with a digital infrared thermometer. Use of water to cool the completed joint is permitted.

Sidewalk, parapet, and/or curb joint openings

Before placement of any sealing materials in parapets, curbs, or sidewalks, the joints shall be thoroughly cleaned of all scale, loose concrete, dirt, dust, or other foreign matter by abrasive blast cleaning. Residual dust and moisture shall then be removed by blasting with oil free compressed air using a hot air lance. Projections of concrete into the joint space shall also be removed. The backer rod shall be installed in the joint as shown on the plans. The joint shall be clean and dry before the joint sealant is applied. Under no circumstances is the binder material to be used as a substitute for the joint sealant.

Whenever abrasive blast cleaning is performed under this specification, the Contractor shall take adequate measures to ensure that the abrasive blast cleaning will not cause damage to adjacent traffic or other facilities.

The joint sealant shall be prepared and placed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and with the equipment prescribed by the manufacturer. Extreme care shall be taken to ensure that the sealant is placed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended thickness requirements.

The joint sealant shall be tooled, if required, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Primer, if required, shall be supplied by the sealant manufacturer and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

When the sealing operations are completed, the joints shall be effectively sealed against infiltration of water. Any sealant which does not effectively seal against water shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Any installed joint that exhibits evidence of failure, as determined by the Engineer, such as debonding, cracking, rutting, or shoving of the APJ mixture shall be removed and replaced full-width and full-depth to a length determined by the Engineer at no additional cost to the State.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the number of cubic feet of "Asphaltic Plug Expansion Joint System" installed and accepted within approved horizontal limits. No additional measurement will be made for furnishing and installing backer rod and joint sealant in the parapets, concrete medians, curbs and/or sidewalks.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic foot for "Asphaltic Plug Expansion Joint System," complete in place, which price shall include the sawcutting, removal and disposal of bituminous concrete, membrane waterproofing, existing joint components and sealing elements, the furnishing and placement of the leveling compound, cleaning of the joint surfaces, furnishing and installing bridging plates, the furnishing and installing of the asphaltic plug joint mixture, the cost of furnishing and installing joint sealant in the parapets, concrete medians, curbs and sidewalks, and all other materials, equipment including, but not limited to, portable lighting, tools, and labor incidental thereto. No additional payment shall be made for the 12" wide bridging plates that are required for deck joint openings with widths in excess of 3".

If directed by the Engineer, additional deck repairs will be addressed and paid for under the applicable concrete deck repair items in the Contract.

ITEM #0520041A - PREFORMED JOINT SEAL

Description: Work under this item consists of furnishing and installing a preformed joint seal as shown on the plans. Work also includes a pre-installation survey to measure the pavement depth at all locations where the joint meets the curb.

Materials: One of the following Preformed Joint Seals specified on the plans shall be supplied:

V-Shaped Silicone Seals:

- Silicoflex: RJ Watson, Inc. 11035 Walden Ave Alden, New York 14004 Tel: (716) 901-7020 Website: <u>http://www.rjwatson.com</u>
- <u>V-Seal:</u> D.S. Brown Company 300 East Cherry Street North Baltimore, Ohio 45872 Tel: (419) 257-3561 Website: <u>http://www.dsbrown.com</u>

Foam-Supported Silicone Seals:

- Bridge Expansion Joint System (B.E.J.S.): EMSEAL Joint Systems Ltd.
 25 Bridle Lane, Westborough, MA 01581 Tel: (508) 836-0280 Website: <u>http://www.emseal.com</u>
- 4. Wabo FS Bridge Seal Watson Bowman Acme Corp.
 95 Pineview Drive Amherst, NY 14228 Tel: (716) 691-9239 Website: https://www.watsonbowmanacme.com/products/wabo-fs-bridge-seal

When foam-supported silicone joint seals are the only type allowed on the plans (such as at bridge joints that extend through sidewalks), the CTDOT will consider products from other foam-supported silicone joint manufacturers, if the products have been installed by another State Department of Transportation, are functioning successfully in a similar climate to Connecticut's for at least one year, and are deemed by the CTDOT to be suitable for use in the specific application for which the Contractor is requesting. To be considered, the Contractor shall submit documentation indicating the product name, manufacturer, the contact information for a Department of Transportation official who can confirm the successful installation and continued success of the product, the date of installation and the nature of the installation, including thermal movement range and skew of the installed joint.

A Materials Certificate for all components of the selected preformed joint seal shall be submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of Article 1.06.07

Construction Methods: All work at each joint location shall be accomplished in accordance with "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic" and "Prosecution and Progress."

Submittals:

Prior to ordering preformed joint seals, and prior to forming block-outs for the preformed joint seals in the headers, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Engineer:

- The Manufacturer and product information of the selected joint system;
- Material safety data sheets (MSDS) and technical product information;
- Name and credentials of a qualified technical representative supplied by the manufacturer and acceptable to the Engineer. This person shall be available to provide assistance at the beginning of the work and be available to provide training and guidance throughout the project.
- A detailed, step-by-step installation procedure, including surface preparation, splicing of the preformed joint seal, and a list of the specific equipment to be used for the installation.

<u>Installation</u>: The technical representative of the accepted joint system shall be notified of the scheduled installation a minimum of 2 weeks in advance and be present to provide direction and assistance for the first joint installation and succeeding joint installations until the Contractor becomes proficient in the work and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The minimum ambient temperature for installing any of the qualified, preformed joint seals is 40° F and rising. When the manufacturer's requirement for minimum installation temperature is greater than 40° F, the manufacturer's requirement will govern.

All concrete surfaces to which sealing glands will be bonded shall be prepared in accordance with International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI) concrete surface profile standards. The minimum acceptable surface profile is CSP2 (grinding), but CSP3 (light abrasive blast) is preferred. Any discontinuities or sharp projections into the plane of the joint shall be ground smooth prior to blasting. Whenever abrasive blast cleaning is performed, the Contractor shall take adequate measures to ensure that the abrasive blast cleaning will not cause damage to adjacent traffic or other facilities. Traffic will not be allowed to pass over the joint after blasting has occurred.

Following blasting, the joint surfaces shall be wiped down or blown clean as recommended by the manufacturer.

The joint surfaces shall be completely dry before installing any of the components of the selected joint seal. The selected joint seal shall not be installed immediately after precipitation or if precipitation is forecast. Joint preparation and installation of the selected preformed joint seal must be done during the same day.

The selected joint sealing system shall be installed continuously with no field splices in the preformed seal in the roadway section, unless field splices are allowed by the manufacturer of the selected preformed joint seal. In no case shall field splices of the preformed joint seal be allowed in a wheel path or within the roadway shoulder. When splices cannot be avoided due to traffic constraints, the splice shall be at a painted lane line.

After the joint seal has been installed, water shall not be able to penetrate the joint. Any joint seal that does not effectively seal against water shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the number of linear feet of preformed joint sealing system installed and accepted. The measurement will be made along the centerline of the joint at the top surface of header, curb, sidewalk and parapet.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot for "Preformed Joint Seal," complete in place, including all materials, equipment, tools, and labor incidental thereto.

The Contract unit price shall include the cost of assistance from a technical representative of the selected joint system.

Pay Item Preformed Joint Seal Pay Unit l.f.

ITEM #0521021A - STEEL-LAMINATED ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS

Section 5.21 is supplemented as follows:

Description: Work under this item shall consist of furnishing and installing steel-laminated elastomeric bearings as shown on the plans, as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with these specifications.

Materials:

Materials shall be in accordance with Section 5.21 and Article M.17.01

Construction Methods:

Construction methods shall be in accordance with Section 5.21, the top of the bearing shall be vulcanized under heat and pressure to a steel load plate to facilitate installation. The steel load plate shall be bolted to sole plate. Field welding will not be allowed for bearing fabrication and installation.

Method of Measurement:

This work will be measured for payment by the volume of elastomeric bearings installed and accepted. No allowance will be made for test bearings.

Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic inch of "Steel-Laminated Elastomeric Bearings", complete in place, which price shall include all bearing pads, test bearings, adhesive, and all materials, testing, equipment, tools and labor incidental thereto.

PayItem Steel-Laminated Elastomeric Bearings PayUnit cu. in.

ITEM #0603861A - TEMPORARY SUPPORT SYSTEM

Description:

Work under this item shall consist of designing, furnishing, placing, and subsequently removing temporary support systems as shown on the plans and accordance with these specifications or as ordered by the Engineer. Temporary support systems shall include super structure support systems and temporary underpinning of abutments.

Materials:

Any proposed material or combination of materials may be used to construct the temporary support systems provided they are properly designed for the purpose intended and are acceptable to the Engineer. Systems utilizing proprietary components shall conform to the manufacturer's specifications and project specifications. The parts list shall be furnished for the proprietary system and the Contractor shall provide the material certificates for the parts.

Construction Methods:

The temporary support system shall be safely designed and constructed as necessary for proper performance of the work. Support of the temporary support system shall be such that it does not damage or otherwise adversely affect the bridge and bridge components. When installed, all elements of the temporary support system shall provide the minimum clearances above the roadway as indicated on the plans. The temporary support system shall account for existing catch basins located within the I-84 median and shall not interfere with drainage to these catch basins.

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility, as part of this item of work, to design and detail the temporary support system to conform to all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.

The Contractor shall submit working drawings, stamped by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Connecticut, in accordance with Subsection 1.05.02 Working Drawings for Temporary Works, of all proposed temporary support system elements to the Engineer for review and acceptance prior to installation. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining field measurements and all information necessary to properly complete the design, at no additional cost to the State.

The working drawings shall include design and details of the temporary support system including all connections, brackets, and fasteners. The various components of the temporary support system shall be designed for the anticipated weight of all personnel, material, equipment, and material to be supported, based on the Contractor's method and sequence of work, but in no case shall be designed for less than 250 pounds per square foot. Vertical elements of the temporary support system shall be designed for anticipated loads including wind, or a minimum of 30 pounds per square foot, whichever is higher. The calculations shall consider the loading effects from the temporary support system on the bridge structure in addition to the design of the temporary

support system itself. The furnishing of such plans shall not serve to relieve the Contractor of any part of his responsibility for the safety of the work or for the successful completion of the project.

The temporary support systems shall be placed and secured against all applicable loads, including wind. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the temporary support system is not secure, the Contractor shall remove and install them to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

All parts of the temporary support systems shall be removed upon completion of the work for which it was provided.

A periodic inspection of the temporary support systems shall be completed by the Contractor as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

This work, being paid for on a lump sum basis, will not be measured for payment.

Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for "Temporary Support System", which price shall include designing, excavating, installing, maintaining, dismantling, removing, and disposing, the temporary support systems, and all materials, equipment, tools, and labor incidental thereto.

A schedule of values for payment shall be submitted to the Department for review and comment prior to payment.

Pay Item Temporary Support System Pay Unit l.s.

ITEM #0707009A - MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING (COLD LIQUID ELASTOMERIC)

Description: Work under this item consists of furnishing and installing a seamless elastomeric waterproofing membrane system applied to a concrete or steel surface as shown on the plans, and as directed by the Engineer. Work shall also include conditioning of the surface to be coated, and all submittals and quality-control testing noted herein.

The completed membrane system shall be comprised of a primer coat, reinforcing material as specified or directed, membrane coating (minimum total thickness of 80 mil and maximum total thickness not to exceed 120 mil), an additional 40 mil membrane layer with aggregate broadcast into the material while still wet, and an application of tack coat.

Materials: The Contractor shall select a waterproofing membrane system from the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL) for Spray-Applied Membrane Waterproofing System. All materials incorporated in the work shall meet the Manufacturer's specification for the chosen system. A Manufacturer is the original source of supply as defined in Article 1.06.01 of CTDOT's Standard Specifications. The Engineer will reject any system that is not on the QPL.

Reinforcing material (to bridge gaps, joints and cracks) shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

Aggregate: The aggregate shall be a nonfriable, durable #8 aggregate stone with no more than one-half percent (0.5%) passing the #200 sieve by weight.

Concrete Deck Repair Material: Depressions greater than ¹/₂ inch that are required to be filled before application of the membrane shall be repaired with a neat repair mortar as approved by the Engineer. If the repair includes engagement of reinforcing steel, the repair shall be performed under separate, appropriate Contract items.

Construction Methods:

1. Submittals:

At least 30 days prior to installation of the membrane system, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the following:

- (a) A Site-specific Installation Plan that includes, but is not limited to, the manufacturer's recommended equipment, materials and procedure for:
 - 1) Authorization by Manufacturer of applicator
 - 2) Safety precautions, SDS documents
 - 3) On site storage of material
 - 4) preparation of the deck surface and recommended surface moisture content at time of priming
 - 5) Pre-treatment or preparation procedure at cracks and gaps, treatment at curbs, vertical surfaces or discontinuities
 - 6) Overspray protections (masking and shielding)

- 7) Method and equipment for taking/calculating onsite temperatures and dewpoint temperatures as well as listing of acceptable temperature and dewpoint ranges for application of primer and/or membrane
- 8) Method and equipment for application of the primer and membrane
- 9) Treatment of already primed areas when delays occur; include allowable time frame for covering already placed primer or treatment if the primed surface is compromised
- 10) Treatment at overlap areas
- 11) Method for placement of the aggregated coat
- 12) All Quality Control (QC Plan) tests and procedures to be performed prior to and during the membrane system's installation
- 13) Recommended repair methods for system non-compliant issues identified during application
- (b) Materials Certificate for the primer, membrane and aggregate in accordance with the requirements of Article 1.06.07.
- (c) Concrete Mix Design: At least two weeks before installation, the Contractor shall submit the concrete mix design to the Engineer for acceptance. For RSCP material, NTPEP lab test data shall be submitted that demonstrates that the concrete mix matches the mix that was tested by NTPEP and meets the pre-qualification criteria in the QPL. This test data shall be submitted with a Materials Certificate and a Certified Test Report in accordance with Article 1.06.07.

Automated mechanical applicators will be considered for approval for use, provided there is a trial installation area to demonstrate that the required thickness can be consistently achieved. The Installation Plan shall identify and differentiate between areas using automated applicators and areas where hand application will be used, such as on vertical surfaces and at areas prior to installation of reinforcing material.

2. A technical representative, in the direct employ of the manufacturer, shall be present on-Site immediately prior to and during application of the membrane. The technical representative shall not be part of the installer crew or a foreman but is on Site solely to assist with QC. The technical representative shall review environmental conditions for proper application, inspect and approve the surface prior to priming, provide guidance on the handling, mixing and addition of components, observe application of the primer and membrane. The technical representative is required to notify the Engineer immediately when conditions are not within acceptable parameters and any further installation will be analyzed by the Engineer under Article 1.06.04. The technical representative shall perform all required QC testing and remain on the Project site until the membrane has fully cured.

All QC testing, including verbal direction or observations at the time of installation, shall be recorded and submitted to the Engineer for inclusion in the Project records. The QC testing data shall be received by the Department's Project personnel prior to any paving over the finished membrane, or within 24 hours following completion of any staged portion of the work.

- 3. Applicator Approval: The Contractor's membrane Applicator shall be fully trained and authorized by the membrane manufacturer and shall have successfully completed at least six spray membrane projects in the past two years. The Contractor shall furnish references from those projects, including names of contact persons and the names, addresses and phone numbers of persons who supervised the projects. This information shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the submittal of the Installation Plan. The Engineer shall have sole authority to determine the adequacy and compliance of the submitted information. Inadequate proof of ability to perform the work will be grounds to reject proposed applicators.
- 4. Job Conditions:
 - (a) Environmental Requirements: Air and substrate temperatures shall be between 40°F and 104°F and the substrate shall be above the dew point. Outside of this range, the Manufacturer shall be consulted.

The Applicator shall be provided with adequate disposal facilities for nonhazardous waste generated during installation of the membrane system. The applicator shall follow safety instructions regarding respirators and safety equipment.

Extra care shall be taken to prevent the introduction of moisture onto the area to be membraned including, but not limited to, locating water rest break areas/devices away from the works, prevent vehicles from accessing the prepared areas that may have AC units that drip water. If there is any potential for moisture to impact application, operations shall cease until conditions warrant proper adherence to specification requirements.

(b) Safety Requirements: All open flames and spark producing equipment shall be removed from the work area prior to commencement of application.

Personnel not involved in membrane application or inspection duties shall be kept out of the work area.

- 5. Delivery, Storage and Handling:
 - (a) Packaging and Shipping: All components of the membrane system shall be delivered to the Site in the Manufacturer's packaging, clearly identified with the product type, lot and batch number, manufactured date and expiry or "Best-used-by Date."
 - (b) Storage and Protection: The Applicator shall be provided with a storage area for all components. The area shall be cool, dry and out of direct sunlight and shall be in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations and relevant health and safety regulations.

Copies of Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for all components shall be kept on Site for review by the Engineer or other personnel.

- (c) Shelf Life Membrane Components: Packaging of all membrane components shall include a shelf-life date sealed by the Manufacturer. No membrane components whose original shelf life has expired shall be used.
- 6. Pre-application Meeting: A minimum one week prior to beginning any membrane waterproofing work, an on-site Pre-application meeting shall be scheduled to review all requirements of the approved Installation Plan. This meeting shall include representatives from the membrane system's Manufacturer and from the Installer as well as the Prime Contractor.
- 7. Surface Preparation:
 - (a) Protection: The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of equipment, adjacent areas, and affected pedestrians/traffic from over spray or other contamination. Permanent highway features adjacent to the work such as, but not limited to, curbs, parapets, sidewalks and bridge joints shall be masked prior to application of the materials.
 - (b) Surface Preparation: Surfaces shall be free of oil, grease, curing compounds, loose particles, moss, algae, growth, laitance, friable matter, dirt, bituminous products, previous waterproofing materials or any material that will affect the proper bonding/adhesion of the membrane to the surface receiving the membrane application. If required, degreasing shall be done by detergent washing in accordance with ASTM D4258.

Sharp peaks and discontinuities within the areas to be coated shall be ground smooth. Any peak greater than ¼ inch above the surface profile of the prepared substrate shall be ground to the surrounding elevation and voids and holes greater than ½" in the surface patched with appropriate material. The surface shall be abrasively cleaned, in accordance with ASTM D4259, to provide a sound substrate free from laitance and shall achieve a Concrete Surface Profile (CSP) as defined by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI) of between 4 and 6. The QC representative shall have on their person and available for use by Department Engineers, a full CSP Chip Set to confirm concrete surface meets above profile requirement. Areas not falling within the noted range shall be re-addressed as needed.

Steel components to receive membrane waterproofing shall be blast cleaned in accordance with the Society of Steel Protective Coatings' SSPC-SP6, Commercial Blast Cleaning, and shall be coated with the membrane waterproofing system within the same work shift.

- 8. Inspection and Testing: Prior to priming of the surface, the Engineer, the Applicator and Manufacturer's technical representative shall inspect and approve the prepared substrate.
 - (a) Random tests for deck moisture content shall be conducted on the substrate by the Contractor at the Site using a "Sovereign Portable Electronic Moisture Master Meter,"

"Tramex CMEXpertII Concrete Moisture Meter" or approved equal. The minimum frequency shall be one test per 1000 s.f. but not less than three tests per shift for each contiguous section worked on during that shift. Additional tests may be required if atmospheric conditions change and retesting of the substrate moisture content is warranted.

The membrane system shall not be installed on substrate with a moisture content greater than 6%, or at a moisture content above the amount recommended by the written submittal installation documentation from the system's Manufacturer.

- (b) The ambient air temperature and dew point temperature readings shall be taken immediately prior to starting any primer or membrane application and continuously throughout the installation process. No primer or membrane application shall be allowed if the difference between the two is 5° deg or less, or is not within the recommended air and dew point temperature ranges noted in the submitted Installation Plan from the system's Manufacturer.
- (c) Random tests for adequate tensile bond strength shall be conducted by the Contractor on the substrate using an adhesion tester in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D7234 for concrete substrate or ASTM D4541 for steel substrate. The minimum frequency shall be one test per 5,000 s.f. but not less than three adhesion tests per shift for each contiguous section worked on during that shift. The locations of the pull tests shall be at least a distance from each other equal to or greater than 1/3 of the width or length (whichever is greater) of the area being worked in that section. The location of the pull tests shall be located in accordance with ASTM D3665 or a statistically based procedure of stratified random sampling approved by the Engineer.

Adequate surface preparation will be indicated by tensile bond strengths of the substrate greater than or equal to 150 psi or failure in a concrete surface and greater than or equal to 300 psi for steel surfaces.

If the tensile bond strength is lower than the minimum specified, the Engineer may request additional substrate preparation.

(d) Grouted joints, materials that the membrane cannot bond to, and cracks or discontinuities that cannot be bridged over by the membrane material shall be covered by a reinforcing material recommended by the membrane system's Manufacturer prior to application of membrane layers as approved or directed by the Engineer.

9. Application:

- (a) The System shall be applied in the following distinct steps as follows:
 - 1) Substrate preparation,
 - 2) Priming,
 - 3) Reinforcing material application over grouted joints, cracks, etc., embedded in wet membrane bonding layer,

- 4) Membrane application,
- 5) Membrane with aggregate.
- (b) Immediately prior to the application of any components of the System, the surface shall be adequately dry (see Section 8(a) of this specification) and any remaining dust or loose particles shall be removed using clean, dry, oil-free compressed air or industrial vacuum.
- (c) Where the area to be treated is bound by a vertical surface (e.g. curb or wall), the membrane system shall be continued up the vertical, if shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.
- (d) The handling, mixing and addition of components shall be performed in a safe manner to achieve the desired results, in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations or as approved or directed by the Engineer. All components shall be used from its original packaging (barrels) or be discarded – no mixing of like materials from different batches shall be allowed.
- (e) A neat finish with well-defined boundaries and straight edges shall be provided by the Applicator.
- (f) Primer: The primer shall consist of one coat with an overall coverage rate of 125 to 175 s.f./gal unless otherwise recommended in the Manufacturer's written instructions.

All components shall be measured and mixed in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations.

The primer shall be spray applied using a single component spray system approved for use by the Manufacturer. If required by Site conditions and allowed by the manufacturer brush, squeegee or roller application will be allowed.

The primer shall be allowed to cure tack-free for a minimum of 30 minutes or as required by the Manufacturer's instructions, whichever time is greater, prior to application of the first lift of waterproofing membrane.

Porous concrete (brick) may require a second coat of primer should the first coat be absorbed.

Bond Strength: Random tests for adequate adhesion capacity shall be conducted on the primed substrate in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D7234 for concrete or ASTM D4541 for steel substrate. The minimum frequency shall be one test per 5,000 s.f. but not less than three adhesion tests per shift for each contiguous section worked on during that shift. The locations of the pull tests shall be at least a distance from each other equal to or greater than 1/3 of the width or length (whichever is greater) of the area being worked in that section. The location of the pull tests shall be located in accordance

with ASTM D3665 or a statistically based procedure of stratified random sampling approved by the Engineer.

Adequate adhesion will be indicated by tensile bond strengths of primer to the substrate greater than or equal to 150 psi or failure in a concrete surface and greater than or equal to 300 psi for steel surfaces.

Any primer not adequately applied shall be removed and new primer applied at the Contractor's expense, as directed by Engineer.

Delays to the membrane installation following installation of the primer may necessitate remedial measures. Re-application of the primer or any work required due to, but not limited to, precipitation, ambient or dew point temperatures falling out of allowable zone, materials dropped on the surface, shall be accomplished as outlined in the Installation Plan.

(g) Membrane and Reinforcing Material: Application of the membrane on the primed surface shall not commence until the primer is cured and adequate adhesion capacity achieved as described in Section 9(f) of this specification.

The waterproofing membrane shall consist of two equal 40 mil coats for a total dry film thickness of a minimum 80 mils but not to exceed 120 mils. successive coats shall be of a contrasting color to aid in Quality Assurance and inspection.

Hand sprayer application of a single layer at 80 mils may be allowed after demonstration on a test section of not less than 100 sq. feet, of the applicator's ability to meet specified tolerances has been reviewed and found acceptable to the Engineer.

Use of an automated mechanical applicator to achieve the required thicknesses in either one or two equal layers, may be allowed after demonstration on a test section of not less than 100 sq. feet, of the applicator's ability to meet specified tolerances has been reviewed and found acceptable to the Engineer.

Reinforcing material, if required, shall be applied as described in the Installation Plan.

The substrate shall be coated in a methodical manner.

Thickness checks: For each layer, checks for wet film thickness using a gauge pin or standard comb-type thickness gauge shall be carried out once every 100 s.f. Where rapid set time of the membrane does not allow for wet film thickness checks, ultrasonic testing (steel surfaces only), calibrated point-penetrating (destructive) testing, in-situ sampling (cutout of small sections for measuring thicknesses), or other methods approved by the Engineer shall be employed for determination of dry film thickness. The measured thickness of each and every individual test of the membrane shall be greater than or equal to the required thickness.

Bond Strength: Random tests for adequate adhesion shall be conducted on the membrane in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D7234 for concrete substrate or ASTM D4541 for steel substrate. The minimum test frequency shall be one test per 5,000 s.f. but no less than three adhesion tests per bridge. Adequate adhesion will be indicated by tensile bond strengths of the membrane to the substrate of greater than or equal to 150 psi or failure in a concrete surface, and greater than or equal to 300 psi for steel surfaces.

Repair the membrane system following destructive testing and correct any deficiencies in the membrane system or substrate noted during QC testing in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no additional cost to the State.

- (h) Repairs: For areas left untreated or where the membrane hasn't bonded or becomes damaged, a patch repair shall be carried out to restore the integrity of the system. The damaged areas shall be cut back to sound materials, abraded and wiped with solvent (e.g. acetone or other manufacturer-recommended material) up to a width of at least six inches on the periphery, removing any contaminants unless otherwise recommended by the Manufacturer. The substrate shall be primed as necessary and tested for adhesion before the membrane layer(s) are applied. A continuous layer shall be obtained over the substrate with a six-inch overlap onto any adjacent existing membrane. The repaired area shall be tested for adhesion, with a minimum of one test per repair area.
- (i) Overlapped areas: Where the membrane is to be joined to existing cured material, the overlapped area shall be cut back to sound material if necessary, abraded and wiped with solvent (e.g. acetone or other manufacturer-recommended material) or cleaned in accordance with the Installation Plan, up to a width of at least six inches prior to application of the overlapping membrane material. A continuous layer shall be obtained over the substrate with a six-inch overlap onto existing membrane. The overlapped section shall be tested for adhesion, with a minimum of one test per 200 lineal feet.
- (j) Aggregated Finish:
 - 1) Apply an additional 40 mil thick layer of the membrane material immediately followed by an aggregate coating, before the membrane cures, at a rate to fully cover the coated area to a point where no membrane material is visible. The membrane and aggregate shall be fully integrated after the aggregate has been applied and the membrane cured.
 - 2) Using motorized mechanical sweepers followed by a vacuum or motorized blower apparatus, remove all loose and excess aggregate and fines from the surface, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, and dispose of properly prior to application of tack coat and overlay.
 - 3) Traffic shall not be allowed to travel on the completed membrane system without prior approval of Engineer upon consultation with Manufacturers technical representative.

- 4) Localized areas not fully coated following removal of loose aggregate, defined as being at least 90% covered with well-adhered aggregate within any one square foot area, shall be touched-up with additional membrane and aggregate as needed. These areas shall then be swept and/or vacuumed or blown again prior to application of tack coat and overlay.
- 5) Tack coat: a Tack Coat Emulsion shall be applied to the aggregated finish prior to covering with a bituminous concrete mat. Material shall be applied in two coats of 0.06 0.08 gal/s.y. allowing it to break in between coats. This work shall be done as part of the paving operation and paid under separate, applicable Contract items.
- 10. Final Review: The Engineer and the Applicator shall jointly review the area(s) over which the completed system has been installed. Any irregularities or other criteria that do not meet the requirements of the Engineer shall be addressed at this time.

Method of Measurement: This item will be measured by the number of square yards of waterproofed surface completed and accepted.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard of "Membrane Waterproofing (Cold Liquid Elastomeric)," complete and accepted in place, which price shall include submittals, Pre-Work Meeting, all surface preparation, furnishing, storing and applying the system, technical representative and Quality Control testing, and any necessary repairs and remediation work as well as all materials, equipment, tools, labor incidental to this work.

The asphalt emulsion (tack coat) will be paid separately.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Membrane Waterproofing (Cold Liquid Elastomeric)	s.y.

ITEM #0728015A - NO. 67 STONE

Description:

This item shall consist of crushed stone placed to a uniform depth to the limits and for the depth shown on the Plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials:

The material for this work shall meet the gradation requirements specified in Table M.01.02-2 for No. 67 coarse aggregate.

Construction Methods:

The Contractor shall place crushed stone to the limits and depths, and to the grade shown on the Plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

The crushed stone shall be thoroughly compacted until the surface is true and unyielding, displaying no deformation or movement under the compaction equipment. Compact crushed stone by vibratory compaction equipment specifically manufactured for compaction purposes.

Method of Measurement:

This work will be measured for payment by the actual number of cubic yards of No. 67 stone completed, accepted and measured in place after compaction.

Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for "No. 67 Stone", complete in place, which price shall include all materials, tools, equipment and work incidental thereto.

Pay Item No. 67 Stone Pay Unit C.Y.

ITEM #0819002A - PENETRATING SEALER PROTECTIVE COMPOUND

Description: Work under this item shall consist of cleaning concrete surfaces of dirt, dust, and debris, and furnishing and applying a clear, penetrating sealer to concrete surfaces where shown on the plans, to provide a barrier against the intrusion of moisture and chlorides. This work also includes furnishing, installing, and removing platforms, scaffolding, ladders, and other means of access as well as shields, as required, to protect adjacent areas and traffic from overspray.

Materials: The penetrating sealer shall conform to Article M.03.09. A Materials Certificate shall be submitted for the penetrating sealer in accordance with Article 1.06.07. A product not listed on the Qualified Products List (QPL) may be considered for approval. A Certified Test Report shall be submitted in accordance with Article 1.06.07 indicating that the product being considered conforms to the Test Requirements listed on the QPL.

Construction Methods:

<u>Submittals</u>: The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Technical Data Sheets and product literature for the approved sealer. The literature shall include written instructions how to apply the sealer to vertical and horizontal surfaces, and where required, overhead surfaces. Application rate and number of applications of sealer shall be addressed.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, in accordance with Article 1.05.02, written procedures for cleaning the concrete surfaces prior to sealer application The submittal shall include proposed equipment and materials and shall address how adjacent traffic and other areas shall be protected from dust, debris and overspray during the cleaning and application processes. Where the sealer is to be applied to parapets before pavement is placed, the submittal shall address protection of the deck and curb to which membrane waterproofing will be applied. Should the membrane already be present, the submittal shall address shielding of the membrane. It shall also indicate how vegetation and regulated areas shall be protected from overspray. The submittal shall address the conditions under which work may proceed, including wind speed, temperature and precipitation. It shall also include procedures to be followed to protect the work should unfavorable weather conditions occur before the product has been absorbed.

The Contractor shall inspect the surfaces to be sealed to identify surface cleaning needs before submitting the procedures. The Contractor shall identify concrete surfaces that:

- Need repair
- Require special attention or cleaning procedures
- Have been previously treated with coatings or curing compounds that would hinder penetration of the sealer into the concrete
- Will be new or newly repaired

Written procedures shall include observations listed above. Application of penetrating sealer to new concrete shall be addressed in the application procedures. Forms for surfaces of new concrete to receive penetrating sealer shall not be treated using form release oil, which can inhibit or prevent penetration of the sealer into the concrete.

<u>Surface Preparation</u>: Concrete surfaces to which penetrating sealer will be applied shall be clean and free of grease, oil, and other surface contaminants, including biological growth. Dry surfaces may be cleaned by sweeping with brushes or brooms, and blowing clean with oil-free, compressed air. The Contractor shall take care not to damage the concrete surface finish during cleaning operations. Care shall be taken so that cleaning methods do not damage joint sealant or other components of the structure that are to remain.

<u>Application</u>: Application of the sealer may begin only after the Engineer evaluates the concrete surfaces and determines that conditions for installation comply with the accepted written application procedures.

The sealer shall be applied in accordance with the accepted application procedures at the rate specified by the manufacturer. The Contractor shall monitor and record the number of square feet of concrete surface sealed and the number of gallons of sealer applied over that surface area to verify that the required application rate is being met. A minimum of three applications of sealer shall be assumed to be needed. After the first application of the sealer, curing time shall be recorded and submitted to the Engineer. Additional applications of sealer shall be applied as specified in the application instructions, provided adequate time between applications and appropriate curing of the sealer have occurred. For each application, the Contractor shall record the area and number of gallons of sealer applied as well as the curing time for that application. The Contractor may be directed to apply sealer in up to three separate applications if concrete surfaces readily absorb the previous application.

If the Contractor is directed to apply more than three applications of sealer, the additional applications will be compensated as extra work. Should salts, oil or other visually undesirable materials be evacuated from the concrete by the penetrating sealer and remain on the surface after sufficient rain events have occurred, the Engineer may order surface cleaning of the concrete as extra work.

The Engineer shall be provided access to inspect the concrete surface during application and after the sealer has had adequate time to cure.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the actual number of square yards of concrete, sealed and accepted, within the designated limits. The area will be measured once, regardless of the number of applications required.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard for "Penetrating Sealer Protective Compound," complete, which price shall include all equipment tools, labor and materials, incidental thereto, including the preparation of the concrete surfaces and proper disposal of debris.

The following are not included in the cost of this item and will be considered Extra Work:

• Special cleaning procedures ordered by the Engineer to properly prepare the concrete surface for application of the penetrating sealer (such as removal of tightly adherent biological growth, graffiti, or other difficult-to-remove surface contaminants)

- Additional applications of sealer as noted in the Construction Methods
- Cleaning of evacuated material from sealed surfaces as ordered by the Engineer.

Pay ItemPayPenetrating Sealer Protective Compounds.

Pay Unit s.y.

ITEM #0824052A - REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE BARRIER CURB

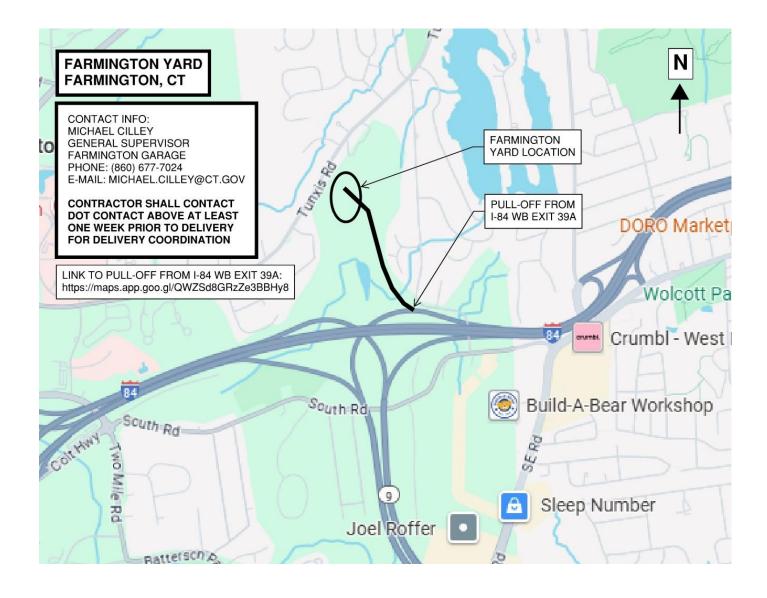
Description: This work shall include the removal, salvaging, and delivery of the existing concrete barrier curb as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Construction Methods: Existing concrete barrier curb shall be removed to the limits shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. All existing concrete barrier curb salvaged under this item shall be delivered to the CTDOT yard in Farmington. Refer to Farmington Yard location map for location and contact information. Contractor shall contact DOT contact one week prior to delivery for delivery coordination.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the linear feet of barrier in place before removal. Measurement shall be made by measuring once along the longitudinal axis of the barrier curb for the length of barrier curb to be removed.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for "Remove Existing Concrete Barrier Curb," which price shall include removal, salvaging, and delivery and all equipment, tools and labor incidental thereto.

<u>Pay Item</u> Remove Existing Concrete Barrier Curb Pay Unit lf



ITEM #0913952A - PROTECTIVE FENCE (5' HIGH)

Description: Work under this item consists of furnishing and installing chain link fencing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and with these specifications.

Materials: Materials for this work shall be as follows:

- 1. **Chain Link Fabric:** The fabric shall be a black Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) coated steel chain link type, conforming to the specifications of ASTM F668, Class 2b, thermally fused and bonded. The #9 gage core wire shall be galvanized, PVC-coated, then woven to create a continuous fabric having a two inch mesh, knuckled at both top and bottom. The PVC coating shall be the color black as described in ASTM F934.
- 2. **Posts and Rails:** The material used to manufacture framework for color chain link fencing systems shall be galvanized sheet steel, in coils, meeting the general requirements of ASTM A924 and the specific product requirements of ASTM A653, quality level HSLA (high strength, low alloy), Type I, Grade 50 (50,000 psi minimum yield strength), coating designation Z600 (2.0 oz./ft²) applied by the hot-dip process. The framework shall be manufactured in accordance with commercial standards to meet the requirements of ASTM F1043, Group IC, electrical resistance welded round steel pipe. All burrs and sharp edges shall be removed and smoothed before galvanizing.
- 3. The manufactured framework shall be subjected to a complete thermal stratification coating process (multi-stage, high temperature, multi-layer) including a pretreatment wash with zinc phosphate, an electrostatic spray application of an epoxy base, and a separate electrostatic spray application of a polyester finish. The color of the finish coat shall be black.
- 4. The material used for the base coat shall be a zinc-rich thermosetting epoxy. The minimum thickness of the base coat shall be 2 mils. The material used for the finish coat shall be a thermosetting "no mar" TriGlycidyl IsoCyanurate (TGIC) polyester powder. The minimum thickness of the finish coat shall be 2-3 mils.
- 5. The coated framework shall demonstrate the ability to endure a salt spray resistance test conducted in accordance with ASTM B117 without loss of adhesion for a minimum exposure time of 3,500 hours. Additionally, the coated framework shall demonstrate the ability to withstand exposure in a weatherometer apparatus for 1,000 hours without failure in accordance with Practice D1499 and to show satisfactory adhesion when subjected to the cross-hatch test in accordance with ASTM D3359. The polyester finish coat shall not fade, crack, blister or split under normal use.
- 6. **Fence Fittings:** All materials and coating requirements shall conform to the specifications of ASTM F626. All fittings shall receive the same coating system as the posts and rails. The

ties used to fasten the fabric to the post and rails shall not be less than #6 and #9 gage respectively.

7. Galvanizing Compound: Galvanizing compound shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A780.

8. **Non-shrink Grout**: Grout used to anchor fence posts in preformed holes shall be non-shrink and non-staining and shall conform to the requirements of Article M.03.05.

9. Silicone Joint Seal: Joint seal placed around the base of the posts to seal the interface between the post and the non-shrink grout shall conform to the requirements of the special provision "Section 6.01 - Concrete for Structures."

All components of the chain link fence shall be the color black as described in ASTM F934. Coating which exhibits peeling or chipping will be cause for rejection of the shipment.

Materials Certification and Testing: The Contractor shall furnish a Materials Certificate in accordance with Article 1.06.07 for the fabric, posts, rails, and all fittings. A sample of PVC-coated fabric shall be submitted to the Department for testing the bond of the coating in accordance with the requirements of ASTM F668, Class 2b.

Shop Drawings: Before fabricating any materials, the Contractor shall submit shop drawings to the Engineer for approval in accordance with Article 1.05.02. These drawings shall include but not be limited to the following information: a layout plan showing all post and rail spacing, all fence and anchorage details, material lists and material designations and the name and telephone number of a person to contact who can answer questions about the shop drawings.

Construction Methods: The protective fence shall be accurately fabricated and installed in accordance with the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Posts shall be centered in the preformed holes in the concrete and held plumb. Non-shrink grout shall then be placed in the annular space around the post, overfilling the hole to build the grout up above the surrounding concrete so water drains away from the post.

After the grout has completely set, place silicone joint sealant around the base of the post against the non-shrink grout to seal against moisture intrusion around the post.

All rails shall be erected to produce a smooth, continuous appearance with posts placed vertically and with all rails parallel to the grade of the parapets. The fabric shall be stretched tightly between end posts and securely fastened with stretcher bar bands. The fabric shall be attached to the rails and line posts as shown on the plans. Dome caps shall be installed on top of all posts.

Coated fabric, fence posts, rails and fittings shall be handled with care so the coating is not damaged. Damage to the galvanized coating below the finish coating shall be repaired in

accordance with ASTM A780 with two coats of galvanizing compound before repairing the finish coat. The final dry film thickness of the galvanizing compound shall be a minimum of 2 to 3 mils. Damage to coating shall be repaired as directed by the manufacturer.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the number of linear feet of completed and accepted fence, measured horizontally from centerline to centerline of posts.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for "Protective Fence (5' High)", complete and accepted in place, which price includes all materials, equipment, tools and work incidental thereto.

ITEM #0945005A - WILDFLOWER ESTABLISHMENT

Description: The work included in this item shall consist of providing an accepted uniform stand of established wildflowers by furnishing and placing seed on all areas to be treated as shown on the plans, permits or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials: All wildflower seed mixture sources shall be locally obtained within the Northeast USA including New England, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, or Maryland in order to preserve and enhance the diversity of native wildflower species.

Three approved seed mixtures are detailed below.

- 1. New England Wildflower Seed Mix: New England Wetland Plants, Inc. 800 Main Street Amherst, MA 01002, or equal. Rate shall be 1 pound PLS per 1900 sq.ft.
- 2. Showy Northeast Native Wildflower Mix: Ernst Conservation Seeds Inc. 8884 Mercer Pike, Meadville, PA, 16335, or equal. Rate shall be 8 pound PLS per 1 acre.
- **3. Vermont Native Wildflower & Grass Mix**, Vermont Wetland Plant Supply, LLC, P.O. Box 153, Orwell, VT, 05760, or equal. Rate shall be 1 pound PLS per 1600 sq.ft.

All seed mixtures must be approved by the Environmental Scientist from the Office of Environmental Planning in advance of purchase. The materials certification for any proposed mixture shall be submitted a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to delivery on-Site by the Contractor. All seed material certifications must have seed mixtures that shall not include any invasive species pursuant to Connecticut General Statute Sec. 22a-381d or any State Threatened or State Endangered species known pursuant to Connecticut General Statute Sec. 26-303 which would be a violation of the Connecticut Endangered Species Act. The seed tags from the bags are to be removed by the Engineer upon delivery and attached to the Material Certification. A copy of the seed tag is to be provided to the Environmental Scientist. No seeding shall occur if the requirements are not met.

All approved seed mixtures shall be obtained in sufficient quantities to meet the pure live seed (PLS) application rates as determined by the seed analysis of the mixture.

Construction Methods: Construction methods shall be those established as agronomically acceptable and feasible and approved by the Engineer.

Preparation of Seedbed Areas:

a. Level areas, median areas, interchanges and lawns: These areas shall be made friable and receptive for seeding by discing or by other approved methods to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The final prepared surface which has been seeded shall meet the lines and grades for such surface areas as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

b. Slope and embankment areas: These areas shall be made friable and receptive to seeding by approved methods which will not disrupt the line and grade of the slope surface. In no event, will seeding be permitted on hard or crusted soil surface.

All areas to be seeded shall be reasonably free from weeds taller than 3 inches. Removal of weed growth for the slope areas shall be those methods which do not rut or scar the slope surface or cause excessive disruption of the slope line or grade as approved by the Engineer. Seeding on level areas shall not be permitted until substantial weed growth is removed and approved by the Engineer.

Seeding Season: The calendar dates for seeding shall be:

Spring – March 1 to June 15 Fall – September 15 to November 15

Seeding Methods: The wildflower seed mixture shall be applied by an agronomically acceptable procedure approved by Environmental Scientist or their authorized delegate. The rate of application shall be as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

(Germination Percentage X Purity Percentage)/ 100 = Percentage PLS

The Engineer shall verify that the seed is applied at a rate which will allow for 100 percent PLS.

Method of Measurement: The work will be measured for payment by the number of pounds of each size and kind of wildflower seed counted, planted and accepted.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid at the contract unit price per pound for "Wildflower Establishment," which price shall include all materials, maintenance, equipment tools, labor, transportation, operations, and all work incidental thereto. Partial payment of up to 50% may be made for work completed, but not accepted. Full payment shall not be made until the area has been accepted by the Engineer.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Wildflower Establishment	lb.

ITEM #0950040A - CONSERVATION SEEDING FOR SLOPES

Description: The work included in this item shall consist of providing an accepted stand of established conservation grasses by furnishing and placing seed as shown on the plans, permits, or as directed by the Engineer within the wetland mitigation Sites(s) or other areas when required.

Materials: All conservation grass mixture sources shall be locally obtained within the Northeast USA (New England, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, or Maryland) in order to preserve and enhance the diversity of native conservation grass species.

Three qualified conservation seed mixtures are detailed below:

- 1. New England Conservation/Wildlife Mix, New England Wetland Plants, Inc. 820 West Street Amherst, MA 01002, or equal. Rate shall be 1 pound PLS per 1,750 sq. ft.
- 2. Mesic to Dry Native Pollinator Mix, Ernst Conservation Seeds, Inc. 8884 Mercer Pike, Meadville, PA 16335, or equal. Rate shall be 1 pound PLS per 2,178 sq. ft.
- **3. Vermont Conservation and Wildlife**, Vermont Wetland Plant Supply, LLC, P.O. Box 153, Orwell, VT 05760, or equal. Rate shall be 1 pound PLS per 2,180 sq. ft.

Fertilizer, if required, shall meet the requirements of Article M.13.03. Mulch shall meet the requirements of Article M.13.05. Erosion control matting shall be bio-degradable and meet the requirements of Article M.13.09.

All conservation seed mixture sources shall be reviewed and approved by the Engineer in advance of purchase and prior to application.

The Materials Certificate for all seed mixtures shall have a statement that certifies that the seed mixture does not include any invasive species pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes Sec. 22a-381d or any State Threatened or State Endangered species pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes Sec. 26-303. The seed tags from the bags are to be removed by the Engineer upon delivery and attached to the Materials Certificate. Seeding shall not occur if these requirements are not met.

All approved seed mixtures shall be obtained in sufficient quantities to meet the pure live seed (PLS) application rates as determined by the seed analysis of the mixture.

Construction Methods: Construction methods shall be those established as agronomically acceptable and feasible and shall be approved by the Engineer. The methods described in Article 9.50.03 shall be amended as follows:

Conservation seeding for slopes for wetland mitigation Site(s): Seeding shall occur during the fall season immediately following construction of the wetland mitigation Site(s). Seeding for wetland mitigation Site(s) must occur from August 15th to October 31st.

For non-wetland mitigation Site(s), seeding shall occur during the dates specified in Article 9.50.03-2.

If seed is purchased in bulk rather than by PLS, the rate of application must be adjusted to meet the required PLS seeding rate. This seeding rate shall be increased by the appropriate percentage as determined by the following formula based off of the information provided on the seed tags at delivery.

(Germination Percentage X Purity Percentage)/ 100 = Percentage PLS

The Engineer will verify that the seed is applied at a rate that will allow for 100 percent PLS. Mowing will not be allowed within areas that are seeded with conservation seed mix, unless authorized by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the number of square yards of surface area of accepted established conservation grasses as specified.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard for "Conservation Seeding for Slopes," which price shall include all materials, maintenance, equipment, tools, labor, and work incidental thereto. Partial payment of up to 50% may be made for work completed, but not accepted. Full payment shall not be made until the area has been accepted by the Engineer.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Conservation Seeding for Slopes	s.y.

ITEM #0952001A – SELECTIVE CLEARING AND THINNING

Section 9.52 is amended as follows:

Article 9.52.03 – Construction Methods is supplemented as follows:

Traffic Signal Equipment:

Prior to scheduling support structure installation and at least 14 days in advance of clearing operations, stake out the limits of vegetation and tree clearing to facilitate installation of traffic signal equipment as described below.

Visibly mark or flag trees scheduled to be removed.

The Engineer will review the identified trees and verify the limits of clearing and thinning prior to the Contractor proceeding with the cutting operation.

For the following intersections, cut, trim, and/or remove trees/tree limbs/vegetation as indicated below and to account for future vegetation growth when applicable. This work shall be completed prior to turning on the new signal equipment.

<u>Int. No.</u>	Location	Additional Information
XXX-XXX	ASHFORD / UNION – RT 89	Trim tree branches to provide line of sight to detection zones D1, D2, D3 from the applicable equipment.
XXX-XXX	ASHFORD / UNION - RT 89	Trim tree branches/vegetation to install temporary illumination and temporary span poles on the project.

Clearing and Thinning for Extruded Aluminum Signs & Sheet Aluminum Signs

Extruded and Sheet Aluminum Signs:

Prior to scheduling sign installation and at least 14 days in advance of clearing operations, stake out the limits of vegetation and tree clearing to provide visibility to signs as described below.

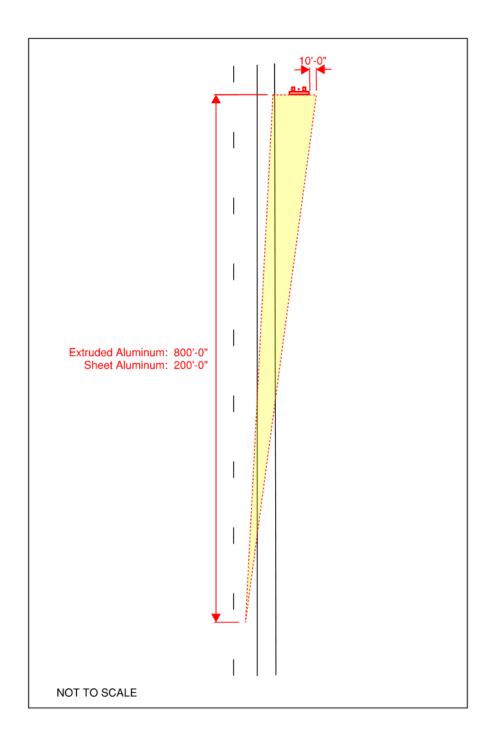
Visibly mark or flag trees proposed to be removed. Contact the Engineer if an adjustment to sign location can prevent tree removal.

The Engineer will review the identified trees and verify the limits of clearing and thinning prior to the Contractor proceeding with the cutting operation.

At all extruded aluminum sign and sign support locations, cut, trim and/or remove vegetation/tree limbs needed for installation and to provide visibility to the sign(s) and to account for future vegetation growth. The entire sign plus a 10' buffer shall be visible for 800-ft measured from the center of the right-travel lane approaching the sign, as viewed from a 3.5-ft height above the roadway.

At all sheet aluminum sign locations, cut, trim and/or remove vegetation/tree limbs needed for installation and to provide visibility to the sign(s) and to account for future vegetation growth. The entire sign plus a 10' buffer shall be visible for 200-ft measured from the center of the right-travel lane approaching the sign, as viewed from a 3.5-ft height above the roadway.

This work shall be completed prior to installing the sign panel onto the vertical supports.



ITEM #0969062A - CONSTRUCTION FIELD OFFICE, MEDIUM

Description: Under the item included in the bid documents, adequate weatherproof office quarters with related furnishings, materials, equipment, and other services, shall be provided by the Contractor for the duration of the work, and if necessary, for a close-out period determined by the Engineer. The office, furnishings, materials, equipment, and services are for the exclusive use of CTDOT forces and others who may be engaged to augment CTDOT forces with relation to the Contract. The office quarters shall be located convenient to the work site and installed in accordance with Article 1.08.02. This office shall be separated from any office occupied by the Contractor. Ownership and liability of the office quarters shall remain with the Contractor.

<u>Furnishings/Materials/Supplies/Equipment</u>: All furnishings, materials, equipment, and supplies shall be in like new condition for the purpose intended and require approval of the Engineer.

<u>Office Requirements</u>: The Contractor shall furnish the office quarters and equipment as described below:

Description \ Office Size	Small	Med.	Large	Extra
				Large
Minimum Sq. Ft. of floor space with a minimum ceiling height of 7 ft.	400	720	1400	2800
Minimum number of exterior entrances.	2	2	2	2
Minimum number of parking spaces.	7	7	10	15

<u>Office Layout</u>: The office shall have a minimum square footage as indicated in the table above and shall be partitioned as shown on the building floor plan as provided by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, office space shall be partitioned into segregated work areas for each user as follows:

- A. Each work area (or cubicle) shall be a minimum of 8 feet × 8 feet, with full height walls or tall cubicle partitions (minimum 6 feet high), placed to provide a minimum of 6 feet walking space around and between each user work area (for social distancing).
- B. Only one user (workstation/desk) per work area.
- C. Desks, tables, and other work surfaces shall be arranged so that adjacent users do not face each other.

<u>Tie-downs and Skirting</u>: Modular offices shall be tied-down and fully skirted to ground level.

<u>Lavatory Facilities</u>: For field offices sizes Small and Medium the Contractor shall furnish a toilet facility at a location convenient to the field office for use by CTDOT personnel and such assistants as they may engage; and for field offices sizes Large and Extra Large the Contractor shall furnish two (2) separate lavatories with toilet (men and women), in separately enclosed rooms that are properly ventilated and comply with applicable sanitary codes. Each lavatory shall have hot and cold running water and flush-type toilets. For all facilities the Contractor shall supply lavatory and sanitary supplies as required.

<u>Windows and Entrances</u>: The windows shall be of a type that will open and close conveniently, shall be sufficient in number and size to provide adequate light and ventilation, and shall be fitted with locking devices, blinds, and screens. The entrances shall be secure, screened, and fitted with a lock for which four keys shall be furnished. All keys to the construction field office shall be furnished to the CTDOT and will be kept in their possession while State personnel are using the office. Any access to the entrance ways shall meet applicable building codes, with appropriate handrails. Stairways shall be ADA/ABA compliant and have non-skid tread surfaces. An ADA/ABA compliant ramp with non-skid surface shall be provided with the Extra-Large field office.

<u>Lighting</u>: The Contractor shall equip the office interior with electric lighting that provides a minimum illumination level of 100 foot-candles at desk level height, and electric outlets for each desk and drafting table. The Contractor shall also provide exterior lighting that provides a minimum illumination level of 2 foot-candles throughout the parking area and for a minimum distance of 10 ft. on each side of the field office.

<u>Parking Facility</u>: The Contractor shall provide a parking area, adjacent to the field office, of sufficient size to accommodate the number of vehicles indicated in the table above. If a paved parking area is not readily available, the Contractor shall construct a parking area and driveway consisting of a minimum of 6 inches of processed aggregate base graded to drain. The base material will be extended to the office entrance.

<u>Field Office Security</u>: Physical Barrier Devices - This shall consist of physical means to prevent entry, such as: 1) All windows shall be barred, or security screens installed; 2) All field office doors shall be equipped with dead bolt locks and regular day operated door locks; and 3) Other devices as directed by the Engineer to suit existing conditions.

<u>Electric Service</u>: The field office shall be equipped with an electric service panel, wiring, outlets, etc., to serve the electrical requirements of the field office, including lighting, general outlets, computer outlets, electronics, etc., and meet the following minimum specifications:

- A. 120/240 volt, 1 phase, 3 wire
- B. Ampacity necessary to serve all equipment. Service shall be a minimum 100 amp dedicated to the construction field office.
- C. The electrical panel shall include a main circuit breaker and branch circuit breakers of the size and quantity required.
- D. Additional 120-volt, single phase, 20-amp, isolated ground dedicated power circuit with dual NEMA 5-20 receptacles will be installed at each desk and personal computer table (workstation) location.
- E. Additional 120-volt, single phase, 20-amp, isolated ground dedicated power circuit with dual NEMA 5-20 receptacles will be installed, for use by the Telephone Company.
- F. Additional 120-volt circuits and duplex outlets as required meeting National Electric Code requirements.
- G. One exterior (outside) wall mounted GFI receptacle, duplex, isolated ground, 120-volt, straight blade.
- H. After work is complete and prior to energizing, the State's CTDOT electrical inspector, must be contacted at 860-594-2240. (Do Not Call Local Town Officials)

I. Prior to field office removal, the CTDOT Office of Information Systems (CTDOT OIS) must be notified to deactivate the communications equipment.

<u>Heating</u>, <u>Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC</u>): The field office shall be equipped with sufficient and properly operating, heating, air conditioning, and ventilation equipment to maintain a temperature range of 68°-80° Fahrenheit within the field office. The Contractor shall increase ventilation rates and increase the percentage of outdoor air that circulates into the system where possible.

<u>Telephone Service</u>: The Contractor shall provide telephone service with unlimited nation-wide calling plan. For a Small, Medium, and Large field office this shall consist of the installation of one (1) telephone line for phone/voice service. For an Extra-Large field office this shall consist of three (3) telephone lines for phone/voice service. The Contractor shall pay all charges.

The Contractor shall provide the field office telephone number(s) to the CTDOT Project Engineer within 10 calendar days after the signing of the Contract as required by Article 1.08.02.

<u>Data Communications Facility Wiring</u>: As soon as the field office is in place, the Contractor shall propose a central wiring location, to designated CTDOT District personnel for the review and approval of CTDOT OIS. The central wiring location shall be large enough to house the Contractor supplied modem, Contractor supplied patch panel (if applicable), and CTDOT OIS supplied LAN switch and router. The Contractor shall supply the number of Category 6A 568B patch panels necessary to support the anticipated number of networked devices. The central wiring location shall also house the data circuit with appropriate power requirements and Category 6A cable run to the location of the installed data circuit. Power shall be provided at the central wiring location to power the hardware installed.

The Contractor shall install CAT 6A cables from the central wiring location to each workstation, Smart Board/TV location, Multifunction Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner and any other networked devices. The CAT 6A cables shall terminate in a (Category 6A 568B) wall or surface mount data jack at each networked device. Each run / jack shall be clearly labeled with an identifying Jack Number. The CAT 6A cables shall be terminated at the central wiring location with a service loop and RJ45 connectors. The Contractor shall also supply CAT6A cables of adequate length to reach from the wall or surface mount jack to the device being networked.

The number of networked devices anticipated shall be at least equal to the number of personal computer tables, Multi-Function Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner, Contractor supplied devices, and smartboards listed below.

Additional Equipment, Facilities and Services: The Contractor shall provide at the field office at least the following to the satisfaction of the Engineer:

Furnishing Description		Offic	e Size	Office Size Small Med. Large Extra			
		Med.	Large	Extra			
				Large			
		Qua	ntity				
Office desk (2.5 ft. x 5 ft.) with drawers, locks, and matching	1	2	-	0			
desk chair that have pneumatic seat height adjustment and dual	1	3	5	8			
wheel casters on the base.							
Standard secretarial type desk and matching desk chair that has				1			
pneumatic seat height adjustment and dual wheel casters on the	-	-	-	1			
base. $(4.6 \pm 2.5.6)$	2	2	5	0			
Personal computer tables (4 ft. x 2.5 ft.).	2	3	5	8			
Drafting type tables (3 ft. x 6 ft.) and supported by wall brackets	1	1	1	2			
and legs; and matching drafter's stool that have pneumatic seat	1	1	1	2			
height adjustment, seat back and dual wheel casters on the base.				1			
Conference table, 3 ft. x 12 ft.	-	-	-	1			
Table - 3 ft. x 6 ft.	-	-	-	1			
Office Chairs.	2	4	8	20			
Mail slot bin – legal size.	-	-	1	1			
Non-fire-resistant cabinet.	- 1	-	2	4			
Fire resistant cabinet (legal size/4 drawer), locking.		1	2	3			
Storage racks to hold 3 ft. x 5 ft. display charts.		-	1	2			
Vertical plan racks for 2 sets of 2 ft. x 3 ft. plans for each rack.	1	1	2	2			
Double door supply cabinet with 4 shelves and a lock $- 6$ ft. x 4		_	1	2			
ft.	1		-	_			
Case of cardboard banker boxes (Min 10 boxes/case)		1	2	3			
Open bookcase – 3 shelves – 3 ft. long.		-	2	2			
White Dry-Erase Board, 36" x 48" min. with markers and eraser.		1	1	1			
Interior partitions $- 6$ ft. x 6 ft., soundproof type, portable and		_	6	6			
freestanding.			0	0			
Coat rack with 20 coat capacity.		-	-	1			
Wastebaskets - 30 gal., including plastic waste bags.		1	1	2			
Wastebaskets - 5 gal., including plastic waste bags.		3	6	10			
Electric wall clock.	-	-	-	2			
Electronic Level	1	1	1	2			

Furnishing Description (continued)SmallMed.LargeExtra LargeTelephone.123-Full size stapler 20 (sheet capacity, with staples)1258Desktop tape dispensers (with Tape)1258Boulet Power Strip with Surge Protection3469Rain Gauge1111Business telephone system for three lines with ten handsets, intercom capability, and one speaker phone for conference tableHot and cold-water dispensing unit. Disposable cups and bottled water shall be supplied by the Contractor for the duration of the project.1111Microwave, 1.2 c.f., 1000W min.111111Fire extinguishers - provide and install type and *number to meet applicable State and local codes for size of office indicated, including a fire extinguisher suitable for use on a computer terminal fire.****Electric pencil sharpeners.12222Multi-Function Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner combination unit, network capable, as specified below under Field Office Technology1111Digital Camera as specified below under Field Office calibration, case, and cleaning wipesConcrete Curing Box as specified below under Concrete Testing Equipment.111111Concrete Slump Cone and accessories as specified below under Concrete Testing Equipment as specified below. Co			Offic	e Size	
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T-handle concrete cylinder mold splitter as specified below					-
under Concrete Testing Equipment 1 1 1 1		1	1	1	1
Smart Phones as specified under <u>Computer Related Hardware</u>					
	and Software.	-	-	-	-

The furnishings and equipment required herein shall remain the property of the Contractor. Any supplies required to maintain or operate the above listed equipment or furnishings shall be provided by the Contractor for the duration of the project.

Field Office Technology:

The Contractor shall supply the internet service connection, Contractor supplied modem, associated hardware, Digital Camera(s), Smart Phones, Multifunction Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner, Conference Room Teleconferencing Equipment, associated hardware and software meeting the requirements of this specification, as well as the latest minimum specifications posted, as of the Project advertising date, at CTDOTs Construction Field Office Technology web site.

Within 10 calendar days after the signing of the Contract, but before ordering/purchasing the required Digital Camera(s), Smart Phones, Multifunction Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner, Teleconferencing Equipment, as well as associated hardware, the Contractor must submit a copy of their proposed order(s) with catalog cuts and specifications to the Administering CTDOT District for review and approval. The modem, digital cameras, smart phones, and Teleconferencing Equipment will be reviewed by CTDOT District personnel for approval. The Multifunction Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner will be reviewed by the CTDOT OIS. The Contractor shall not purchase the hardware, software, or services until the Administering CTDOT District informs them that the proposed equipment, software, and services are approved. The Contractor will be solely responsible for the costs of any hardware, software, or services purchased without approval.

The Contractor and/or their internet service provider shall be responsible for the installation, setup of the internet service connection and the configuration of the modem with a static IP address. Installation shall be coordinated with CTDOT District and Project personnel. Specifically, the Contractor shall supply the District with a Static IP Address, Subnet Mask Address and Gateway Address immediately upon establishment of internet service connection to assist with OIS equipment installation.

After the approval of the hardware and software, the Contractor shall contact the designated representatives of the CTDOT administering District, a minimum of 2 working days in advance of the proposed delivery or installation of the modem / Internet Service Connection, Digital Camera(s), Smart Phones, Multifunction Laser Printer/Copier/Scanner, Teleconferencing Equipment, as well as associated hardware, software, supplies, and support documentation. The hardware and cabling shall be installed in the field office to and at locations acceptable to the Engineer. Adequate electric service shall be supplied at all hardware and workstation locations to support the Department staff and hardware specified.

The Contractor shall provide all supplies, paper, maintenance, service, and repairs (including labor and parts) for the printer(s), copiers, field office Wi-Fi / internet service, and other equipment and facilities required by this specification for the duration of the Contract. All repairs of contractor supplied equipment and internet service must be performed with-in 48 hours. If the repairs require more than 48 hours, then an equal or better replacement must be provided.

Once the Contract has been completed, the Contractor supplied hardware and software will remain the property of the Contractor.

<u>First Aid Kit</u>: The Contractor shall supply a first aid kit adequate for the number of personnel expected based on the size of the field office specified and shall keep the first aid kit stocked for the duration that the field office is in service.

<u>Rain Gauge</u>: The Contractor shall supply, install and maintain a rain gauge for the duration of the Project, meeting these minimum requirements. The rain gauge shall be installed on the top of a post such that the opening of the rain gauge is above the top of the post an adequate distance to avoid splashing of rainwater from the top of the post into the rain gauge. The location of the rain gauge and post shall be approved by the Engineer. The rain gauge shall be made of a durable material and have graduations of 0.1 inches or less with a minimum total column height of 5 inches. If the rain gauge is damaged the Contractor shall replace it prior to the next forecasted storm event at no additional cost.

<u>Electronic Level</u>: The Contractor shall supply and maintain in working order, for the duration of the Contract, the number of electronic levels, identified in the Additional Equipment, Facilities and Services table of this specification. The electronic level(s) shall meet the following requirements:

- A. 48-inch length, box beam type
- B. IP65 water and dust proof
- C. 0.1-degree accuracy
- D. Backlit display
- E. Carrying case included
- F. New or like new condition

<u>Concrete Testing Equipment</u>: If the Contract includes items that require compressive strength cylinders for concrete, in accordance with the Schedule of Minimum Testing Requirements for Sampling Materials for Test, the Contractor shall provide the following equipment.

- A. Concrete Cylinder Curing Box meeting the requirements of Section 6.12 of the Standard Specifications.
- B. Air Meter The air meter provided shall be in good working order and meet the requirements of AASHTO T 152.
- C. Slump Cone Mold Slump cone, base plate, and tamping rod shall be provided in like-new condition and meet the requirements of AASHTO T 119, Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete.
- D. T-handle concrete cylinder mold splitter.

All testing equipment will remain the property of the Contractor at the completion of the Project.

<u>Insurance Policy</u>: The Contractor shall provide a separate insurance policy, with no deductible, in the minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to insure all State-owned data equipment and supplies used in the office against all losses. The Contractor shall be named insured on that policy, and the CTDOT shall be an additional named insured on the policy. Insured losses shall include, but not be limited to, theft, fire, and physical damage. The CTDOT will be responsible for all

maintenance costs of CTDOT owned computer hardware. In the event of loss, the Contractor shall provide replacement equipment in accordance with current CTDOT equipment specifications, within seven days of notice of the loss. If the Contractor is unable to provide the required replacement equipment within seven days, CTDOT may provide replacement equipment and deduct the cost of the equipment from monies due or which may become due the Contractor under the Contract or under any other contract. The Contractor's financial liability under this paragraph shall be limited to the amount of the insurance coverage required by this paragraph. If the cost of equipment replacement required by this paragraph should exceed the required amount of the insurance coverage, CTDOT will reimburse the Contractor for replacement costs exceeding the amount of the required coverage.

<u>Maintenance</u>: During field office occupancy by CTDOT, the Contractor shall maintain all facilities and furnishings provided under the above requirements, and shall maintain and keep the office quarters clean through the use of professional cleaning including vacuuming carpet, washing and waxing floors, cleaning restrooms, removal of trash, general cleaning, etc.

Exterior areas shall be mowed and clean of debris. A trash receptacle (dumpster) with weekly pickup (trash removal) shall be provided. Snow removal, sanding and salting of all parking, walkway, and entrance way areas shall be accomplished during a storm if on a workday during work hours, immediately after a storm and prior to the start of a workday. If snow removal, salting and sanding are not completed by the specified time, the State will provide the service and all costs incurred will be deducted from the next payment estimate.

Method of Measurement: The furnishing and maintenance of the Construction Field Office will be measured for payment by the number of calendar months that the office is in place and in operation, rounded up to the nearest month.

There will not be any price adjustment due to any change in the minimum computer related hardware and software requirements.

Basis of Payment: The furnishing and maintenance of the Construction Field Office will be paid for at the Contract unit price per month for "Construction Field Office, (Type)," which price shall include all material, equipment, labor, service contracts, licenses, software, repair or replacement of hardware and software, related supplies, utility services, parking area, external illumination, trash removal, snow and ice removal, and work incidental thereto, as well as any other costs to provide requirements specified herein.

Pay Item Construction Field Office, (Type) Pay Unit Month

ITEM NO. 0971001A – MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC

Article 9.71.01 – Description *is supplemented by the following:*

The Contractor shall maintain and protect traffic as described by the following and as limited in the special provision for Section 1.08 - Prosecution and Progress:

Interstate 84

The Contractor shall maintain and protect the minimum number of through lanes and shoulders on a paved travel path not less than 12 feet in width per lane during the hours dictated in the special provision for Article 1.08.04 – Limitation of Operations.

The Contractor will be permitted to halt traffic during the allowable periods. If more than one 10 minute period is required, then the Contractor shall allow all stored vehicles to proceed through the work area prior to the next stoppage.

During the allowable periods and when the Contractor is actively performing the demolition and erection of Bridge No. 00848 the Contractor will be permitted to close I-84 to through traffic and detour traffic as shown on the Detour Plans. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 14 days in advance of implementing the detour.

I-84 EB Exit 72 On-Ramp and Off-Ramp, I-84 WB Exit 72 On-Ramp and Off-Ramp

The Contractor shall maintain and protect existing traffic operations, with the following exceptions:

1. During the allowable periods and when the Contractor is actively working, the Contractor will be permitted to maintain and protect a minimum of 1 lane of traffic on a paved travel path not less than 12 feet in width.

Route 89

The Contractor shall maintain and protect a minimum of 1 lane of traffic in each direction with each lane on a paved travel path not less than 11 feet in width, with the following exceptions:

- 1. Prior to and after stage construction, during the allowable periods and when the Contractor is actively working, the Contractor will be permitted to maintain and protect at least an alternating one-way traffic operation on a paved travel path not less than 11 feet in width and no more than 300 feet in length, unless specified elsewhere in the Contract. There shall be no more than one alternating one-way traffic operation within the Project limits without prior approval of the Engineer.
- 2. During the allowable periods, the Contractor will be permitted to close U.S. Route 89 to through traffic and detour traffic as shown on the Detour Plans. These closures will be allowed during the demolition and erection of Bridge No. 00848 and will occur simultaneously with the closure of Interstate 84. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 14 days in advance of implementing the detour.
- 3. During the allowable periods the Contractor will be allowed to maintain alternating one-way traffic operation controlled by Temporary Signalization as shown in plans TRA-1 and TRA-2.

Article 9.71.03 - Construction Methods is supplemented as follows:

General

The Contractor is required to delineate any raised structures within the travel lanes, so that the structures are visible day and night, unless there are specific Contract plans and provisions to temporarily lower these structures prior to the completion of work.

The Contractor shall schedule operations so that pavement removal and roadway resurfacing shall be completed full width across a roadway or bridge section by the end of a work shift, or as directed by the Engineer.

When the installation of all intermediate courses of bituminous concrete pavement is completed for the entire roadway, the Contractor shall then install the final course of bituminous concrete pavement.

When the Contractor is excavating adjacent to the roadway, the Contractor shall provide a 3 foot shoulder between the work area and travel lanes, with traffic drums spaced every 50 feet. At the end of the work shift if the vertical drop-off exceeds 3 inches, the Contractor shall provide a temporary bituminous concrete traversable slope of 4:1 or flatter that is acceptable to the Engineer.

The Contractor, during the course of any active overhead construction work, shall close the lanes directly below the work area for the entire length of time overhead work is being undertaken.

At no time shall an overhead sign be left partially removed or installed.

When an existing sign is to be relocated or replaced, the work shall be completed during the same work shift.

The field installation of a signing pattern shall constitute interference with existing traffic operations and shall not be allowed, except during the allowable periods.

On limited-access highways, construction vehicles entering travel lanes shall not be allowed without a lane closure. The lane closure shall be of sufficient length to allow vehicles to enter or exit the work area at the posted speed limit, in order to merge with existing traffic.

Existing Signing

The Contractor shall maintain all existing overhead and side-mounted signs within the Project limits throughout the duration of the Project. The Contractor shall temporarily relocate signs and sign supports as many times as deemed necessary, and shall install temporary sign supports if necessary and as directed by the Engineer.

Requirements for Winter

The Contractor shall schedule a meeting with representatives of the Department, including the offices of Maintenance and Traffic, and the Town/City to determine any interim traffic control measures the Contractor shall accomplish prior to winter to provide safety to motorists and permit adequate snow removal procedures. This meeting shall be held prior to October 31 of each year and will include, but not be limited to, discussion of the status and schedule of the following items: lane and shoulder widths, pavement restoration, traffic signal work, pavement markings, and signing.

Signing Patterns

The Contractor shall erect and maintain all signing patterns in accordance with the traffic control plans contained herein. Proper distances between advance warning signs and proper taper lengths are mandatory.

Pavement Markings - Limited Access Highways, Turning Roadways and Ramps

During construction, the Contractor shall maintain all pavement markings throughout the limits of the Project.

Temporary pavement markings shall be installed on each intermediate course of bituminous concrete pavement and on any milled surface by the end of the work shift.

Permanent Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall be installed on the final course of bituminous concrete pavement within 10 calendar days of the final pavement installation if no Pavement Marking Grooves are proposed.

Temporary Pavement Markings

Temporary pavement markings shall consist of temporary painted pavement markings and shall be installed in accordance with Section 12.09. The markings shall include 4 inch wide white lane lines (solid and broken), 4 inch wide edge lines, lane-use arrows at the stop bar. Temporary 12 inch wide white stop bars shall consist of temporary pavement marking tape, as described below. Refer to Pavement Marking Groove special provisions for pavement marking requirements.

Temporary 12 inch wide white stop bars consisting of temporary plastic pavement marking tape shall be installed on exit ramps if permanent Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings are not installed by the end of the work shift on the final course of bituminous concrete pavement. Temporary stop bars may consist of two 6 inch wide white markings or three 4 inch wide white markings placed side by side. The Contractor shall remove and dispose of these markings when the permanent Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings are installed. The cost of furnishing, installing and removing the Temporary Plastic Pavement Marking Tape is included under the applicable temporary pavement marking items.

All temporary pavement markings exposed throughout the winter shall be Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer.

Temporary pavement markings, as described above, shall be maintained until the permanent pavement markings are installed.

Final Pavement Markings

Refer to Pavement Marking Groove special provisions for pavement marking requirements. Permanent epoxy resin pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Section 12.10 and the applicable Traffic Engineering Standard Drawings.

If Temporary Plastic Pavement Marking Tape is installed, then the Contractor shall remove and dispose of these markings during the same work shift that the permanent epoxy resin pavement markings are to be installed. The cost of furnishing, installing and removing the Temporary Plastic Pavement Marking Tape shall be paid for under the appropriate pay items.

Pavement Markings - Non-Limited Access Roadways

During construction, the Contractor shall maintain all pavement markings on paved surfaces on all roadways throughout the limits of the Project.

Temporary pavement markings shall be installed on each intermediate course of bituminous concrete pavement and on any milled surface by the end of the work shift.

Permanent Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall be installed on the final course of bituminous concrete pavement within 10 calendar days of the final pavement installation if no Pavement Marking Grooves are proposed.

Temporary Pavement Markings

Temporary pavement markings that will be in place for less than 72 continuous hours may consist of temporary plastic pavement marking tape at the Contractor's expense. Additionally;

- 1. These temporary pavement markings shall include centerlines, lane lines (solid and broken), and stop bars.
- 2. Centerlines shall consist of two 4 inch wide yellow markings, 2 feet in length, side by side, 4 inches apart, at 40 foot intervals.
- 3. Lane lines shall consist of 4 inch wide white markings, 2 feet in length, at 40 foot intervals.
- 4. No passing zones shall be posted with signs in those areas where the final centerlines have not been established on two-way roadways.
- 5. Stop bars may consist of two 6 inch wide white markings or three 4 inch wide white markings placed side by side.
- 6. The temporary plastic pavement marking tape shall be installed in accordance with Section 12.12.
- 7. The Contractor shall remove and dispose of the temporary plastic pavement marking tape prior to another course of bituminous concrete pavement being installed.

Temporary pavement markings that will be in place for 72 continuous hours or more should consist of temporary painted pavement markings and shall be installed in accordance with Section 12.09. The markings shall include centerlines, edge lines, lane lines (solid and broken), lane-use arrows, and stop bars on each intermediate course of bituminous concrete pavement and on any milled surface by the end of the work shift Edge lines and lane-use arrows are not required if the next course of bituminous concrete pavement will be placed within 10 calendar days.

All temporary pavement markings exposed throughout the winter shall be Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer.

Temporary pavement markings, as described above, shall be maintained until the permanent pavement markings are installed.

Final Pavement Markings

Refer to Pavement Marking Groove special provisions for pavement marking requirements. Permanent epoxy resin pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Section 12.10 and the applicable Traffic Engineering Standard Drawings.

If Temporary Plastic Pavement Marking Tape is installed, then the Contractor shall remove and dispose of these markings during the same work shift that the permanent epoxy resin pavement markings are to be installed. The cost of furnishing, installing and removing the Temporary Plastic Pavement Marking Tape shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Traffic Control During Construction Operations

The following guidelines shall assist field personnel in determining when and what type of traffic control patterns to use for various situations. These guidelines shall provide for a safer and more efficient movement of traffic through work zones and enhance the safety of work forces in the work area.

Traffic Control Patterns

Traffic control patterns shall be used when a work operation requires that all or part of any vehicle or work area protrudes onto any part of a travel lane or shoulder or is within the clear zone. For each situation, the installation of traffic control devices shall be based on the following:

- Speed and volume of traffic.
- Duration of operation.
- Exposure to hazards.

Traffic control patterns shall be uniform, neat, and orderly in order to command respect from the motorist.

Lane reduction tapers should be placed so that the entire length of the taper is installed on a tangent section of roadway and the entire taper area can be seen by the motorist.

All existing conflicting signs shall be removed, covered with an opaque material, or turned so that they are not legible to oncoming traffic prior to implementing a traffic control pattern. The existing signs shall be uncovered or reinstalled once the pattern is removed.

A buffer area should be provided during installation of a traffic control pattern and maintained for the duration of the work. The buffer area shall be free of any equipment, workers, materials, and parked vehicles.

Construction Traffic Control Plans 19 through 25 should be used for moving operations such as line striping, rumble strips, pothole patching, mowing, or sweeping when it is necessary for equipment to occupy a travel lane.

Traffic control patterns are not required for vehicles on an emergency patrol type activity or for a short duration stop of up to one hour, as long as the equipment is contained within the shoulder. Flashing lights, arrow boards, truck-mounted or trailer-mounted impact attenuators, and appropriate Trafficperson(s) shall be used when required.

In a situation not adequately covered by the Construction Traffic Control Plans, the Contractor shall contact the Engineer for assistance prior to setting up a traffic control pattern.

Placement of Signs

Signs shall be placed in a position that allows motorists the opportunity to reduce their speed prior to the work area. Signs shall be installed on the same side of the roadway as the work area. On multi-lane divided highways, advance warning signs shall be installed on both sides of the highway. On directional roadways (on-ramps, off-ramps, one-way roads) where the sight distance to signs is restricted, these signs should be installed on both sides of the roadway.

Allowable Adjustment of Signs and Devices Shown on the Construction Traffic Control Plans

The Construction Traffic Control Plans contained herein show the location and spacing of signs and devices under ideal conditions. Signs and devices should be installed as shown on these plans.

The proper application of the Construction Traffic Control Plans and installation of traffic control devices is dependent upon actual field conditions.

In the case of a horizontal or vertical sight restriction in advance of the work area, the traffic control pattern shall be extended to provide adequate sight distance for approaching traffic.

Adjustments to the Construction Traffic Control Plans shall only be made at the direction of the Engineer.

Table 1 indicates the minimum taper lengths required for a lane closure based on the posted speed limit and lane width of the roadway. These taper lengths shall only be used when the recommended taper lengths shown on the Construction Traffic Control Plans cannot be achieved.

POSTED SPEED	MINIMUM TAPER LENGTH		
LIMIT	FOR A SINGLE LAN	E CLOSURE (FEET)	
(MPH)	FREEWAYS	SECONDARY ROADS	
30 OR LESS	180	165	
35	245	225	
40	320	295	
45	540	495	
50	600	550	
55	660	605	
65	780	715	

Table 1 – Minimum Taper Length

1. Work Zone Safety Meetings

- 1.a) Prior to the commencement of work, a Work Zone Safety Meeting shall be conducted with representatives from DOT Construction, Connecticut State Police (Local Barracks), Municipal Police, the Contractor (Project Superintendent) and the Traffic Control Subcontractor (if different than the prime Contractor) to review the traffic operations, lines of responsibility, and operating guidelines which will be used on the Project. DOT Traffic Engineering shall be invited to the Work Zone Safety Meeting. Other Work Zone Safety Meetings during the course of the Project should be scheduled as needed.
- 1.b) A Work Zone Safety Meeting Agenda shall be developed and used at the Meeting to outline the anticipated traffic control issues during the construction of this Project. Any issues that can't be resolved at these Meetings will be brought to the attention of the District Engineer and the Office of Construction. The agenda shall include:
 - i. Review Project scope of work and time;
 - ii. Review Section 1.08, Prosecution and Progress;
 - iii. Review Section 9.70, Trafficpersons;
 - iv. Review Section 9.71, Maintenance and Protection of Traffic;
 - v. Review Contractor's schedule and method of operations;
 - vi. Review special concern areas: ramps, turning roadways, medians, lane drops, etc.;
 - vii. Open discussion of work zone questions and issues;
 - viii. Discussion of review and approval process for changes in Contract requirements as they relate to work zone areas.

2. General

- 2.a) Traffic control patterns shall only be installed if the required minimum number of signs, traffic cones, traffic drums, and other equipment (i.e. one Arrow Board for each lane closed, two Truck-Mounted or Trailer-Mounted Attenuators (TMAs), Changeable Message Sign, etc.) are on Site.
- 2.b) The Contractor shall have spare maintenance and protection of traffic equipment (TMAs, Arrow Board, Changeable Message Sign(s), construction signs, traffic cones, traffic drums, etc.) available at all times in case of mechanical failures, etc. Spare maintenance and protection of traffic equipment installed as a result of a sudden equipment breakdown shall be replaced by the Contractor within 24 hours.
- 2.c) Failure of the Contractor to have the required minimum number of signs, personnel, and equipment, which results in the pattern not being installed, shall not be a reason for a time extension or claim for lost time.
- 2.d) In cases of differences of opinion between the Contractor and the Inspection staff, the Contractor shall follow the directions of the Engineer. The matter shall be brought to the District Office for resolution immediately or, in the case of work after regular business hours, on the next business day.

3. Installing and Removing Traffic Control Patterns

- 3.a) Lane closures shall be installed beginning with the advance warning signs and proceeding forward toward the work area.
- 3.b) Lane closures shall be removed in the reverse order, beginning at the end of the work area, or traffic control pattern, and proceeding back toward the advance warning signs.
- 3.c) Stopping traffic may be allowed within the allowable hours stated in Section 1.08.04:
 - i. For those activities stated within the Contract.
 - ii. During paving, milling operations, or similar activities where, in the middle of the operation, it is necessary to flip the pattern to complete the operation on the other half of the roadway so traffic does not travel across the longitudinal joint or difference in roadway elevation.
 - iii. To move slow moving equipment across live traffic lanes into the work area.
- 3.d) The Contractor shall adhere to using the proper signs, placing the signs correctly, and ensuring the proper spacing of signs.
- 3.e) Additional devices are required on entrance ramps, exit ramps, and intersecting roads to warn and/or move traffic into the proper travel path prior to merging with or exiting from the mainline traffic. This shall be completed before installing the mainline pattern past the ramp or intersecting roadway.
- 3.f) Workers are prohibited from crossing the travel lanes on limited access roadways to install and remove signs or other devices on the opposite side of the roadway. Any signs or devices on the opposite side of the roadway shall be installed and removed separately.

4. Implementation of Rolling Road Block (RRB)

- 4.a) Temporary road closures using a RRB may be allowed on limited access highways for operations associated with the installation and removal of temporary lane closures. RRB may be allowed for the installation and removal of lead signs and lane tapers only and shall meet the following requirements:
 - i. Refer to the Limitation of Operations Chart provided in Section 1.08.04 for the hours allowed for implementing a RRB operation. The Contractor shall only implement a RRB operation within the hours shown in the Chart.
 - ii. In areas with good sight lines and full shoulders, signs on the side of the road opposite the traffic pattern should be installed in a separate operation.
 - iii. TMAs equipped with Arrow Boards shall be used to slow traffic to implement the RRB. State Police Officers in marked vehicles may be used to support the implementation of the RRB. The RRB shall start by having all vehicles, including TMAs and police vehicles, leave the shoulder or on-ramp and accelerate to normal roadway speeds in each lane. The vehicles will then position themselves side by side and decelerate to the RRB speed on the highway.

- iv. A Pre-Warning Vehicle, as specified elsewhere in the Contract, shall be used to advise the motorists that sign pattern installation or removal is underway.
- v. The RRB duration shall not exceed 15 minutes from the start of the traffic block until all lanes are opened as designated in the Limitation of Operations chart. If the RRB duration exceeds 15 minutes on 2 successive shifts, no further RRB will be allowed until the Contractor obtains approval for a revised installation procedure from the District.
- vi. RRB shall not be used to expand a lane closure pattern to an additional lane during the shift. The workers and equipment required to implement the additional lane closure should be staged from within the closed lane. TMAs (and State Police if available) shall be used to protect the workers installing the taper in the additional lane.
- vii. Exceptions to these work procedures may be submitted to the District Office for consideration. A minimum of 2 business days shall be allowed for review and comment by the District.
- viii. The Engineer and the Contractor will review and discuss the RRB procedures (including any revisions) in advance of the work. The implementation of the agreed upon plan will be reviewed with the State Police during the Work Zone Safety Meeting held before each shift involving temporary lane closures. If the State Police determine that alternative procedures should be implemented for traffic control during the work shift, the Department and Contractor will attempt to resolve any discrepancies with the duty sergeant at the Troop. If the discrepancies are unable to be resolved prior to the start of the shift, then the work will proceed as recommended by the Department. Any unresolved issues shall be addressed the following day.

5. Use of Arrow Boards

- 5.a) On limited access roadways, one Arrow Board shall be used for each lane that is closed. The Arrow Board shall be installed concurrently with the installation of the traffic control pattern and its placement shall be as shown on the Construction Traffic Control Plans. Additional Arrow Boards shall be deployed if sight distances are limited.
- 5.b) On non-limited access roadways, the use of an Arrow Board for lane closures is optional. The roadway geometry, sight distance, and traffic volume shall be considered in the decision to use the Arrow Board.
- 5.c) A vehicle displaying an arrow board shall be equipped with high-intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights.
- 5.d) The flashing arrow mode shall be used for lane closure (merge) tapers.
- 5.e) The flashing arrow mode shall not be used for temporary alternating one-way traffic operations or to laterally shift lanes of traffic.

- 5.f)The flashing double arrow mode shall only be used for closing a center lane on a multilane roadway where adjacent left and right lanes remain open.
- 5.g) For shoulder work or roadside work near the shoulder, the Arrow Board shall be positioned in the shoulder and the flashing alternating diamond mode should be used.
- 5.h) The flashing alternating diamond caution mode should also be used when supplemental Arrow Boards are positioned in an already closed lane.

6. Use of Truck-Mounted or Trailer-Mounted Impact Attenuators (TMAs)

- 6.a) On limited access roadways, lane closures shall use a minimum of two TMAs to install and remove traffic control patterns. If two TMAs are not available, then the pattern shall not be installed.
- 6.b) On non-limited access roadways, the use of TMAs to install and remove patterns closing a lane(s) is optional. The roadway geometry, sight line distance, and traffic volume shall be considered in the decision to utilize the TMAs.
- 6.c) On limited access roadways, one TMA shall be placed on the shoulder and the second TMA shall be approximately 1,000 feet ahead blocking the lane to establish the advance and transition signing. The Arrow Board mounted on the TMA shall be in the arrow mode when taking the lane. The sign truck and workers shall be at sufficient distance ahead of the second TMA. In no case shall the TMA be used as the sign truck or a work truck. Once the transition is in place, the TMAs shall travel in the closed lane until all Portable Changeable Message Signs, signs, Arrow Boards, and cones/drums are installed. The Arrow Board mounted on the TMA should be in the flashing alternating diamond caution mode when traveling in the closed lane.
- 6.d) A TMA shall be placed prior to the first work area in the pattern. If there are multiple work areas within the same pattern, then additional TMAs shall be positioned at each additional work area as needed. The Arrow Board mounted on the TMA should be in the flashing alternating diamond caution mode when in the closed lane.
- 6.e) TMAs shall be positioned a sufficient distance prior to the workers or equipment being protected to allow for appropriate vehicle roll-ahead in the event that the TMA is hit, but not so far that an errant vehicle could travel around the TMA and into the work area. For additional placement and use details, refer to Section 18.06. Some operations, such as paving and concrete repairs, do not allow for placement of the TMA(s) within the specified distances. In these situations, the TMA(s) shall be placed at the beginning of the work area and shall be advanced as the paving or concrete operations proceed.
- 6.f) TMAs will be paid for in accordance with how the unit is used. If it is used as a TMA and is in the proper location as specified, then it will be paid for at the specified hourly rate for Truck-Mounted or Trailer-Mounted Impact Attenuator. When the TMA is used as an

Arrow Board, it will be paid for at the daily rate for Arrow Board. If a TMA is used to install and remove a pattern and is also used as an Arrow Board in the same day, then the unit will be paid for as a Truck-Mounted or Trailer-Mounted Impact Attenuator for the hours used to install and remove the pattern, typically 2 hours (1 hour to install and 1 hour to remove). If the TMA is also used as an Arrow Board during the same day, then the unit will only be paid for at the daily rate as an Arrow Board.

7. Use of Traffic Drums and Traffic Cones

- 7.a) On limited-access highways, ramps, and turning roadways:
 - i. Traffic drums shall be used for taper channelization.
 - ii. Traffic drums shall be used to delineate raised catch basins and other hazards.
 - iii. Traffic cones with a minimum height of 42 inches may be used in place of drums in the tangent section of a closed lane or shoulder.
 - iv. Traffic cones less than 42 inches in height shall not be used.
- 7.b) On all roadways:
 - i. Traffic drums shall be used in place of traffic cones in traffic control patterns that are in effect for more than a 36-hour duration.
 - ii. Traffic cones shall not be left unattended.
 - iii. Traffic cones with a minimum height of 42 inches shall be used when the posted speed limit is 45 MPH or above.
- 7.c) Typical spacing of traffic drums and/or cones shown on the Construction Traffic Control Plans in the Contract are maximum spacings and may be reduced to meet actual field conditions as required.

8. Use of Barricade Warning Lights

- 8.a) Barricade Warning Lights may be installed on channelizing devices when used in a merge taper. The Barricade Warning Lights shall flash in a sequential pattern when used in a merge taper. The successive flashing shall occur from the upstream end (beginning) of the merge taper to the downstream end (end) of the merge taper.
- 8.b) Type C Barricade Warning Lights may be used at night to delineate the edge of the travel way.

c) Type B Barricade Warning Lights shall be used on post-mounted advanced warning signs.

9. Use of Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS)

9.a) On limited access roadways, one PCMS shall be used in advance of the traffic control pattern for all lane closures. Prior to installing the pattern, the PCMS shall be installed and in operation, displaying the appropriate lane closure information. The PCMS shall be positioned ½ to 1 mile ahead of the start of the lane closure taper. If the distance to the nearest exit ramp is greater than the specified ½ to 1 mile distance, then an additional PCMS shall be positioned a sufficient distance ahead of the

exit ramp (and before the previous on-ramp where practical) to alert motorists to the work and therefore offer them an opportunity to take the exit.

- 9.b) On non-limited access roadways, the use of PCMS for lane closures is optional. The roadway geometry, sight line distance, and traffic volume shall be considered in the decision to use the PCMS.
- 9.c) PCMS should be placed off the shoulder of the roadway and behind a traffic barrier, if practical. Where a traffic barrier is not available to shield the PCMS, it should be placed off the shoulder and outside of the clear zone. If a PCMS has to be placed on the shoulder of the roadway or within the clear zone, it should be placed on the paved shoulder with a minimum of five traffic drums placed in a taper in front of it to delineate its position. The taper shall meet minimum distance requirements for a shoulder closure. The PCMS shall be protected if it is used for a continuous duration of 36 hours or more.
- 9.d) The PCMS shall be removed from the clear zone and have the display screen cleared and turned 90 degrees away from the roadway when the PCMS is no longer required.
- 9.e) The PCMS should not be used within 1,000 feet of an existing PCMS or Variable Message Sign (VMS).
- 9.f) A PCMS message shall:
 - i. consist of no more than two phases;
 - ii. contain no more than three lines of text per phase;
 - iii. have no more than eight characters per line, including spaces.
- 9.g) The PCMS should be used for specific situations that need to command the motorist's attention which cannot be conveyed with standard construction signs. The PCMS should not be used for generic messages (ex.: Road Work Ahead, Bump Ahead, Gravel Road, etc.) or for messages that need to be displayed for long periods of time, such as during stage construction. These types of messages should be displayed with construction signs. Special signs shall be coordinated with the Office of Construction and the Division of Traffic Engineering for the proper layout/dimensions required.
- 9.h) Typical messages that are allowed on the PCMS are shown below. Approval must be received from the Office of Construction for any message(s) different than the typical messages shown in Figure 1.
- 9.i) All messages shall comply with the information provided in Tables 2 and 3.

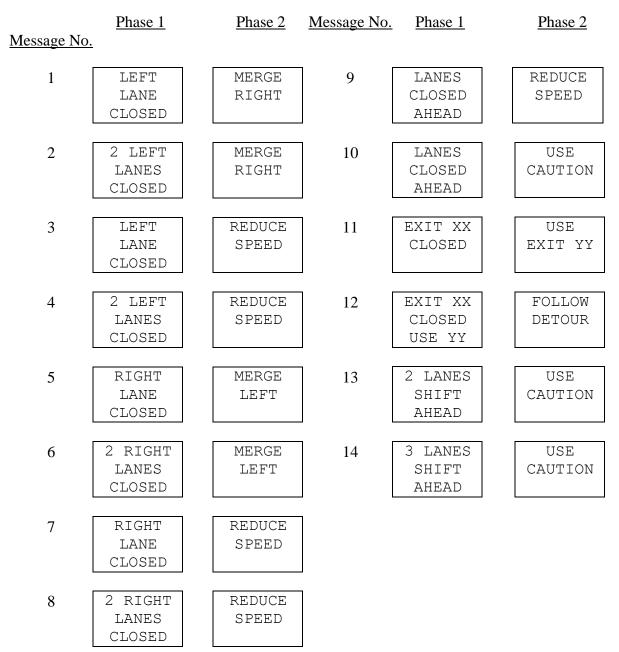


Figure 1: Typical PCMS Messages

Word Message	Standard	Word Message	Standard
	Abbreviation		Abbreviation
Access	ACCS	Minimum	MIN
Afternoon / Evening	PM	Minor	MNR
Ahead	AHD	Minute(s)	MIN
Alternate	ALT	Monday	MON
Avenue	AVE, AV	Morning / Late Night	AM
Bicycle	BIKE	Mount	MT
Blocked	BLKD	Mountain	MTN
Boulevard	BLVD	National	NATL
Bridge	BR	Normal	NORM
CB Radio	СВ	North	Ν
Center	CTR	Northbound	NBND
Center	CNTR	Oversized	OVRSZ
Chemical	CHEM	Parking	PKING
Circle	CIR	Parkway	PKWY
Compressed Natural	CNG	Pavement	PVMT
Gas			
Condition	COND	Pedestrian	PED
Congested	CONG	Place	PL
Construction	CONST	Pounds	LBS
Court	СТ	Prepare	PREP
Crossing	XING	Quality	QLTY
Crossing (other than	XING	Right	RT
highway-rail)		-	
Downtown	DWNTN	Road	RD
Drive	DR	Roadwork	RDWK
East	E	Route	RT, RTE
Eastbound	EBND	Saint	ST
Electric Vehicle	EV	Saturday	SAT
Emergency	EMER	Service	SERV
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Shoulder	SHLDR
Exit	EX	Slippery	SLIP
Express	EXP	South	S
Expressway	EXPWY	Southbound	SBND
Feet	FT	Speed	SPD
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	State, county, or other	[Route Abbreviation
		non-US or non-	determined by highway
		Interstate numbered	agency]**
		route	
Friday	FRI	Street	ST
Frontage	FRNTG	Sunday	SUN
Hazardous	HAZ	Telephone	PHONE
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Temporary	TEMP
High Occupancy	HOV	Terrace	TER
Vehicle			

Table 2: Acceptable Abbreviations

Highway	HWY	Thruway	THWY
Highway-Rail Grade	RR XING	Thursday	THURS
Crossing			
Hospital	HOSP	Tons of Weight	Т
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Traffic	TRAF
Information	INFO	Trail	TR
International	INTL	Travelers	TRVLRS
Interstate	I-	Tuesday	TUES
Junction / Intersection	JCT	Turnpike	ТРК
Lane	LN	Two-Way Intersection	2-WAY
Left	LFT	Two-Wheeled Vehicles	CYCLES
Liquid Propane Gas	LP-GAS	Upper	UPR
Local	LOC	US Numbered Route	US
Lower	LWR	Vehicle(s)	VEH, VEHS
Maintenance	MAINT	Warning	WARN
Major	MAJ	Wednesday	WED
Maximum	MAX	West	W
Mile(s)	MI	Westbound	WBND
Miles Per Hour	MPH		

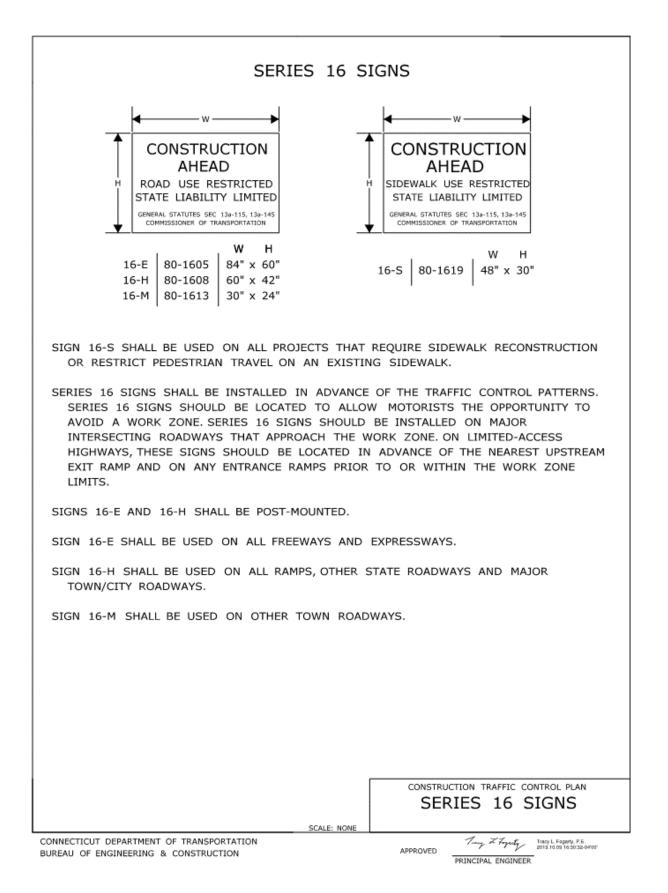
** A space and no dash shall be placed between the abbreviation and the number of the route.

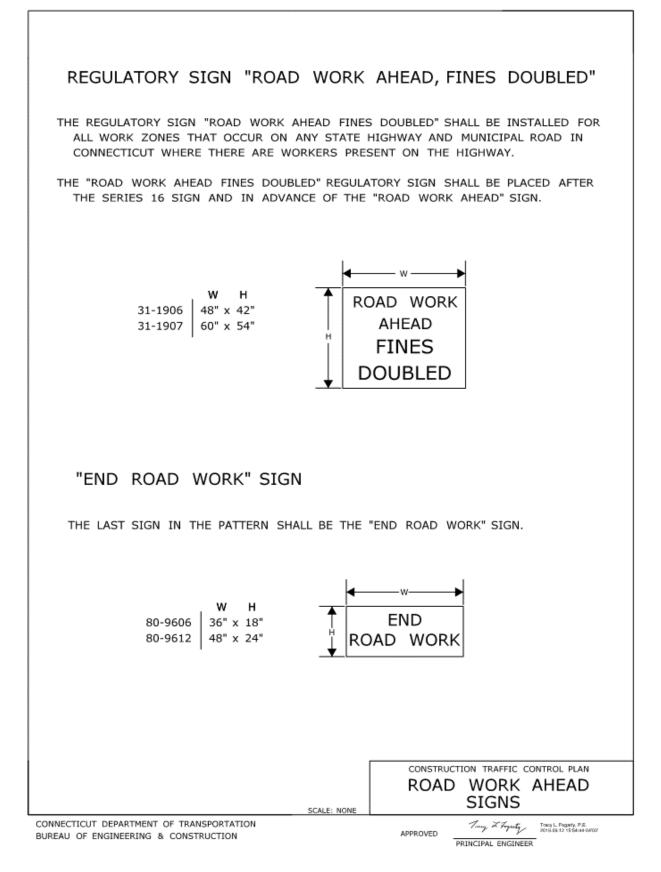
Table 3: Unacceptable Abbreviations

Unacceptable Abbreviation	Intended Word	Common Misinterpretation
ACC	Accident	Access (Road)
CLRS	Clears	Colors
DLY	Delay	Daily
FDR	Feeder	Federal
L	Left	Lane (Merge)
LT	Light (Traffic)	Left
PARK	Parking	Park
POLL	Pollution (Index)	Poll
RED	Reduce	Red
STAD	Stadium	Standard
WRNG	Warning	Wrong

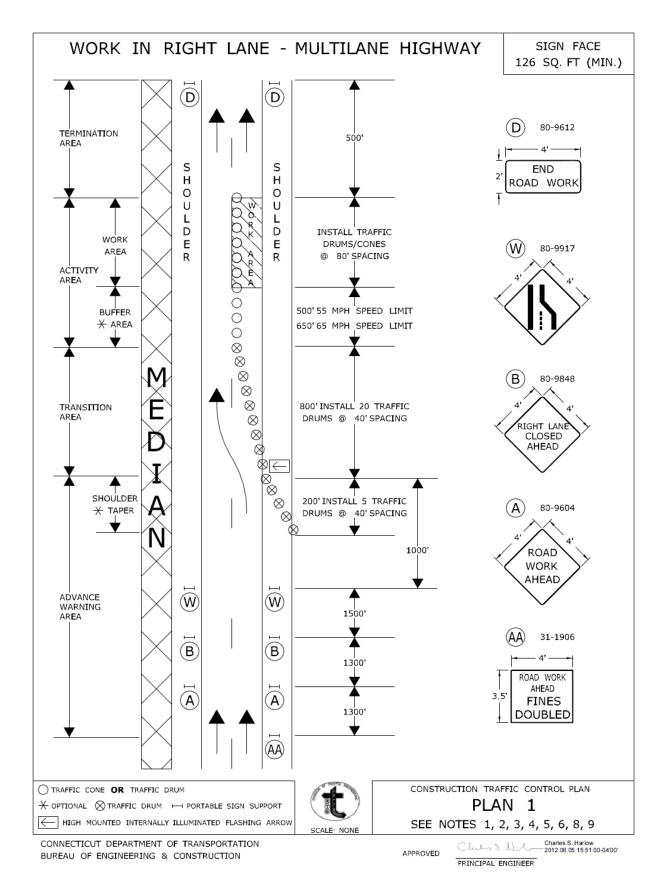
10. Use of State Police Officers

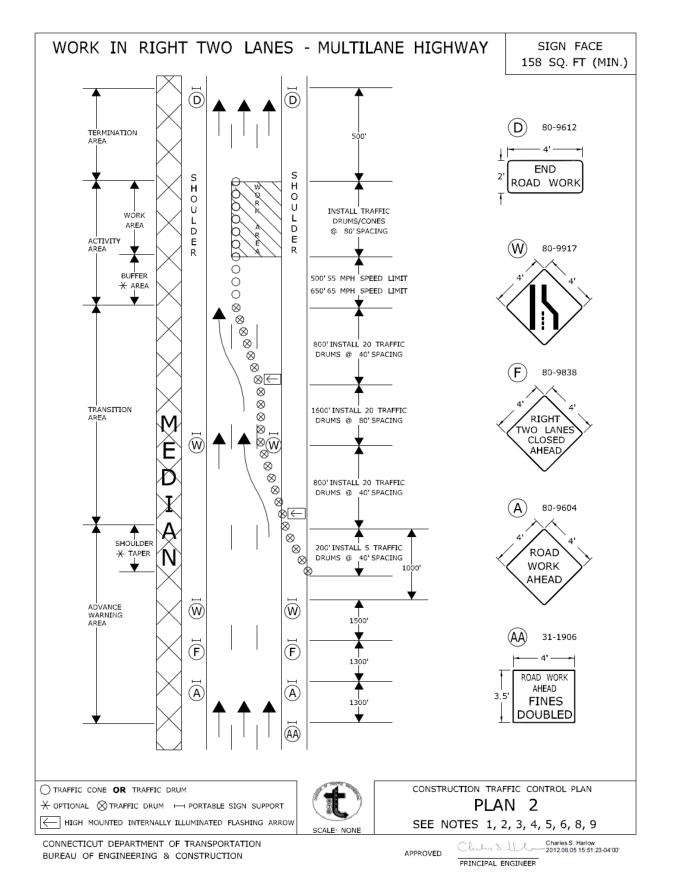
- 10.a) State Police may be used only on limited access highways and secondary roadways that are under their primary jurisdiction. A minimum of one Officer may be used per critical sign pattern; however, a State Police presence is not required. Shoulder closures and right lane closures can generally be implemented without the presence of a State Police Officer. Left lane closures may also be implemented without State Police presence in areas with only moderate traffic and wide, unobstructed medians. It may be desirable to have a State Police presence, when available, under specific situations, such as nighttime lane closures; left lane closures on turning roadways/ramps or mainline where sight distance is minimal; and closures where extensive turning movements or traffic congestion regularly occur; however, they are not required.
- 10.b) If a State Police presence is provided, once the pattern is in place, the State Police Officer should be positioned in a non- hazardous location in advance of the pattern to provide advance warning to the motorist. If traffic backs up beyond the beginning of the pattern, then the State Police Officer shall reposition so that they are located prior to the backup. The State Police Officer should not be located immediately behind or within the roll ahead area of any TMA or within the work zone buffer area. The State Police Officer shall not be positioned in such a way that the State Police Officer obstructs any construction warning signs or PCMS from view of the motorist.
- 10.c) Other functions of the State Police Officer(s) may include:
 - i. Assisting construction vehicles entering and exiting the work area.
 - ii. Enforcement of motor vehicle laws within the work area, if specifically requested by the Engineer.
- 10.d) State Police Officers assigned to a work site shall take direction from the Engineer.

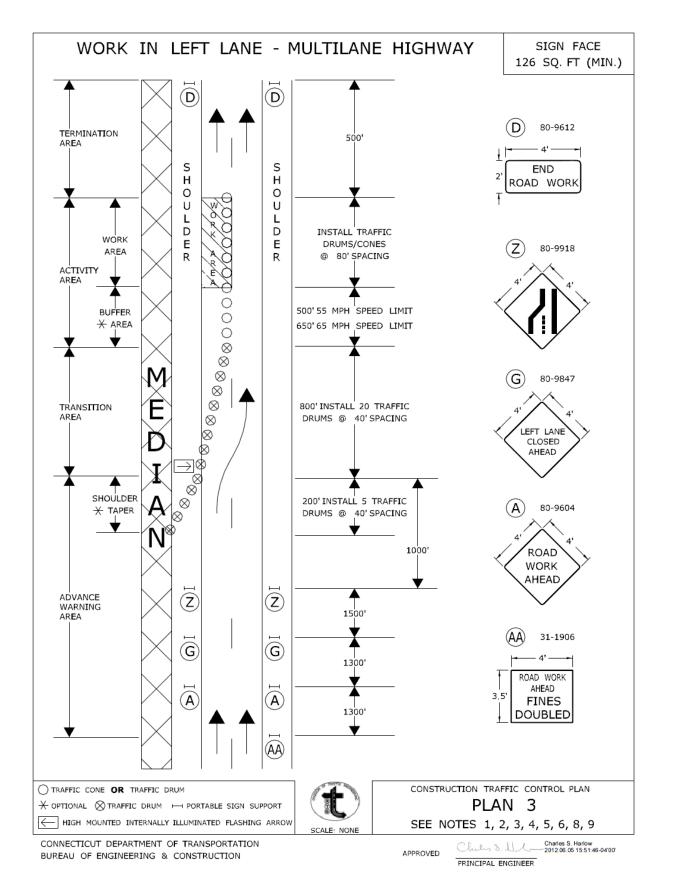


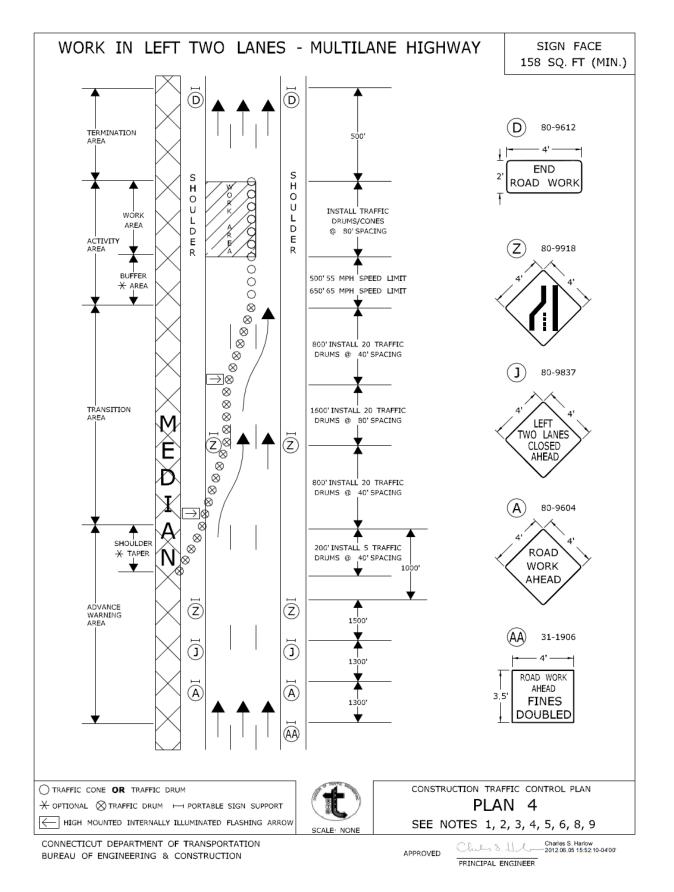


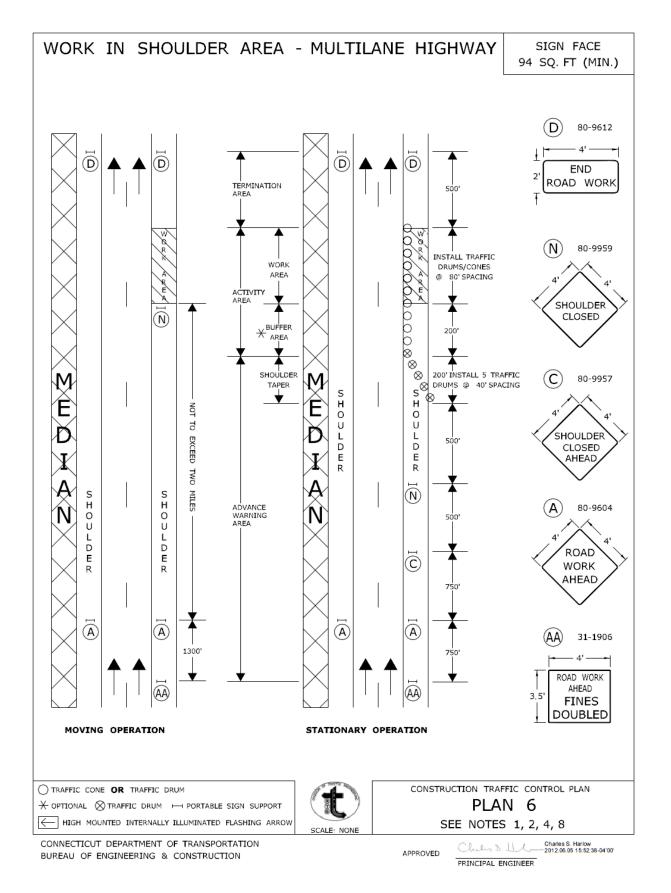
NOTES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS
 IF A TRAFFIC STOPPAGE OCCURS IN ADVANCE OF SIGN (A), THEN AN ADDITIONAL SIGN (A) SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE OF THE STOPPAGE.
 SIGNS (A), (A), AND (D) SHOULD BE OMITTED WHEN THESE SIGNS HAVE ALREADY BEEN INSTALLED IN ADVANCE TO DESIGNATE A LARGER WORK ZONE THAN THE WORK ZONE THAT IS ENCOMPASSED ON THIS PLAN.
3. SEE TABLE 1 FOR ADJUSTMENT OF TAPERS IF NECESSARY.
4. TRAFFIC CONES AND PORTABLE CONSTRUCTION SIGNS SHALL NOT BE LEFT UNATTENDED.
 ALL CONFLICTING SIGNS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF A ROADWAY / LANE CLOSURE AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH AN OPAQUE MATERIAL WHILE THE CLOSURE IS IN EFFECT, AND UNCOVERED WHEN THE ROADWAY / LANE CLOSURE IS RE-OPENED TO ALL LANES OF TRAFFIC.
6. IF THIS PLAN REMAINS IN CONTINUOUS OPERATION FOR MORE THAN 48 HOURS, THEN ANY EXISTING CONFLICTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE ERADICATED OR COVERED, AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THAT DELINEATE THE PROPER TRAVELPATHS SHALL BE INSTALLED.
 DISTANCES BETWEEN SIGNS IN THE ADVANCE WARNING AREA MAY BE REDUCED TO 100' ON LOW-SPEED URBAN ROADS (SPEED LIMIT ≤ 40 MPH).
 IF THIS PLAN IS TO REMAIN IN OPERATION FROM SUNSET TO SUNRISE, INSTALL BARRICADE WARNING LIGHTS - HIGH INTENSITY ON ALL POST-MOUNTED DIAMOND SIGNS IN THE ADVANCE WARNING AREA.
 A PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN SHALL BE INSTALLED ONE HALF MILE TO ONE MILE IN ADVANCE OF THE LANE CLOSURE TAPER.
10 SIGN (P) SHALL BE MOUNTED A MINIMUM OF 7 FEET FROM THE PAVEMENT SURFACE TO THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN.
TABLE 1 - MINIMUM TAPER LENGTHS
(MILES PER HOUR) A SINGLE LANE CLOSURE
30 OR LESS 180' 35 245'
40 320'
45 540' 50 600'
55 660'
65 780'
CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
NOTES
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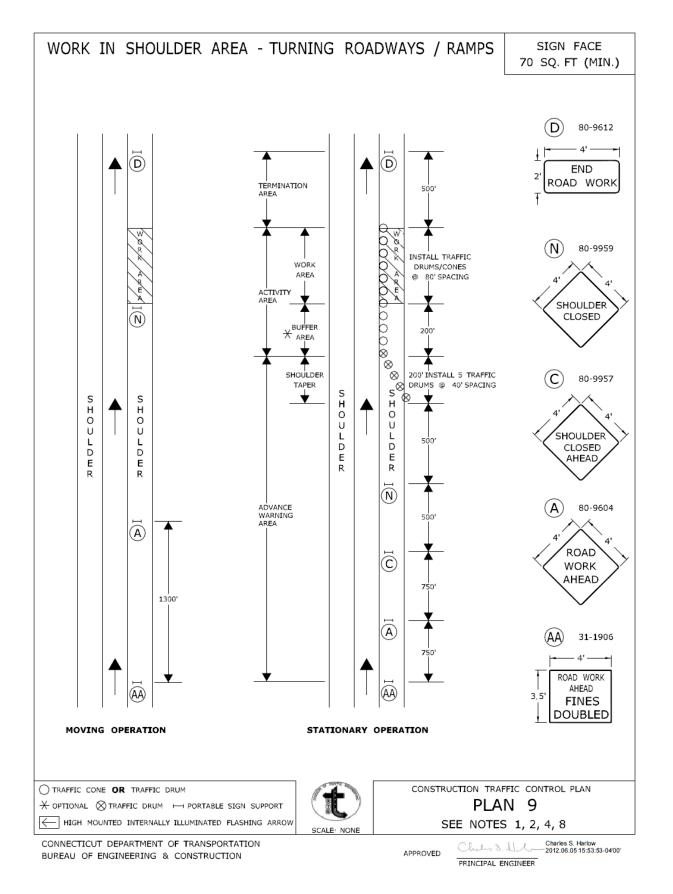


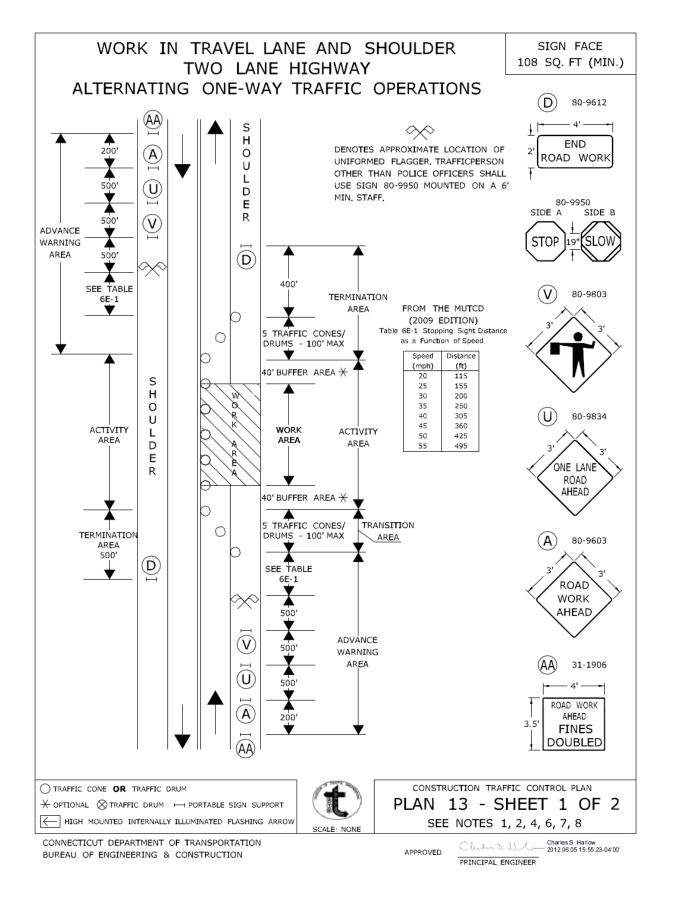




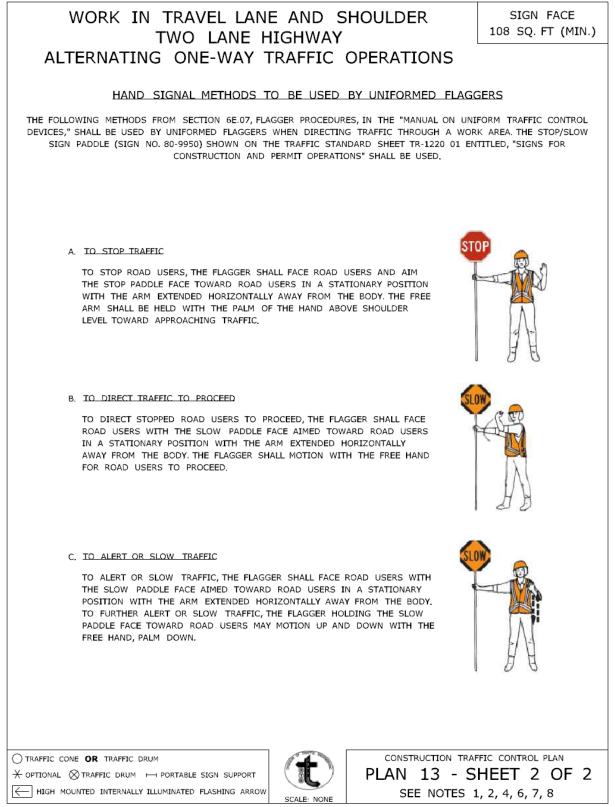






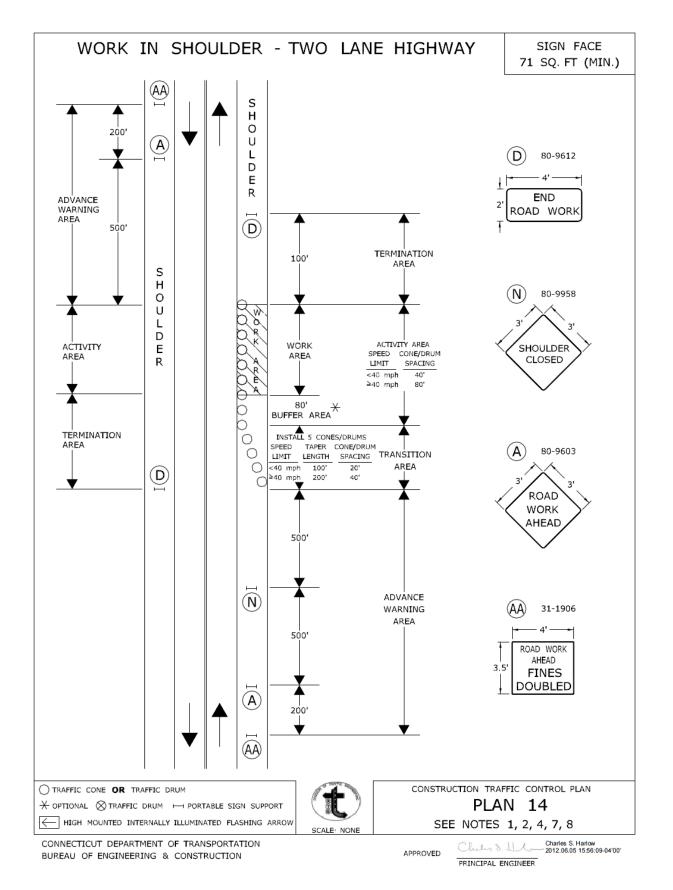


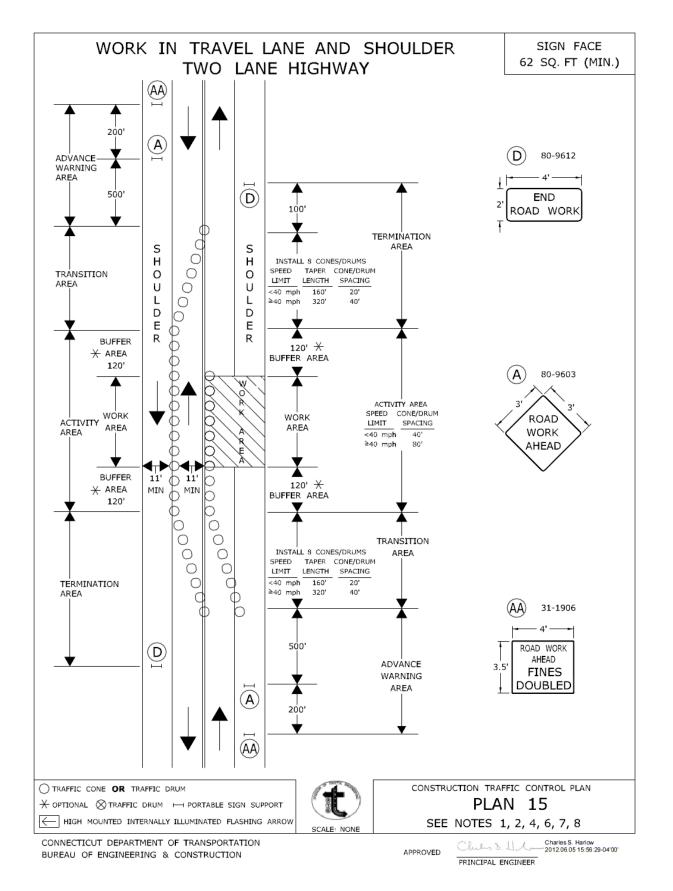
Rev. Date 04/11/25

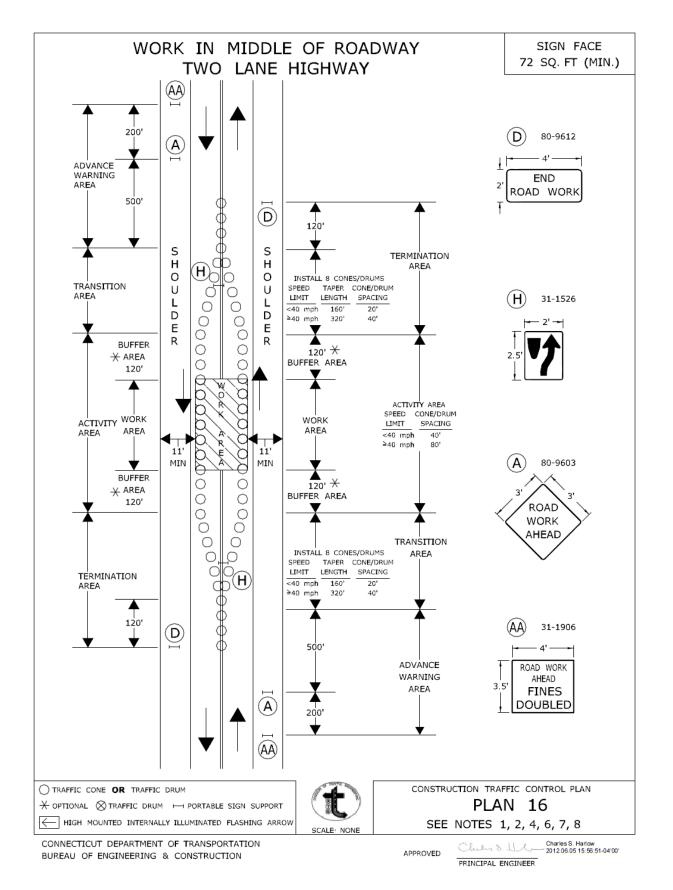


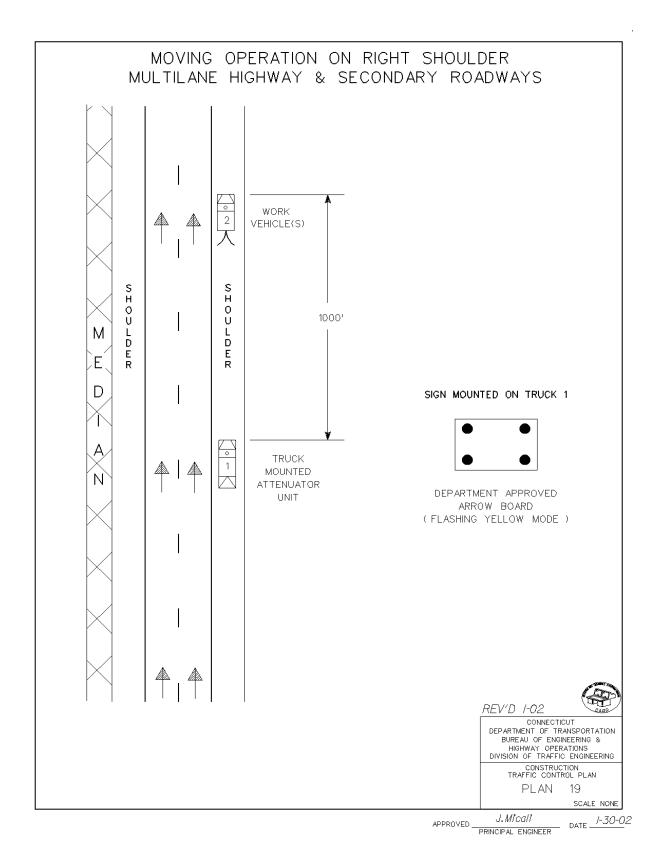
CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BUREAU OF ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

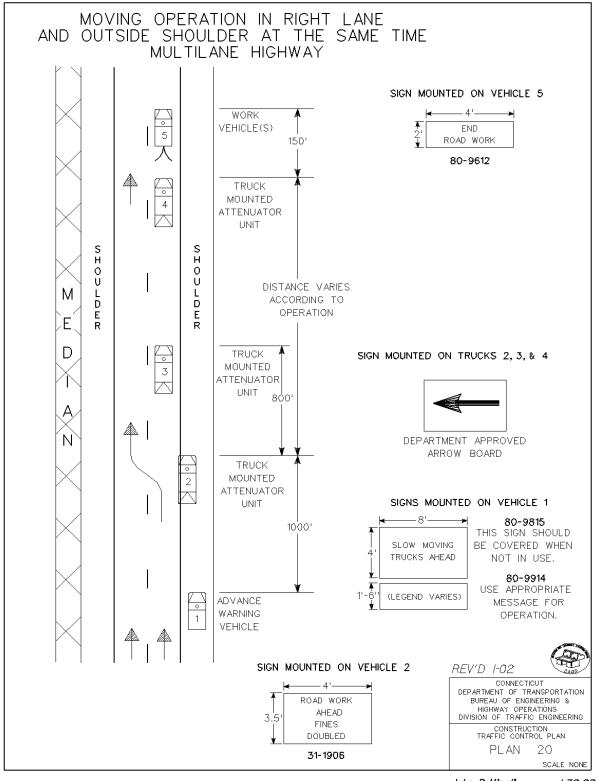
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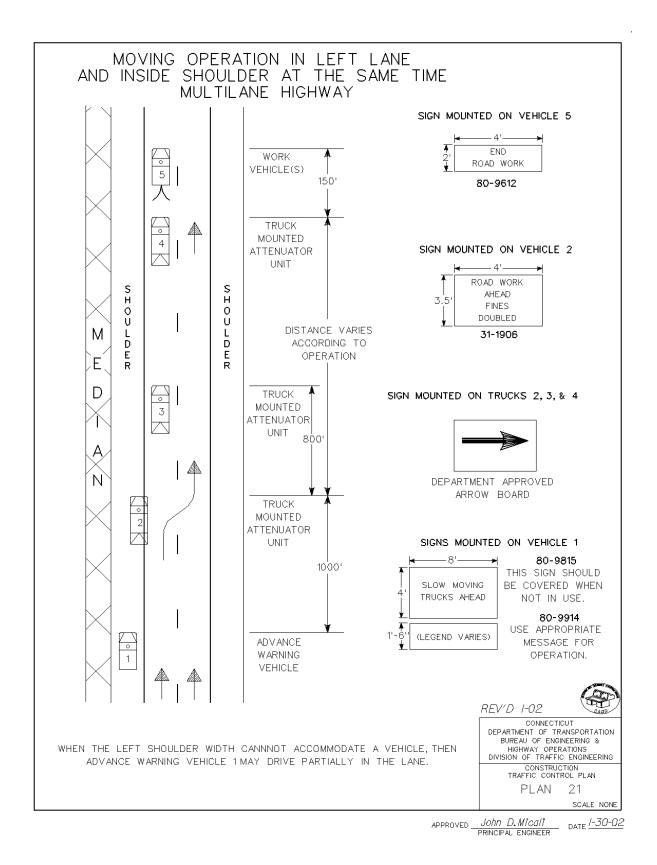


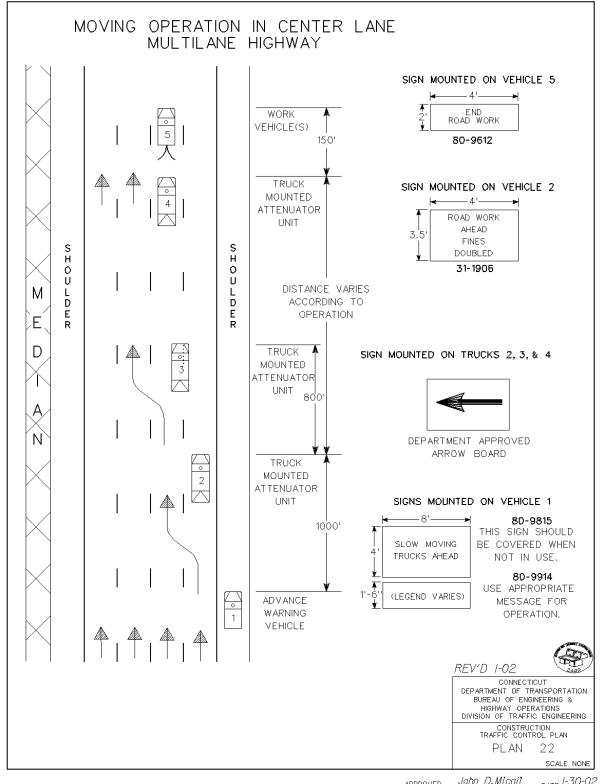


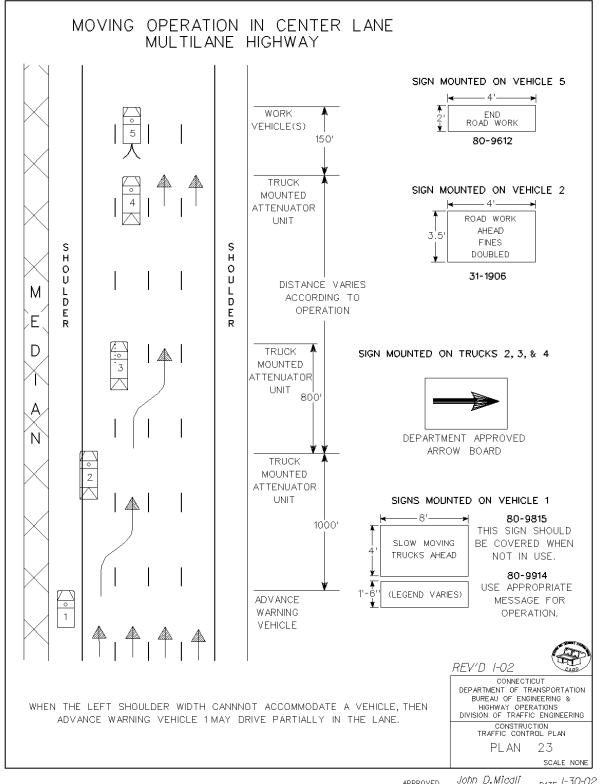


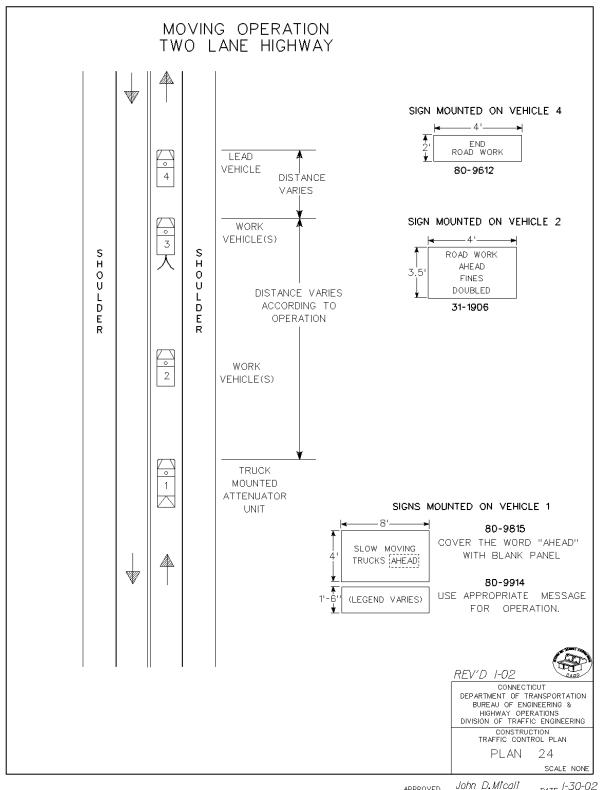


APPROVED John D. Micali DATE 1-30-02









Article 9.71.05 – Basis of Payment is supplemented by the following:

The temporary relocation of signs and supports, and the furnishing, installation and removal of any temporary supports shall be paid for under the item "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic". Temporary overhead sign supports and foundations shall be paid for under the appropriate item(s). The cost of furnishing, installing, and removing the material for the 4H:1V traversable slope shall

be paid for under the item "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic".

ITEM #1020030A – TEMPORARY ILLUMINATION UNIT

DESCRIPTION: Under this item the Contractor shall furnish, install and maintain temporary illumination at the location as shown on the plans, when alternating one way traffic is being used. The temporary luminaire and bracket shall be installed on the temporary traffic signal span pole. The Contractor shall remove the temporary illumination unit upon completion of construction. The removed temporary illumination unit and associated equipment shall remain the property of the Contractor.

MATERIALS: Brackets shall be fabricated from galvanized tubular steel with an upsweep design and accommodate a 2" slip-fitter type luminaire. The bracket shall be designed for attachment to the particular type of span pole being utilized (wood or metal). The bracket length shall be of sufficient length to position the luminaire over the edge of the travel lane.

Ground rods shall be $5/8" \ge 8'$ copper clad steel with an approved square head bolt-type ground clamp.

The temporary LED luminaire shall be 120-140 watt, \pm 18,000 lumen, 4000k CCT, featuring LED light bar technology, with Type III full-cutoff light distribution, twist lock photocell, 20kV/10kA surge suppression, and multi-volt electronic driver. The LED luminaire shall be one of the following:

Philips Lumec, Road Focus series, American Electric, Autobahn series, Eaton (Cooper Lighting), Archeon Medium series, or General Electric, Evolve series.

No alternate luminaires will be accepted. A catalog cut will be required.

The luminaire housing shall be powder coated grey in color.

The luminaire shall have a solid-state long life photocontrol.

The luminaire's onboard circuitry shall include a surge protection device (SPD) to withstand high repetition noise transients as a result of utility line switching, nearby lightning strikes, and other interference. The LED luminaire shall be provided with integral 20kV/10kA surge protection which shall conform and be labeled as UL 1449 compliant. The SPD protects the luminaire from damage and failure for common and differential mode transient peak currents up to 10 kA (minimum). SPD performance shall have been tested per procedures in ANSI C136.2/IEEE C62.41-2:2002 category C high exposure. The SPD shall be connected so that in the event of catastrophic failure the luminaire will no longer operate, and the driver and light engine will be isolated from additional spikes. The SPD shall be field replaceable.

The LED luminaire shall carry a limited five year warranty on the LEDs and the Driver.

Circuit breaker shall be 20 amp, single pole, located in the temporary traffic control cabinet.

Single conductors shall be No. 10 AWG, THWN, and shall conform to the requirements of Article M.15.11.

Pre-assembled aerial cable shall be 7 strand aluminum containing a No. 6 AWG bare messenger with two No. 6 AWG cross-linked polyethylene insulated conductors rated at 600 volts.

No. 8 bare copper ground wire shall conform to the requirements of Article M.15.13.

Rigid metal conduit (RMC) shall be 1" in diameter and shall conform to the requirements of Article M.15.09-1.

Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit (PVC) and fittings shall be 1" in diameter shall conform to the requirements of Article M.15.09-3.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS: The bracket shall be attached to the pole so that the luminaire mounting height over the roadway will be approximately 30'. The bracket shall be installed perpendicular to the roadway unless the plans specifically call for it to be angled toward the work zone. The bracket arm shall be properly bonded to the ground rod using #8 ground wire. For wood pole installations the ground wire shall be encased in a half round type protective cover.

All wiring methods shall conform to NEC standards. The pre-assembled aerial cable shall be attached to poles with insulators, including all connections as indicated on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

A 20 amp, single pole, circuit breaker shall be installed in the traffic signal controller cabinet and shall provide the overcurrent protection to the luminaire. The branch circuit conductors from the cabinet to the luminaire shall consist of pre-assembled aerial cable, and where necessary, single conductors contained in conduit in trench. Conduit mounted to the span pole shall be RMC including the 90° elbow at the base of the pole. Under no circumstances shall circuit conductors be left exposed and susceptible to contact with the public.

Upon completion of construction, the temporary illumination unit with associated equipment shall be removed and remain the property of the Contractor.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: This work will be measured for payment by the number of temporary illumination units installed and accepted in place.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "Temporary Illumination Unit" complete in place, which price shall include all materials, including bracket, luminaire, driver, photoelectric control, wiring, conduit, ground wire cover, hardware, circuit breaker, connections, conductors, aerial cable, delivering, hauling, disposal, equipment, tools, labor, monthly energy charges, and work incidental thereto including removal of this material upon completion of the project.

Pay Item Temporary Illumination Unit Pay Unit EA.

ITEM #1118101A – TEMPORARY SIGNALIZATION

Description:

This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating and removing temporary traffic signal equipment and all necessary hardware as ordered and in conformance with the plans and applicable specifications.

Materials:

All materials used for Temporary Signalization shall conform to the plans and pertinent articles of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, and the Special Provisions contained in this contract, or as approved by the Engineer. The materials can be new or used. Used material must not be damaged and its operation must be reliable. The Contractor must replace damaged or faulty material immediately. A Materials Certificate will be required.

Construction Methods:

The Contractor shall review the traffic signal plan, contained in the contract plans, and, if any changes are necessary, the Contractor shall submit a revised plan to the Engineer for approval. In no case will the Contractor be allowed to revise an installation without prior knowledge and approval by the Engineer. The Engineer will send to the Division of Traffic Engineering and/or the Design Engineer for review as applicable.

Prior to the beginning of Temporary Signalization, the Contractor and the Engineer are required to meet with any property owners that have driveways that will be signalized and explain how the temporary signalization will operate.

Temporary Signalization shall begin when the Contractor installs the temporary traffic signal equipment.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain a temporary traffic signal capable of providing the approved phasing as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall relocate temporary signal equipment, including signal heads, vehicle detectors, etc., as many times as deemed necessary during construction to maintain and protect traffic where shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall make modifications to the signal controller as necessary to maintain temporary signalization during each phase/stage of construction and shall make adjustments to the timing of the controller as necessary based on field conditions and as directed by the Engineer.

All equipment shall be relocated and/or removed in such a manner as to cause no hazard to pedestrians, traffic or property. When the Contractor is performing signal work, the Contractor shall maintain traffic as specified in the Special Provisions "Prosecution and Progress" and "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic."

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing power to the temporary traffic signal via solar panels or by obtaining secondary service. The Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of the electricity to operate the temporary traffic signal and the intersection shall have a metered service.

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintenance of the temporary traffic signal during Temporary Signalization. The Contractor shall provide to the Engineer and the local Police Department a list of telephone numbers of personnel who will be responsible for the maintenance of the temporary traffic signal on a 24-hour basis. The Contractor shall respond to traffic signal malfunctions by having a representative at the site within three hours and the temporary traffic signal back in operation within 24 hours.

Temporary signal equipment supplied by the Contractor will remain the Contractor's property at the completion of the project unless otherwise noted.

Temporary Signalization shall terminate when construction is complete, and the temporary signal equipment is removed from the project as approved by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

Temporary Signalization shall be measured for payment as follows:

Fifty percent (50%) shall be paid when Temporary Signalization is operational as shown on the plan and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Fifty percent (50%) shall be paid when Temporary Signalization terminates.

Basis of Payment:

This work shall be paid at the contract Lump Sum price for "Temporary Signalization." This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating and removing temporary traffic signal equipment and all necessary hardware, materials, labor and work incidental thereto. This item shall also include supplying the electricity to operate the temporary traffic signal. All Contractor supplied items that will remain the Contractor's property shall be included in the contract Lump Sum price for "Temporary Signalization."

> Pay Item Temporary Signalization

Pay Unit L.S.

ITEM NO. 1206023A - REMOVAL AND RELOCATION OF EXISTING SIGNS

Section 12.06 is supplemented as follows:

Article 12.06.01 – Description is supplemented with the following:

Work under this item shall consist of the removal and/or relocation of designated side-mounted extruded aluminum and sheet aluminum signs, sign posts, sign supports, and foundations where indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Work under this item shall also include furnishing and installing new sign posts and associated hardware for signs designated for relocation.

Article 12.06.03 – Construction Methods is supplemented with the following:

The Contractor shall take care during the removal and relocation of existing signs, sign posts, and sign supports that are to be relocated so that they are not damaged. Any material that is damaged shall be replaced by the Contractor at no cost to the State.

Foundations and other materials designated for removal shall be removed and disposed of by the Contractor as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with existing standards for Removal of Existing Signing.

Sheet aluminum signs designated for relocation are to be re-installed on new sign posts.

Article 12.06.04 – Method of Measurement is supplemented with the following:

Payment under Removal and Relocation of Existing Signs shall be at the contract lump sum price which shall include all extruded aluminum and sheet aluminum signs, sign posts, and sign supports designated for relocation, all new sign posts and associated hardware for signs designated for relocation, all extruded aluminum signs, sheet aluminum signs, sign posts and sign supports designated for scrap, and foundations and other materials designated for removal and disposal, and all work and equipment required.

Article 12.06.05 – Basis of Payment is supplemented with the following:

This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for "Removal and Relocation of Existing Signs" which price shall include relocating designated extruded aluminum and sheet aluminum signs, sign posts, and sign supports, providing new posts and associated hardware for relocated signs, removing and disposing of foundations and other materials, and all equipment, material, tools and labor incidental thereto. This price shall also include removing, loading, transporting, and unloading of extruded aluminum signs, sheet aluminum signs, sign posts, and sign supports designated for scrap and all equipment, material, tools and labor incidental thereto.

Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
Removal and Relocation of Existing Signs	L.S.

<u>ITEM #1208931A – SIGN FACE - SHEET ALUMINUM (TYPE IX</u> <u>RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING)</u>

<u>ITEM #1208937A – SIGN FACE - SHEET ALUMINUM (TYPE XI</u> <u>RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING)</u>

Section 12.08 is supplemented and amended as follows:

12.08.01—Description:

Add the following:

All signs shall use Type XI retroreflective sheeting with the exception of side-mounted signs with white background which shall be Type IX.

This item shall also include field testing of metal sign base posts as directed by the Engineer.

Signs shall conform to the sign details located at <u>https://portal.ct.gov/DOT/Traffic-Engineering/Catalog-of-Signs</u> with legend for variable signs as shown in the plans.

12.08.03—Construction Methods:

Delete the last sentence and add the following:

Metal sign base posts shall be whole and uncut. Sign base post embedment and reveal lengths shall be as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall drive the metal sign base posts by hand tools, by mechanical means or by auguring holes. If an obstruction is encountered while driving or placing the metal sign base post, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer who will determine whether the obstruction shall be removed, the sign base post or posts relocated, or the base post installation in ledge detail shall apply. Backfill shall be thoroughly tamped after the posts have been set level and plumb.

Field Testing of Metal Sign Posts: When the sign installations are complete, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer the Project is ready for field testing. Based on the number of posts in the Project, the Engineer will select random sign base posts which shall be removed by the Contractor for inspection and measurement by the Engineer. After such inspection is completed at each base post location, the Contractor shall restore or replace such portions of the work to the condition required by the Contract. Refer to the table in 12.08.05 for the number of posts to be field tested.

12.08.04—Method of Measurement:

Add the following:

The work required to expose and measure sign base post length and embedment depth using field testing methods, and restoration of such work, will not be measured for payment and shall be included in the general cost of the work.

12.08.05—Basis of Payment:

Replace the entire Article with the following:

This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square foot for "Sign Face - Sheet Aluminum" of the type specified complete in place, adjusted by multiplying by the applicable Pay Factor listed in the table below. The price for this work shall include the completed sign, metal sign post(s), span-mounted sign brackets and mast arm-mounted brackets, mounting hardware, including reinforcing plates, field testing, restoration and replacement of defective base post(s), and all materials, equipment, and work incidental thereto.

Pay Factor Scale: Work shall be considered defective whenever the base post length or base post embedment depth is less than the specified length by more than 2 inches. If the number of defects results in rejection, the Contractor shall remove and replace all metal sign base posts on the Project, at no cost to the Department.

Number of Posts in Project =>	51-100	101-250	251-1000	>1000
Sample Size=>	5 Posts	10 Posts	40 Posts	60 Posts
0 Defects	1.0	1.0	1.025	1.025
1 Defect	0.9	0.95	0.975	0.983
2 Defects	Rejection	0.9	0.95	0.967
3 Defects	Rejection	Rejection	0.925	0.95
4 Defects	Rejection	Rejection	0.9	0.933
5 Defects	Rejection	Rejection	Rejection	0.917
6 Defects	Rejection	Rejection	Rejection	0.9
7 or more Defects	Rejection	Rejection	Rejection	Rejection

Number of Posts to be Tested and Pay Factors (Based on Number of Defects)

Note: Projects with 50 or fewer posts will not include field testing

ITEM NO. 1210113A–6" (WHITE) TYPE I EPOXY RESIN PAVEMENT <u>MARKINGS</u> ITEM NO. 1210114A–6" (YELLOW) TYPE I EPOXY RESIN PAVEMENT <u>MARKINGS</u> ITEM NO. 1210115A–8" (WHITE) TYPE I EPOXY RESIN PAVEMENT <u>MARKINGS</u>

Section 12.10 is supplemented and amended as follows:

Article 12.10.01—Description:

Replace the entire Article with the following:

This item shall consist of furnishing and installing retroreflective Yellow and White Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings of the width and color specified at the locations indicated on the plans, in conformance with the plans, this specification, and as directed by the Engineer.

Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings include center lines, lane lines, and shoulder lines.

Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall be installed in a pavement marking groove. Pavement marking grooves are specified elsewhere in the Contract.

Article 12.10.02—Materials:

Replace the entire Article with the following:

Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of Article M.07.22 – Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings amended as follows:

Delete the last sentence and add the following:

(j) Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall consist of one of the following mixes of retroreflective beads, or approved equal:

- Potter's VISIMAX glass bead and a clear glass bead that meets the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 4.
- Potter's VISIULTRA glass bead and a clear glass bead that meets the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 1.
- 3M's tinted microcrystalline ceramic bead with minimum indexes of refraction of 1.89 (dry) and 2.4 (wet) when tested using the ASTM E1967 method and a clear glass bead that meets the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 4. Yellow tinted beads shall be installed on yellow pavement markings and white tinted beads shall be installed on white pavement markings.

Article 12.10.03—Construction Methods:

In Subarticle 1. Equipment, delete paragraph 1 and add the following:

Equipment furnished shall include an applicator truck of adequate size and power, together with:

- (a) remote application equipment designed to apply an epoxy resin material in a continuous pattern, and
- (b) portable retroreflective bead applicators, one for each size bead, designed to provide uniform and complete coverage of the epoxy binder by a controlled free-fall method. Pressurized retroreflective bead application shall not be used.

In Subarticle 2. Procedures, delete paragraphs 3, 7, and 8 and add the following:

All surfaces that are power washed shall be allowed to dry sufficiently prior to the application of the epoxy markings. The areas to be marked shall be broom cleaned immediately prior to the application of the epoxy markings. Retroreflective beads shall be applied immediately after application of the epoxy resin marking to provide an immediate no-track system.

The epoxy for Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall be uniformly applied to the surface to be marked to ensure a wet film thickness, without retroreflective beads, of 20 mils ± 1 mil.

For Potter's VISIMAX glass bead Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings, a first drop consisting of Potter's VISIMAX glass beads shall be applied at the rate of 8 lb./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material, immediately followed by a second drop consisting of glass beads meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 4 at the rate of 8 lb./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material. Traffic cones or other acceptable methods shall be used to protect the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings until cured.

For Potter's VISIULTRA glass bead Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings, a first drop consisting of Potter's VISIULTRA glass beads shall be applied at the rate of 10 lb./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material, immediately followed by a second drop consisting of glass beads meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 1 at the rate of 5 lb./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material. Traffic cones or other acceptable methods shall be used to protect the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings until cured.

For 3M's tinted microcrystalline ceramic bead Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings, a first drop consisting of tinted microcrystalline ceramic beads shall be applied at the rate of 5 lbs./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material, immediately followed by a second drop consisting of glass beads meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 247, Type 4 at the rate of 10 lbs./gal. of epoxy pavement marking material. Traffic cones or other acceptable methods shall be used to protect the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings until cured.

Replace Subarticle **3.** Initial Performance *with the following:*

The retroreflectivity of the markings applied shall be measured by the Contractor using the procedure and equipment detailed below for the Initial Test Period, Review Period, and Observation Period.

<u>Test Lots</u>: The following test lots will be randomly selected by the Engineer to represent the line markings applied:

Length of line	Number of Lots	Length of Test Lot
< 1000 feet	1	Length of Line
< 1.0 mile	1	1000 feet
\geq 1.0 mile	1 per 1.0 mile	1000 feet

Table 12.10.03-3.1: Line Test Lots

<u>Measurement Equipment and Procedure</u>: Retroreflectometer equipment shall be calibrated using the instructions from the instrument manufacturer within 24 hours prior to use.

Skip line measurement shall be obtained for every other stripe, taking no more than 2 readings per stripe with readings no closer than 20 inches from either end of the marking.

Solid line test lots shall be divided into 10 sub-lots of 100 foot length and measurements obtained at 1 randomly select location within each sub-lot.

The Contractor shall perform retroreflectivity readings on the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings between 30 and 37 days after installation per the measurement and sampling procedures contained in ASTM D7585 (*Standard Practice for Evaluating Retroreflective Pavement Markings Using Portable Hand-Operated Instruments*). Portable Retroreflectometer and Mobile Retroreflectometer testing is allowed using the following methods.

- ASTM E1710 (Standard Test Method for Measurement of Retroreflective Pavement Marking Materials with CEN-Prescribed Geometry Using a Portable Retroreflectometer);
- ASTM E2177 (Standard Test Method for Measuring the Coefficient of Retroreflected Luminance (R_L) of Pavement Markings in a Standard Condition of Wetness).

Additional Contents of Certified Test Report (CTR): The CTR shall also list:

- Project, Route number, and Route direction.
- Geographical location of the test site(s), including distance from the nearest reference point.
- Manufacturer and model of retroreflectometer used.
- Most recent calibration date for equipment used.
- Time of Day the readings are taken.

Recordings shall be certified by the Contractor, reviewed by the Engineer, and provided to the CTDOT Division of Traffic Engineering.

A CTR, in accordance with 1.06.07 or 1.20-1.06.07, shall be submitted to the Engineer no later than 10 days after the measurements are taken.

The Materials Certificates (MC) shall also list:

• Liquid binder application rate.

• Retroreflective bead type(s) and drop rate.

Recordings shall be certified by the Contractor, reviewed by the Engineer, and provided to the CTDOT Division of Traffic Engineering.

The MC, in accordance with 1.06.07 or 1.20-1.06.07, shall be submitted to the Engineer no later than 10 days after the measurements are taken.

<u>Initial Test Period</u>: The minimum initial retroreflectivity readings shall meet or exceed the following minimum values using an observation angle of 1.05 degrees and an entrance angle of 88.8 degrees:

	*Type I White Markings	*Type I Yellow Markings
ASTM E1710 (Dry)	350 mcd/lux/m^2	225 mcd/lux/m ²
ASTM E2177 (Wet Recovery)	300 mcd/lux/m^2	200 mcd/lux/m ²

<u>Review Period</u>: A 90-day Review Period shall be implemented for Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings. The Contractor shall be responsible for any defects in materials and workmanship of the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings for a period of 90 days from the date the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings are installed and subjected to live traffic conditions.

At the end of the Review Period, the Engineer will inspect the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings for durability, color, and retroreflectivity, and inform the Contractor of all rejected pavement markings that require replacement. The Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings will be rejected for any of the following conditions:

- Insufficient thickness or line width, uneven cross-section.
- Poor adhesion or delamination.
- Insufficient groove depth.

The Contractor shall be responsible for replacing all rejected Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings at no cost to the State. All rejected Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings shall be replaced within 14 days of notification to the Contractor of the failed Review Period test. All Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings installed as the result of a failed Review Period test shall meet all testing requirements of the initial performance testing procedures, and shall be subject to an additional Review Period.

Article 12.10.04—Method of Measurement:

Replace the entire Article with the following:

Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings will be measured for payment by the actual number of linear feet of Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings installed on the pavement and accepted by the Engineer.

The cost of all measuring and testing of the retroreflectivity of the Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings by the Contractor will be considered incidental to the cost of the item.

Article 12.10.05—Basis of Payment:

Replace the entire Article with the following:

This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot for "Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings" of the width and color specified, installed on the pavement and accepted. These prices shall be for all the work required by this Section and all materials, equipment, tools and labor incidental thereto. Payment will not be made for pavement markings affected by Contractor error and ordered removed.

Pay Item (Width) (Color) Type I Epoxy Resin Pavement Markings Pay Unit 1.f.

ITEM #1220027A - CONSTRUCTION SIGNS

Section 12.20 *is supplemented and amended as follows:*

Article 12.20.01 – Description:

Add the following:

The Contractor shall also furnish, install, maintain, and remove Bipartisan Infrastructure Law project signs. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law project signs shall be of the details, colors and materials as shown on the attached detail sheet.

The sign legend for this Project shall include the U.S. Department of Transportation pictograph on the lower right side of the sign with the legend Federal Highway Administration.

Article 12.20.03 — Construction Methods:

Add the following:

The Contractor shall install the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) project signs prior to initiating construction.

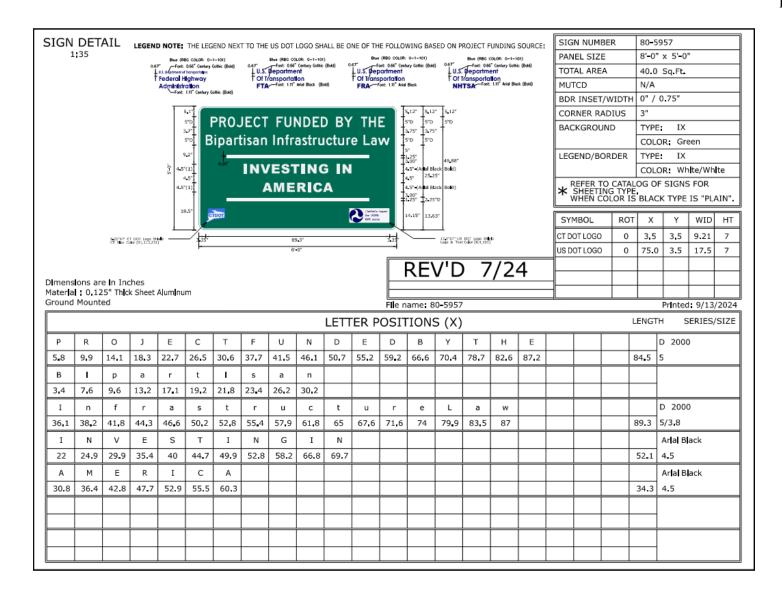
The Contractor shall install BIL project sign 80-5957 on each major roadway approach to the construction Site in advance of the Project limit(s). The sign detail is included and is also available at 80-5957.

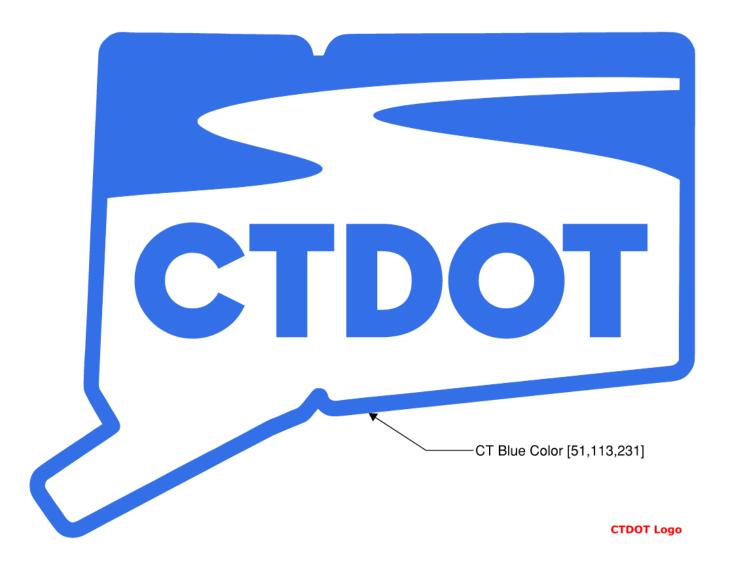
The Contractor shall maintain the BIL project signs for the entire duration of the Project. The Contractor shall relocate the BIL project signs during construction as needed and shall remove the signs after construction work is completed.

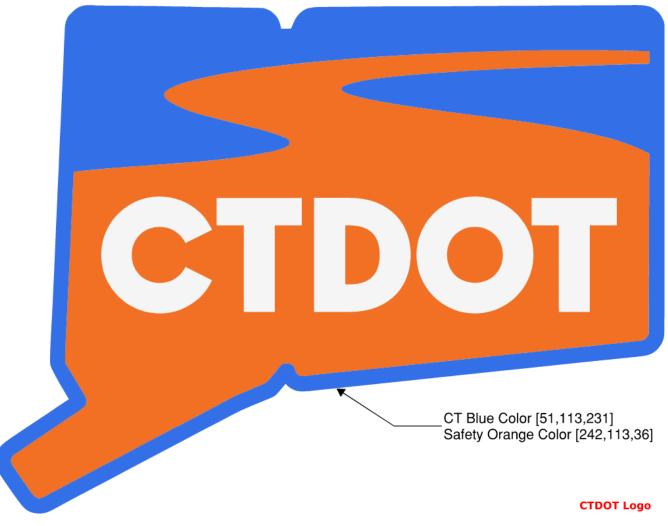
Article 12.20.05 – Basis of Payment:

Add the following:

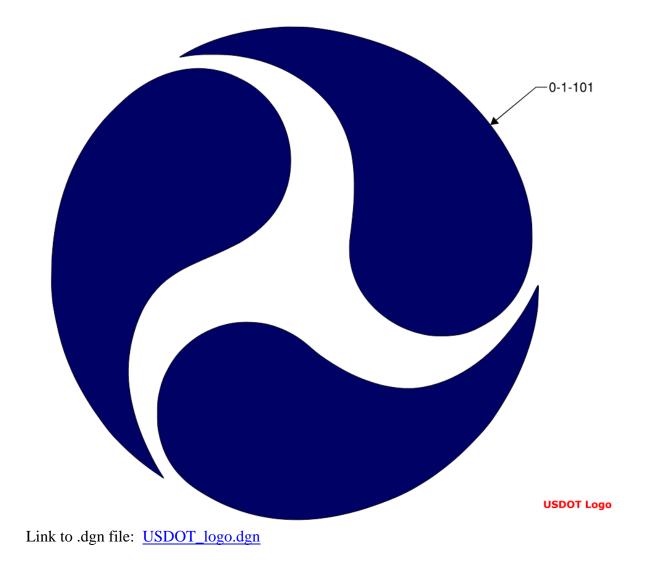
The price shall also include furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating, and removing the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law project signs and sign posts and all hardware, materials, and labor incidental thereto.







Link to .dgn file: <u>New_CTDOT_Logos.dgn</u>



ITEM #1806226A – PRE-WARNING VEHICLE

Description: Work under this item shall include furnishing, deploying and maintaining a Truck-Mounted Impact Attenuator equipped with a changeable message sign (CMS) for use as a Pre-Warning Vehicle (PWV) in a rolling road block operation on limited access highways. Impact attenuators shall only be truck-mounted. The message on the sign shall warn motorists of slow or stopped traffic conditions. The Pre-Warning Vehicle will only be paid as such when used as specified herein.

Materials: The Truck-Mounted Impact Attenuator shall meet the requirements of Article 18.06.02, except replace all instances of "flashing arrow," "arrow sign," and "arrow" with "CMS". The CMS shall meet the requirements of Article 11.31.02, with the following amendments:

1. Physical Characteristics of the CMS

- a) Mounting The CMS shall be truck mounted only
- b) Sign Display Dimensions Variable sign size to meet legend requirements as specified below

2. Visual Characteristics of the CMS Display

- a) Sign Type CMS shall have a LED display only
- b) Color CMS shall have black background with orange, yellow, or amber legend
- c) Characters Letter height shall be at least 10 inches; Single stroke
- d) Visibility– CMS brightness must provide for visibility at 1/2 mile
- e) Message The message shall read as follows, or shall be as directed by the Engineer:

Frame 1: SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD

Frame 2: PREPARE TO STOP Or

Frame 1: STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD Frame 2: PREPARE TO STOP

Construction Methods: The PWV shall be initially positioned in the right shoulder ¹/₂ mile prior to the rolling road block operation.

If a traffic queue reaches the PWV's initial location, the Contractor shall slowly reverse the PWV along the shoulder to position itself prior to the new back of queue.

The Contractor shall meet the requirements of Article 18.06.03.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment by the actual number of hours that the Pre-Warning Vehicle is used in a rolling road block operation during traffic pattern setup and removal. The vehicle may be left in place while not in a rolling road block operation but will be paid for under the item "Truck-Mounted or Trailer-Mounted Impact Attenuator" or under the item "Arrow Board" provided it meets the Contract requirements.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per hour for "Pre-Warning Vehicle," which shall include the furnishing and use of the pre-warning vehicle and a driver, attenuator reflector, flashing lights, changeable message sign, and all equipment, materials, tools, labor, disposal of damaged Truck-Mounted Impact Attenuator components and work incidental thereto.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Pre-Warning Vehicle	hr

<u>ITEM #1809001A – REMOVE IMPACT ATTENUATION DEVICE (SAND</u> <u>INERTIAL BARRIER MODULE)</u>

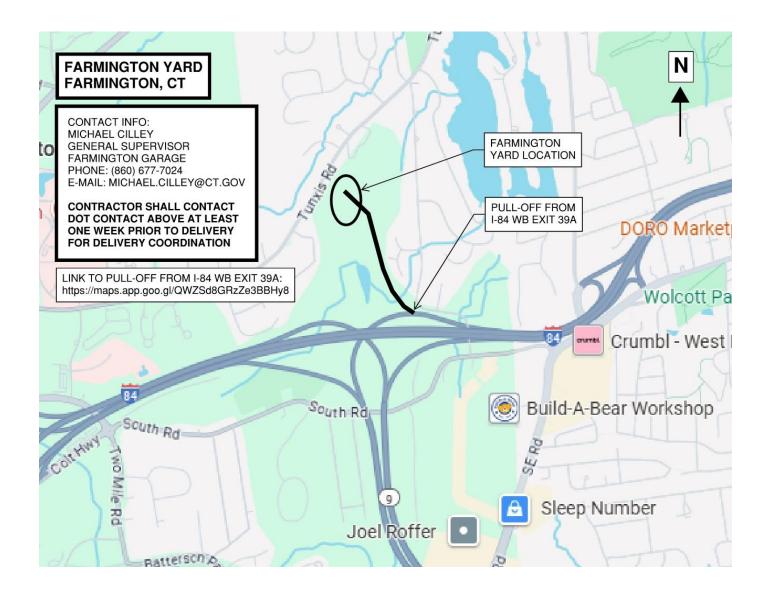
Description: Work under this item shall consist of the removal, salvaging, and delivery of the existing impact attenuation device (sand inertial barrier modules) no longer needed in the project area.

Construction Methods: The existing impact attenuation device (sand inertial barrier modules), complete with all ancillary components, shall be removed, salvaged and delivered to the CTDOT yard in Farmington. Refer to Farmington Yard location map for location and contact information. Contractor shall contact DOT contact one week prior to delivery for delivery coordination.

Method of Measurement: The removal of the impact attenuation modules will be measured for payment by the number of each sand inertial barrier module removed from the location shown on the plans and delivered to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The sand inertial barrier modules will be measured as an each regardless of size and weight.

Basis of Payment: The removal of existing impact attenuation systems will be paid for at the Contract unit price for each "Remove Impact Attenuation Device (Sand Inertial Barrier Module)", from the location specified on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. This price shall include removal, transport, delivery and all equipment, tools and labor incidental thereto.

Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
Remove Impact Attenuation Device (Sand Inertial Barrier Module)	ea.



PERMITS AND/OR REQUIRED PROVISIONS:

The following Permits and/or Required Provisions follow this page and are hereby made part of this Contract.

• PERMITS AND/OR PERMIT APPLICATIONS

CTDEEP Stormwater Discharge Permit

•

Registration Prior to Notice to Proceed

• <u>Construction Contracts - Required Contract Provisions (Contracts Funded by FHWA and State)</u>

Construction Contracts - Required Contract Provisions (FHWA and State Funded Contracts)

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Index of Exhibits

EXHIBIT A - FHWA Form 1273 (Begins on page 17)

- EXHIBIT B Title VI Contractor Assurances (page 31)
- EXHIBIT C Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities (page 33)
- EXHIBIT D Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) (page 42)
- EXHIBIT E Affirmative Action Policy Statement (page 50)
- EXHIBIT F Federal Wage Rates (Attached at the end)
- EXHIBIT G State Wage Rates and Other Related Information (Attached at the end)

1. Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Form 1273

The Contractor shall comply with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Form 1273 attached at Exhibit A, as revised, which is hereby made part of this contract. The Contractor shall also require its subcontractors to comply with the FHWA – Form 1273 and include the FHWA – Form 1273 as an attachment to all subcontracts and purchase orders.

2. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 / Nondiscrimination Requirements

The Contractor shall comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000 et seq.), all requirements imposed by the regulations of the United States Department of Transportation (49 CFR Part 21) issued in implementation thereof, and the Title VI Contractor Assurances attached hereto at Exhibit B, all of which are hereby made a part of this Contract.

3. Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities

The Contractor shall comply with the Specific Equal Employment Opportunity requirements, as applicable, attached at Exhibit C and hereby made part of this Contract.

4. Requirements of Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 26, Participation by DBEs, as may be revised.

Pursuant to 49 CFR 26.13, the following paragraph is part of this Contract and shall be included in each subcontract the Contractor enters into with a subcontractor:

"The Contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, Participation by DBEs, in the award and administration of U.S. DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as ConnDOT (recipient) deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to: (1) Withholding monthly progress payments, (2) Assessing sanctions, (3) Liquidated damages; and/or, (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible."

5. Contract Wage Rates

The Contractor shall comply with:

The Federal and State wage rate requirements indicated in Exhibits F and G hereof, as revised, are hereby made part of this Contract. The Federal wage rates (Davis-Bacon Act) applicable to this Contract shall be the Federal wage rates that are current on the US Department of Labor website (<u>http://www.wdol.gov/dba.aspx</u>) as may be revised 10 days prior to bid opening. These applicable Federal wage rates will be physically incorporated in the final contract document executed by both parties. The Department will no longer physically include revised Federal wage rates in the bid documents or as part of addenda documents, prior to the bid opening date. During the bid advertisement period, bidders are responsible for obtaining the appropriate Federal wage rates from the US Department of Labor website.

To obtain the latest Federal wage rates go to the US Department of Labor website (link above). Under Davis-Bacon Act, choose "Selecting DBA WDs" and follow the instruction to search the latest wage rates for the State, County and Construction Type. Refer to the Notice to Contractor (NTC) - Federal Wage Determinations (Davis Bacon Act).

If a conflict exists between the Federal and State wage rates, the higher rate shall govern.

Prevailing Wages for Work on State Highways; Annual Adjustments. With respect to contracts for work on state highways and bridges on state highways, the Contractor shall comply with the provisions of Section 31-54 and 31-55a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised.

As required by Section 1.05.12 (Payrolls) of the State of Connecticut, Department of Transportation's Standard Specification for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction (FORM 817), as may be revised, every Contractor or subcontractor performing project work on a Federal aid project is required to post the relevant prevailing wage rates as determined by the United States Secretary of Labor. The wage rate determinations shall be posted in prominent and easily accessible places at the work site.

6. Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as Amended

This provision applies to those Contractors who are or will be responsible for compliance with the terms of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), (Act), during the term of the Contract. The Contractor represents that it is familiar with the terms of this Act and that it is in compliance with the Act. Failure of the Contractor to satisfy this standard as the same applies to performance under this Contract, either now or during the term of the Contract as it may be amended, will render the Contract voidable at the option of the State upon notice to the contractor. The Contractor warrants that it will hold the State harmless and indemnify the State from any liability which may be imposed upon the State as a result of any failure of the Contractor to be in compliance with this Act, as the same applies to performance under this Contract.

7. Connecticut Statutory Labor Requirements

(a) Construction, Alteration or Repair of Public Works Projects; Wage Rates. The Contractor shall comply with Section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised. The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or worker on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed. Any contractor who is not obligated by agreement to make payment or contribution on behalf of such persons to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each mechanic, laborer or worker as part of such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for such person's classification on each pay day.

(b) **Debarment List. Limitation on Awarding Contracts.** The Contractor shall comply with Section 31-53a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised.

(c) Construction Safety and Health Course. The Contractor shall comply with section 31-53b of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised. The contractor shall furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner with the weekly certified payroll form for the first week each employee begins work on such project that any person performing the work of a mechanic, laborer or worker pursuant to the classifications of labor under section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised, on such public works project, pursuant to such contract, has completed a course of at least ten hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, has completed a new miner training program approved by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration in accordance with 30 CFR 48 or, in the case of telecommunications employees, has completed at least ten hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268.

Any employee required to complete a construction safety and health course as required that has not completed the course, shall have a maximum of fourteen (14) days to complete the course. If the employee has not been brought into compliance, they shall be removed from the project until such time as they have completed the required training.

Any costs associated with this notice shall be included in the general cost of the contract. In addition, there shall be no time granted to the contractor for compliance with this notice. The contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for claims as outlined in Section 1.11 -"Claims".

(d) Awarding of Contracts to Occupational Safety and Health Law Violators Prohibited. The Contract is subject to Section 31-57b of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised.

(e) Residents Preference in Work on Other Public Facilities. NOT APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Pursuant to Section 31-52a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised, in the employment of mechanics, laborers or workmen to perform the work specified herein, preference shall be given to residents of the state who are, and continuously for at least six months prior to the date hereof have been, residents of this state, and if no such person is available, then to residents of other states.

8. Tax Liability - Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate (CERT – 141)

The Contractor shall comply with Chapter 219 of the Connecticut General Statutes pertaining to tangible personal property or services rendered that is/are subject to sales tax. The Contractor is responsible for determining its tax liability. If the Contractor purchases materials or supplies pursuant to the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services' "Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate (CERT-141)," as may be revised, the Contractor acknowledges and agrees that title to such materials and supplies installed or placed in the project will vest in the State simultaneously with passage of title from the retailers or vendors thereof, and the Contractor will have no property rights in the materials and supplies purchased.

Forms and instructions are available anytime by:

Internet: Visit the DRS website at <u>www.ct.gov/DRS</u> to download and print Connecticut tax forms; or **Telephone**: Call 1-800-382-9463 (Connecticut calls outside the Greater Hartford calling area only) and select Option 2 or call 860-297-4753 (from anywhere).

9. Executive Orders and Other Enactments

- (a) All references in this Contract to any Federal, State, or local law, statute, public or special act, executive order, ordinance, regulation or code (collectively, "Enactments") shall mean Enactments that apply to the Contract at any time during its term, or that may be made applicable to the Contract during its term. This Contract shall always be read and interpreted in accordance with the latest applicable wording and requirements of the Enactments. Unless otherwise provided by Enactments, the Contractor is not relieved of its obligation to perform under this Contract if it chooses to contest the applicability of the Enactments or the Client Agency's authority to require compliance with the Enactments.
- (b) This Contract is subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. Three of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated June 16, 1971, concerning labor employment practices, Executive Order No. Seventeen of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated February 15, 1973, concerning the listing of employment openings and Executive Order No. Sixteen of Governor John G. Rowland promulgated August 4, 1999, concerning violence in the workplace, all of which are incorporated into and are made a part of this Contract as if they had been fully set forth in it.
- (c) This Contract may be subject to (1) Executive Order No. 14 of Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated April 17, 2006, concerning procurement of cleaning products and services; and (2) Executive Order No. 61 of Governor Dannel P. Malloy promulgated December 13, 2017, concerning the Policy for the Management of State Information Technology Projects, as issued by the Office of Policy and Management, Policy ID IT-SDLC-17-04. If any of the Executive Orders referenced in this subsection is applicable, it is deemed to be incorporated into and made a part of this Contract as if fully set forth in it.

10. Non-Discrimination Requirement and Certification (pursuant to section 4a-60 and 4a-60a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as revised): References to "minority business enterprises" in this Section are not applicable to Federal-aid projects/contracts. Federal-aid projects/contracts are instead subject to the Federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program.

- (a) For purposes of this Section, the following terms are defined as follows:
 - i. "Commission" means the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities;
 - ii. "Contract" and "contract" include any extension or modification of the Contract or contract;
 - iii. "Contractor" and "contractor" include any successors or assigns of the Contractor or contractor;
 - iv. "Gender identity or expression" means a person's gender-related identity, appearance or behavior, whether or not that gender-related identity, appearance or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person's physiology or assigned sex at birth, which gender-related identity can be shown by providing evidence including, but not limited to, medical history, care or treatment of the gender-related identity, consistent and uniform assertion of the gender-related identity or any other evidence that the gender-related identity is sincerely held, part of a person's core identity or not being asserted for an improper purpose;
 - v. "good faith" means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise

in the performance of legal duties and obligations;

- vi. "good faith efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements;
- vii. "marital status" means being single, married as recognized by the state of Connecticut, widowed, separated or divorced;
- viii. "mental disability" means one or more mental disorders, as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", or a record of or regarding a person as having one or more such disorders;
- ix. "minority business enterprise" means any small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one percent or more of the capital stock, if any, or assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise, and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of Connecticut General Statutes § 32-9n; and
- x. "public works contract" means any agreement between any individual, firm or corporation and the State or any political subdivision of the State other than a municipality for construction, rehabilitation, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of a public building, highway or other changes or improvements in real property, or which is financed in whole or in part by the State, including, but not limited to, matching expenditures, grants, loans, insurance or guarantees.

For purposes of this Section, the terms "Contract" and "contract" do not include a contract where each contractor is (1) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, unless the contract is a municipal public works contract or quasi-public agency project contract, (2) any other state, including but not limited to any federally recognized Indian tribal governments, as defined in C.G.S. § 1-267, (3) the federal government, (4) a foreign government, or (5) an agency of a subdivision, state or government described in the immediately preceding enumerated items (1), (2), (3), or (4).

(b) (1) The Contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the Contract such Contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, status as a veteran, status as a victim of domestic violence, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such Contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the State of Connecticut; and the Contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to ensure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, status as a veteran, status as a victim of domestic violence, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by the Contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved; (2) the Contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, to state that it is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission; (3) the Contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining Agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which the Contractor has a contract or understanding, a

notice to be provided by the Commission, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (4) the Contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes §§ 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said Commission pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §§ 46a-56, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; and (5) the Contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the Commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the Contractor as relate to the provisions of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56. If the contract is a public works contract, the Contractor agrees and warrants that he will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works projects.

- (c) Determination of the Contractor's good faith efforts shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following factors: The Contractor's employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the Commission may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.
- (d) The Contractor shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, in a manner prescribed by the Commission, of its good faith efforts.
- (e) The Contractor shall include the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the State and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission. The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the Commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes §46a-56; provided if such Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the Commission, the Contractor may request the State of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the State and the State may so enter.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to comply with the regulations referred to in this Section as they exist on the date of this Contract and as they may be adopted or amended from time to time during the term of this Contract and any amendments thereto.
 - (g) (1) The Contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the Contract such Contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or the State of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation; (2) the Contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such Contractor has a collective bargaining Agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such Contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (3) the Contractor agrees to comply

with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said Commission pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56; and (4) the Contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the Commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the Contractor which relate to the provisions of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56.

- (h) The Contractor shall include the provisions of the foregoing paragraph in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the State and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission. The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the Commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56; provided, if such Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the Commission, the Contractor may request the State of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the State and the State may so enter.
- (i) Pursuant to subsection (c) of section 4a-60 and subsection (b) of section 4a-60a of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Contractor, for itself and its authorized signatory of this Contract, affirms that it understands the obligations of this section and that it will maintain a policy for the duration of the Contract to assure that the Contract will be performed in compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements of such sections. The Contractor and its authorized signatory of this Contract demonstrate their understanding of this obligation by (A) having provided an affirmative response in the required online bid or response to a proposal question which asks if the contractor understands its obligations under such sections, (B) signing this Contract, or (C) initialing this nondiscrimination affirmation in the following box:

11. Whistleblower Provision

The following clause is applicable if the Contract has a value of Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000) or more.

Whistleblowing. This Contract may be subject to the provisions of Section 4-61dd of the Connecticut General Statutes. In accordance with this statute, if an officer, employee or appointing authority of the Contractor takes or threatens to take any personnel action against any employee of the Contractor in retaliation for such employee's disclosure of information to any employee of the contracting state or quasi-public agency or the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of subsection (a) of such statute, the Contractor shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each offense, up to a maximum of twenty per cent of the value of this Contract. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation, each calendar day's continuance of the violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense. The State may request that the Attorney General bring a civil action in the Superior Court for the Judicial District of Hartford to seek imposition and recovery of such civil penalty. In accordance with subsection (f) of such statute, each large state contractor, as defined in the statute, shall post a notice of the provisions of the statute relating to large state contractor.

12. Connecticut Freedom of Information Act

- (a) **Disclosure of Records**. This Contract may be subject to the provisions of section 1-218 of the Connecticut General Statutes. In accordance with this statute, each contract in excess of two million five hundred thousand dollars between a public agency and a person for the performance of a governmental function shall (a) provide that the public agency is entitled to receive a copy of records and files related to the performance of the governmental function, and (b) indicate that such records and files are subject to FOIA and may be disclosed by the public agency pursuant to FOIA. No request to inspect or copy such records or files shall be valid unless the request is made to the public agency in accordance with FOIA. Any complaint by a person who is denied the right to inspect or copy such records or files shall be brought to the Freedom of Information Commission in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-205 and 1-206 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (b) Confidential Information. The State will afford due regard to the Contractor's request for the protection of proprietary or confidential information which the State receives from the Contractor. However, all materials associated with the Contract are subject to the terms of the FOIA and all corresponding rules, regulations and interpretations. In making such a request, the Contractor may not merely state generally that the materials are proprietary or confidential in nature and not, therefore, subject to release to third parties. Those particular sentences, paragraphs, pages or sections that the Contractor believes are exempt from disclosure under the FOIA must be specifically identified as such. Convincing explanation and rationale sufficient to justify each exemption consistent with the FOIA must accompany the request. The rationale and explanation must be stated in terms of the prospective harm to the competitive position of the Contractor that would result if the identified material were to be released and the reasons why the materials are legally exempt from release pursuant to the FOIA. To the extent that any other provision or part of the Contract conflicts or is in any way inconsistent with this section, this section controls and shall apply, and the conflicting provision or part shall not be given effect. If the Contractor indicates that certain documentation is submitted in confidence, by specifically and clearly marking the documentation as "CONFIDENTIAL," DOT will first review the Contractor's claim for consistency with the FOIA (that is, review that the documentation is actually a trade secret or commercial or financial information and not required by statute), and if determined to be consistent, will endeavor to keep such information confidential to the extent permitted by law. See, e.g., Conn. Gen. Stat. §1-210(b)(5) (A-B). The State, however, has no obligation to initiate, prosecute or defend any legal proceeding or to seek a protective order or other similar relief to prevent disclosure of any information that is sought pursuant to a FOIA request. Should the State withhold such documentation from a Freedom of Information requester and a complaint be brought to the Freedom of Information Commission, the Contractor shall have the burden

of cooperating with DOT in defense of that action and in terms of establishing the availability of any FOIA exemption in any proceeding where it is an issue. In no event shall the State have any liability for the disclosure of any documents or information in its possession which the State believes are required to be disclosed pursuant to the FOIA or other law.

13. Service of Process

The Contractor, if not a resident of the State of Connecticut, or, in the case of a partnership, the partners, if not residents, hereby appoints the Secretary of State of the State of Connecticut, and his successors in office, as agent for service of process for any action arising out of or as a result of this Contract; such appointment to be in effect throughout the life of this Contract and six (6) years thereafter.

14. Substitution of Securities for Retainages on State Contracts and Subcontracts

This Contract is subject to the provisions of Section 3-ll2a of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, as revised.

15. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA)

The Contractor shall comply, if applicable, with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and, pursuant thereto, the provisions attached at Exhibit D, and hereby made part of this Contract.

16. Forum and Choice of Law

Forum and Choice of Law. The parties deem the Contract to have been made in the City of Hartford, State of Connecticut. Both parties agree that it is fair and reasonable for the validity and construction of the Contract to be, and it shall be, governed by the laws and court decisions of the State of Connecticut, without giving effect to its principles of conflicts of laws. To the extent that any immunities provided by Federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut do not bar an action against the State, and to the extent that these courts are courts of competent jurisdiction, for the purpose of venue, the complaint shall be made returnable to the Judicial District of Hartford only or shall be brought in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut only, and shall not be transferred to any other court, provided, however, that nothing here constitutes a waiver or compromise of the sovereign immunity of the State of Connecticut. The Contractor waives any objection which it may now have or will have to the laying of venue of any Claims in any forum and further irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction in any suit, action or proceeding.

17. Summary of State Ethics Laws

Pursuant to the requirements of section 1-101qq of the Connecticut General Statutes (a) the State has provided to the Contractor the summary of State ethics laws developed by the State Ethics Commission pursuant to section 1-81b of the Connecticut General Statutes, which summary is incorporated by reference into and made a part of this Contract as if the summary had been fully set forth in this Contract; (b) the Contractor represents that the chief executive officer or authorized signatory of the Contract and all key employees of such officer or signatory have read and understood the summary and agree to comply with the provisions of state ethics law; (c) prior to entering into a contract with any subcontractors or consultants, the Contract or shall provide the summary to all subcontractors and consultants and each such contract or or consultant have read and understood the summary and agree to comply with the provisions of state ethics law; (d) failure to include such representations in such contracts with subcontractors or consultants shall be cause for termination of the Contract; and (e) each contract with such contractor, subcontractor or consultant shall incorporate such summary by reference as a part of the contract terms.

18. Audit and Inspection of Plants, Places of Business and Records

- (a) The State and its agents, including, but not limited to, the Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts, Attorney General and State's Attorney and their respective agents, may, at reasonable hours, inspect and examine all of the parts of the Contractor's and Contractor Parties' plants and places of business which, in any way, are related to, or involved in, the performance of this Contract. For the purposes of this Section, "Contractor Parties" means the Contractor's members, directors, officers, shareholders, partners, managers, principal officers, representatives, agents, servants, consultants, employees or any one of them or any other person or entity with whom the Contractor is in privity of oral or written contract and the Contractor intends for such other person or entity to Perform under the Contract in any capacity.
- (b) The Contractor shall maintain and shall require each of the Contractor Parties to maintain, accurate and complete Records. The Contractor shall make all of its and the Contractor Parties' Records available at all reasonable hours for audit and inspection by the State and its agents.
- (c) The State shall make all requests for any audit or inspection in writing and shall provide the Contractor with at least twenty-four (24) hours' notice prior to the requested audit and inspection date. If the State suspects fraud or other abuse, or in the event of an emergency, the State is not obligated to provide any prior notice.
- (d) The Contractor shall keep and preserve or cause to be kept and preserved all of its and Contractor Parties' Records until three (3) years after the latter of (i) final payment under this Agreement, or (ii) the expiration or earlier termination of this Agreement, as the same may be modified for any reason. The State may request an audit or inspection at any time during this period. If any Claim or audit is started before the expiration of this period, the Contractor shall retain or cause to be retained all Records until all Claims or audit findings have been resolved.
- (e) The Contractor shall cooperate fully with the State and its agents in connection with an audit or inspection. Following any audit or inspection, the State may conduct, and the Contractor shall cooperate with an exit conference.
- (f) The Contractor shall incorporate this entire Section verbatim into any contract or other agreement that it enters into with any Contractor Party.

19.Campaign Contribution Restriction

For all State contracts, defined in section 9-612 of the Connecticut General Statutes as having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more, or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this Contract represents that they have received the State Elections Enforcement Commission's notice advising state contractors of state campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice.

20. Tangible Personal Property

- (a) The Contractor on its behalf and on behalf of its Affiliates, as defined below, shall comply with the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-411b, as follows:
 - (1)For the term of the Contract, the Contractor and its Affiliates shall collect and remit to the State of Connecticut, Department of Revenue Services, any Connecticut use tax due under the provisions of Chapter 219 of the Connecticut General Statutes for items of tangible personal property sold by the Contractor or by any of its Affiliates in the same manner as if the Contractor and such Affiliates were engaged in the business of selling tangible personal

property for use in Connecticut and had sufficient nexus under the provisions of Chapter 219 to be required to collect Connecticut use tax;

- (2)A customer's payment of a use tax to the Contractor or its Affiliates relieves the customer of liability for the use tax;
- (3) The Contractor and its Affiliates shall remit all use taxes they collect from customers on or before the due date specified in the Contract, which may not be later than the last day of the month next succeeding the end of a calendar quarter or other tax collection period during which the tax was collected;
- (4) The Contractor and its Affiliates are not liable for use tax billed by them but not paid to them by a customer; and
- (5)Any Contractor or Affiliate who fails to remit use taxes collected on behalf of its customers by the due date specified in the Contract shall be subject to the interest and penalties provided for persons required to collect sales tax under chapter 219 of the general statutes.
- (b) For purposes of this section of the Contract, the word "Affiliate" means any person, as defined in section 12-1 of the general statutes, that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another person. A person controls another person if the person owns, directly or indirectly, more than ten per cent of the voting securities of the other person. The word "voting security" means a security that confers upon the holder the right to vote for the election of members of the board of directors or similar governing body of the business, or that is convertible into, or entitles the holder to receive, upon its exercise, a security that confers such a right to vote. "Voting security" includes a general partnership interest.
- (c) The Contractor represents and warrants that each of its Affiliates has vested in the Contractor plenary authority to so bind the Affiliates in any agreement with the State of Connecticut. The Contractor on its own behalf and on behalf of its Affiliates shall also provide, no later than 30 days after receiving a request by the State's contracting authority, such information as the State may require to ensure, in the State's sole determination, compliance with the provisions of Chapter 219 of the Connecticut General Statutes, including, but not limited to, \$12-411b.

21. Bid Rigging and/or Fraud – Notice to Contractor

The Connecticut Department of Transportation is cooperating with the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Justice Department in their investigation into highway construction contract bid rigging and/or fraud.

A toll-free "HOT LINE" telephone number 800-424-9071 has been established to receive information from contractors, subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers or anyone with knowledge of bid rigging and/or fraud, either past or current. The "HOT LINE" telephone number will be available during normal working hours (8:00 am - 5:00 pm EST). Information will be treated confidentially, and anonymity respected.

22. Consulting Agreement Representation

Pursuant to section 4a-81 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the person signing this Contract on behalf of the Contractor represents, to their best knowledge and belief and subject to the penalty of false statement as provided in section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes, that the Contractor has not entered into any consulting agreements in connection with this Contract, except for the agreements listed below or in an attachment to this Contract. "Consulting agreement" means any written or oral agreement to retain the services, for a fee, of a consultant for the purposes of (A)) providing counsel to a contractor, vendor, consultant or other entity seeking to conduct, or conducting, business with the State, (B) contacting, whether in writing or orally, any executive, judicial, or administrative office of the State, including any department, institution, bureau, board, commission, authority, official or employee for the purpose of solicitation, dispute resolution, introduction, requests for information, or (C) any other similar activity related to such contracts. "Consulting agreement" does not include any agreements entered into with a consultant who is

registered under the provisions of chapter 10 of the Connecticut General Statutes as of the date such contract is executed in accordance with the provisions of section 4a-81 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Consultant's Name and Title		Name of Firm (if applicable)	
Start Date	End Date	Cost	
The basic terms of t	he consulting agreement a	ıre:	
Description of Servi	ces Provided:		
Is the consultant a fo	ormer State employee or f	Former public official? YES	
	mer State Agency	NO If YES: Termination Date of Employment	

23. Cargo Preference Act Requirements (46 CFR 381.7(a)-(b)) – Use of United States Flag Vessels

The Contractor agrees to comply with the following:

(a) Agreement Clauses.

- (1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (<u>43 U.S.C. 1241(b)</u>) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.
- (2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. The contractor agrees—
- (1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract,

to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

24. Sovereign Immunity

The parties acknowledge and agree that nothing in the Solicitation or the Contract shall be construed as a modification, compromise or waiver by the State of any rights or defenses of any immunities provided by Federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut to the State or any of its officers and employees, which they may have had, now have or will have with respect to all matters arising out of the Contract. To the extent that this section conflicts with any other section, this section shall govern.

25. Large State Contract Representation for Contractor

Pursuant to section 4-252 of the Connecticut General Statutes and Acting Governor Susan Bysiewicz Executive Order No. 21-2, promulgated July 1, 2021, the Contractor, for itself and on behalf of all of its principals or key personnel who submitted a bid or proposal, represents:

(1) That no gifts were made by (A) the Contractor, (B) any principals and key personnel of the Contractor, who participate substantially in preparing bids,

proposals or negotiating State contracts, or (C) any agent of the Contractor or principals and key personnel, who participates substantially in preparing bids, proposals or negotiating State contracts, to (i) any public official or State employee of the State agency or quasi- public agency soliciting bids or proposals for State contracts, who participates substantially in the preparation of bid solicitations or requests for proposals for State contracts or the negotiation or award of State contracts, or (ii) any public official or State employee of any other State agency, who has supervisory or appointing authority over such State agency or quasi-public agency;

(2) That no such principals and key personnel of the Contractor, or agent of the Contractor or of such principals and key personnel, knows of any action by the Contractor to circumvent such prohibition on gifts by providing for any other principals and key personnel, official, employee or agent of the Contractor to provide a gift to any such public official or State employee; and

(3) That the Contractor is submitting bids or proposals without fraud or collusion with any person.

26. Large State Contract Representation for Official or Employee of State Agency

Pursuant to section 4-252 of the Connecticut General Statutes and Acting Governor Susan Bysiewicz Executive Order No. 21-2, promulgated July 1, 2021, the State agency official or employee represents that the selection of the person, firm or corporation was not the result of collusion, the giving of a gift or the promise of a gift, compensation, fraud or inappropriate influence from any person.

27. Iran Investment Energy Certification

(a) Pursuant to section 4-252a of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Contractor certifies that it has not made a direct investment of twenty million dollars or more in the energy sector of Iran on or after October 1, 2013, as described in Section 202 of the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability and Divestment Act of 2010, and has not increased or renewed such investment on or after said date.

(b) If the Contractor makes a good faith effort to determine whether it has made an investment described in subsection (a) of this section, then the Contractor shall not be deemed to be in breach of the Contract or in violation of this section. A "good faith effort" for purposes of this subsection includes a determination that the Contractor is not on the list of persons who engage in certain investment activities in Iran created by the Department of General Services of the State of California pursuant to Division 2, Chapter 2.7 of the California Public Contract Code. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to impair the ability of the State agency or quasi-public agency to pursue a breach of contract action for any violation of the provisions of the Contract.

28. Access to Contract and State Data

The Contractor shall provide to the Client Agency access to any data, as defined in Conn. Gen Stat. Sec. 4e-1, concerning the Contract and the Client Agency that are in the possession or control of

Sec. 4e-1, concerning the Contract and the Client Agency that are in the possession or control of the Contractor upon demand and shall provide the data to the Client Agency in a format prescribed by the Client Agency and the State Auditors of Public Accounts at no additional cost.

29. Affirmative Action Policy Statement

The Contractor shall comply with the Affirmative Action Policy Statement, as applicable, attached at Exhibit E and hereby made part of this Contract.

30. Compliance with Consumer Data Privacy and Online Monitoring

Pursuant to section 4e-72a of the Connecticut General Statutes, Contractor shall at all times comply with all applicable provisions of sections 42-515 to 42-525, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, as the same may be revised or modified.

APPENDIX A

FHWA-1273 - Revised October 23, 2023

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements. 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women. d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not

discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or

(4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and nonminority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. Frequently recurring classifications. (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in <u>29 CFR part 1</u>, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined; (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. Conformance. (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to <u>DBAconformance@dol.gov</u>. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to <u>DBAconformance @dol.gov</u>, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. Priority to withheld funds. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

 A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31_U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. <u>3141(2)(B)</u> of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Actscovered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/ legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) Use of Optional Form WH–347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature*. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) Falsification. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under <u>18 U.S.C. 1001</u> and <u>31 U.S.C. 3729</u>.

(7) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. Required disclosures and access (1) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other

things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Apprentices (1) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits*. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. Equal employment opportunity. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and <u>29 CFR part 30</u>.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontract or or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of $\underline{40}$ U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of $\frac{40 \text{ U.S.C. 3144(b)}}{2000 \text{ cm}} \circ \text{S} 5.12(a)$.

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or <u>29 CFR part 1</u> or <u>3</u>;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or <u>29 CFR part 1</u> or <u>3</u>;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or $\frac{29 \text{ CFR part 1}}{29 \text{ CFR part 1}}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. Withholding process. The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

 A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lowertier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

 the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on longstanding interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federalaid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350. e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 - 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

EXHIBIT B TITLE VI CONTRACTOR ASSURANCES APPENDIX A

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. **Compliance with Regulations**: The contactor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally assisted programs of the United States Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

2. **Nondiscrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, income or Limited English Proficiency in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and Acts and the Regulations relative to Non- discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

4. **Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration or Federal Transit Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish this information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Transit Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

5. **Sanctions for Non-compliance:** In the event of the contractor's non-compliance with the non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration or the Federal Transit Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- a. withholding contract payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

6. **Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway

Administration or the Federal Transit Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for non-compliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

APPENDIX E

TITLE VI CONTRACTOR ASSURANCES

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following nondiscrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin), as implemented by 49 C.F.R. § 21.1 et seq. and 49 C.F.R. part 303;
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601) (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973 (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 C.F.R. part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97-248 (1982)), as amended (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (102 Stat. 28) (" ... which restore[d] the broad scope of coverage and to clarify the application of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.");
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131 --12189), as implemented by Department of Justice regulations at 28 C.F.R. parts 35 and 36, and Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq).

EXHIBIT C CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SPECIFIC EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY RESPONSIBILITIES October 2023

1. <u>General:</u>

a) Equal employment opportunity requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal employment opportunity as required by Executive Order 11246, Executive Order 11375 are set forth in Required Contract Provisions (Form PR-1273 or 1316, as appropriate) and these Special Provisions which are imposed pursuant to Section 140 of Title 23 U.S.C., as established by Section 22 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968, 49 CFR Part 21, 4a-60a and 46a-68c to46a-68f of the Connecticut General Statutes. The requirements set forth in these Special Provisions shall constitute the specific affirmative action requirements for project activities under this contract and supplement the equal employment opportunity requirements set forth in the Required Contract Provisions.

b) "Company" refers to any entity doing business with the Connecticut Department of Transportation and includes but is not limited to the following:

> Contractors and Subcontractors Consultants and Subconsultants Suppliers of Materials and Vendors (where applicable) Municipalities (where applicable) Utilities (where applicable)

c) The Company will work with the Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT) and the Federal Government in carrying out equal employment opportunity obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.

d) The Company and all his/her subcontractors or subconsultants holding subcontracts not including material suppliers, of \$10,000 or more, will comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of equal employment opportunity: (The equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as set forth in volume 60, Chapter 4, Section 1, subsection 1 of the Federal-Aid Highway Program Manual, are applicable to material suppliers as well as contractors and subcontractors.) The company will include these requirements in every subcontract of \$10,000 or more with such modification of language as necessary to make them binding on the subcontractor or subconsultant.

e) CTDOT shall require each contractor with contracts of \$10,000 or more or who have fifty or more employees and are awarded a public works contract, to comply with all existing procedures of CTDOT's Contract Compliance Program.

2. Equal Employment Opportunity Policy:

a) Companies with contracts, agreements or purchase orders valued at \$10,000 or more or who have fifty or more employees are required to comply with the Affirmative Action contract requirements. By signing a contract with CTDOT the contractor's commits to complying with

federal and state requirements to provide equal employment opportunity to all persons without regard to their race, color, religion, creed, sex, gender identity or expression, marital status, age, national origin, ancestry, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability, learning disability or physical disability, including but not limited to blindness, unless such disability prevents performance of the work involved and to promote the full realization of equal employment opportunity through a positive and continuous efforts.

3. Project Workforce Utilization Goals:

These goals are applicable to all construction projects performed in the covered area work (whether the project is federal or state funded). If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where the work is actually performed.

a. Appendix A establishes the goals for minority and female utilization in all crafts statewide on all State Funded construction projects.

b. Appendix B establishes the goals for minority and female utilization in all crafts statewide on Federally assisted or funded construction projects.

Whenever the Contractor, or any Subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications which contain the applicable goals for minority and female participation.

The goals for minority and female participation are expressed in percentage terms for the contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Federal Utilization Goals See Appendix A

4. Executive Order 11246

The Contractor's compliance with Executive Order 11246 and 41-CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(A) and its efforts to meet the goals established for the geographical area where the contract is to be performed. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from contractor to contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hour performed.

If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan.

Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Pan does not excuse any covered Contractor's of subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the plan goals and timetables.

The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in a through p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered Construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) Office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.

Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractors obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant hereto.

In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the workforce utilization goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

a) Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites; and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

b) Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.

c) Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off the street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason thereafter; along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

d) Provide immediate written notification to CTDOT when the Union or Unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or women sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the Union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.

e) Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs that which expressly target minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under b above.

f) Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations.

g) Review at least annually, the company EEO Policy and affirmative action obligations with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignments, layoffs, terminations, or other employment decisions, prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

h) Disseminate the Contractor's EEO Policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

i) Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures and tests to be used in the selection process.

j) Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the project worksite and in other areas of the Contractor's workforce.

k) Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.

1) Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for opportunities through appropriate training opportunities.

m) Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

n) Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

o) Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

p) Conduct a review at least annually of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations:

Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (a through p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor union, contractor community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under a through p of these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work-force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet with individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply is the Contractor's noncompliance.

A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of Executive Order 11246 if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner, (for example, even though the

Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is under-utilized).

The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.

The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity.

The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions here of as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status, (e.g. mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer) dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of their laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

The Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, from time to time, shall issue goals and timetables for minority and female utilization which shall be based on appropriate work-force, demographic or other relevant data and which shall cover construction projects or construction contracts performed in specific geographical areas. The goals, which shall be applicable to each construction trade in a covered contractor's or timetables, shall be published as notices in the Federal Register, and shall be inserted by the Contracting officers and applicants, as applicable, in the Notice required by 41 CFR 60-4.2.

5. Subcontracting:

a. The Company will use his/her best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize minority group subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Companies shall obtain lists of minority-owned construction firms from the Office of Equity.

b. The Company will use its best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their equal employment opportunity obligations.

6. Records and Reports:

a. The Company will keep such records as are necessary to determine compliance with equal employment opportunity obligations. The records kept by the Company will be designed to indicate:

- 1. The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each classification on the project.
- 2. The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; (applicable only to contractors who rely in whole or in part on unions as a source of their work force),
- 3. The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
- 4. The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of minority group subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.
- 5. Records of internal and external communication and outreach to document its affirmative efforts.

b. All such records must be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of CTDOT and/or the United States Department of Transportation.

c. For Federal Highway Administration funded projects only:

The Company will submit an annual report to CTDOT each July or as otherwise directed, for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minorities, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form PR 1391. If on-the-job training is being required by "Training Special Provision", the Company will be required to furnish Form FHWA 1409 and 1415 as required by CTDOT.

FEDERALLY FUNDED OR ASSISTED PROJECTS APPENDIX A (Labor Market Goals)

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA)

<u>Female</u>

<u>Minority</u>

Bridgeport – Stamford – Norwalk – Danbury 6.9%				10.2%
Bethel Darien	Bridgeport	Brookfield	Danbury	
Greenwich	Derby	Easton	Fairfield	
New	Milford	Monroe	New Canaan	
Fairfield	Newton	Norwalk	Redding	
Shelton	Stamford	Stratford	Trumbull	
Weston	Westport	Wilton		
Hartford – Brist	ol – New Britain			6.9%
6.9% Andover	Avon	Berlin	Bloomfield	
Bolton	Bristol	Burlington	Canton	
Colchester	Columbia	Coventry	Cromwell	
East Granby	East Hampton	East Hartford	East Windsor	
Ellington	Enfield	Farmington	Glastonbury	
Granby	Hartford	Hebron	Manchester	
Marlborough	New Britain	New Hartford	Newington	
Plainville	Plymouth	Portland	Rocky Hill	
Simsbury	South Windsor	Southington	Stafford	
Suffield	Tolland	Vernon	West Hartford	
Wethersfield	Willington	Windsor	Windsor Locks	
New Haven – Wa 6.9%	aterbury – Meriden			9.0%
Beacon Falls	Bethany	Branford	Cheshire	
Clinton	East Haven	Guilford	Hamden	
Madison	Meriden	Middlebury	Naugatuck	
New Haven	North Branford	North Haven	Orange	
Prospect	Southbury	Thomaston	Wallingford	
Waterbury	Watertown	West Haven	Wolcott	
Woodbridge	Woodbury			

New London – Norwich	4.5%
6.9%	

Bozrah	East Lyme	Griswold	Groton
Ledyard	Lisbon	Montville	New London
Norwich	Old Lyme	Old Saybrook	Preston
Sprague	Stonington	Waterford	

Non SMSA

<u>Female</u>

				
Litchfield – Windham 5.9%				
6.9%				
Abington	Ashford	Ballouville	Bantam	
Barkhamsted	Bethlehem	Bridgewater	Brooklyn	
Canaan	Canterbury	Central Village	Chaplin	
Colebrook	Cornwall	Cornwall Bridge	Danielson	
Dayville	East Canaan	East Killingly	East Woodstock	
Eastford	Falls Village	Gaylordsville	Goshen	
Grosvenor Dale	Hampton	Harwinton	Kent	
Killingly	Lakeside	Litchfield	Moosup	
Morris	New Milford	New Preston	New Preston Marble Dale	
Norfolk	North Canaan	No. Grosvenordale	North Windham	
Oneco	Pequabuck	Pine Meadow	Plainfield	
Pleasant Valley	Pomfret	Pomfret Center	Putnam	
Quinebaug	Riverton	Rogers	Roxbury	
Salisbury	Scotland	Sharon	South Kent	
South Woodstock	Sterling	Taconic	Terryville	
Thompson	Torrington	Warren	Warrenville	
Washington	Washington Depot	Wauregan	West Cornwall	
Willimantic	Winchester	Winchester Center	Windham	
Winsted	Woodstock	Woodstock Valley		

<u>Minority</u>

EXHIBIT D

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA").

- (a) If the Contactor is a Business Associate under the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), the Contractor must comply with all terms and conditions of this Section of the Contract. If the Contractor is not a Business Associate under HIPAA, this Section of the Contract does not apply to the Contractor for this Contract.
- (b) The Contractor is required to safeguard the use, publication and disclosure of information on all applicants for, and all clients who receive, services under the Contract in accordance with all applicable federal and state law regarding confidentiality, which includes but is not limited to HIPAA, more specifically with the Privacy and Security Rules at 45 C.F.R. Part 160 and Part 164, subparts A, C, and E; and
- (c) The State of Connecticut Agency named on page 1 of this Contract (hereinafter the "Department") is a "covered entity" as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103; and
- (d) The Contractor, on behalf of the Department, performs functions that involve the use or disclosure of "individually identifiable health information," as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103; and
- (e) The Contractor is a "business associate" of the Department, as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103; and
- (f) The Contractor and the Department agree to the following in order to secure compliance with the HIPAA, the requirements of Subtitle D of the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (hereinafter the HITECH Act), (Pub. L. 111-5, sections 13400 to 13423), and more specifically with the Privacy and Security Rules at 45 C.F.R. Part 160 and Part 164, subparts A, C, and E.
- (g) Definitions
 - (1) "Breach shall have the same meaning as the term is defined in section 13400 of the HITECH Act (42 U.S.C. §17921(1))
 - (2) "Business Associate" shall mean the Contractor.
 - (3) "Covered Entity" shall mean the Department of the State of Connecticut named on page 1 of this Contract.
 - (4) "Designated Record Set" shall have the same meaning as the term "designated record set" in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501.

- (5) "Electronic Health Record" shall have the same meaning as the term is defined in section 13400 of the HITECH Act (42 U.S.C. §17921(5))
- (6) "Individual" shall have the same meaning as the term "individual" in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103 and shall include a person who qualifies as a personal representative as defined in 45 C.F.R. § 164.502(g).
- (7) "Privacy Rule" shall mean the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information at 45 C.F.R. part 160 and parts 164, subparts A and E.
- (8) "Protected Health Information" or "PHI" shall have the same meaning as the term "protected health information" in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, limited to information created or received by the Business Associate from or on behalf of the Covered Entity.
- (9) "Required by Law" shall have the same meaning as the term "required by law" in 45 C.F.R. § 164.103.
- (10) "Secretary" shall mean the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services or his designee.
- (11) "More stringent" shall have the same meaning as the term "more stringent" in 45 C.F.R. § 160.202.
- (12) "This Section of the Contract" refers to the HIPAA Provisions stated herein, in their entirety.
- (13) "Security Incident" shall have the same meaning as the term "security incident" in 45 C.F.R.§ 164.304.
- (14) "Security Rule" shall mean the Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information at 45 C.F.R. part 160 and parts 164, subpart A and C.
- (15) "Unsecured protected health information" shall have the same meaning as the term as defined in section 13402(h)(1)(A) of HITECH. Act. (42 U.S.C. §17932(h)(1)(A)).
- (h) Obligations and Activities of Business Associates.
 - (1) Business Associate agrees not to use or disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by this Section of the Contract or as Required by Law.
 - (2) Business Associate agrees to use appropriate safeguards to prevent use or disclosure of PHI other than as provided for in this Section of the Contract.

- (3) Business Associate agrees to use administrative, physical and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of electronic protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Covered Entity.
- (4) Business Associate agrees to mitigate, to the extent practicable, any harmful effect that is known to the Business Associate of a use or disclosure of PHI by Business Associate in violation of this Section of the Contract.
- (5) Business Associate agrees to report to Covered Entity any use or disclosure of PHI not provided for by this Section of the Contract or any security incident of which it becomes aware.
- (6) Business Associate agrees to ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom it provides PHI received from, or created or received by Business Associate, on behalf of the Covered Entity, agrees to the same restrictions and conditions that apply through this Section of the Contract to Business Associate with respect to such information.
- (7) Business Associate agrees to provide access, at the request of the Covered Entity, and in the time and manner agreed to by the parties, to PHI in a Designated Record Set, to Covered Entity or, as directed by Covered Entity, to an Individual in order to meet the requirements under 45 C.F.R. § 164.524.
- (8) Business Associate agrees to make any amendments to PHI in a Designated Record Set that the Covered Entity directs or agrees to pursuant to 45 C.F.R. § 164.526 at the request of the Covered Entity, and in the time and manner agreed to by the parties.
- (9) Business Associate agrees to make internal practices, books, and records, including policies and procedures and PHI, relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from, or created or received by, Business Associate on behalf of Covered Entity, available to Covered Entity or to the Secretary in a time and manner agreed to by the parties or designated by the Secretary, for purposes of the Secretary determining Covered Entity's compliance with the Privacy Rule.
- (10)Business Associate agrees to document such disclosures of PHI and information related to such disclosures as would be required for Covered Entity to respond to a request by an Individual for an accounting of disclosures of PHI in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.528 and section 13405 of the HITECH Act (42 U.S.C. § 17935) and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (11)Business Associate agrees to provide to Covered Entity, in a time and manner agreed to by the parties, information collected in accordance with clause h. (10) of this Section of the Contract, to permit Covered Entity to respond to a request by an Individual for an accounting of disclosures of PHI in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.528 and section 13405 of the HITECH Act (42 U.S.C. § 17935) and any regulations promulgated

thereunder. Business Associate agrees at the Covered Entity's direction to provide an accounting of disclosures of PHI directly to an individual in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.528 and section 13405 of the HITECH Act (42 U.S.C. § 17935) and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

- (12)Business Associate agrees to comply with any state or federal law that is more stringent than the Privacy Rule.
- (13) Business Associate agrees to comply with the requirements of the HITECH Act relating to privacy and security that are applicable to the Covered Entity and with the requirements of 45 C.F.R. sections 164.504(e), 164.308, 164.310, 164.312, and 164.316.
- (14) In the event that an individual requests that the Business Associate (a) restrict disclosures of PHI; (b) provide an accounting of disclosures of the individual's PHI; or (c) provide a copy of the individual's PHI in an electronic health record, the Business Associate agrees to notify the covered entity, in writing, within two business days of the request.
- (15) Business Associate agrees that it shall not, directly or indirectly, receive any remuneration in exchange for PHI of an individual without (1) the written approval of the covered entity, unless receipt of remuneration in exchange for PHI is expressly authorized by this Contract and (2) the valid authorization of the individual, except for the purposes provided under section 13405(d)(2) of the HITECH Act,(42 U.S.C. § 17935(d)(2)) and in any accompanying regulations
- (16) Obligations in the Event of a Breach
 - A. The Business Associate agrees that, following the discovery of a breach of unsecured protected health information, it shall notify the Covered Entity of such breach in accordance with the requirements of section 13402 of HITECH (42 U.S.C. 17932(b) and the provisions of this Section of the Contract.
 - B. Such notification shall be provided by the Business Associate to the Covered Entity without unreasonable delay, and in no case later than 30 days after the breach is discovered by the Business Associate, except as otherwise instructed in writing by a law enforcement official pursuant to section 13402 (g) of HITECH (42 U.S.C. 17932(g)). A breach is considered discovered as of the first day on which it is, or reasonably should have been, known to the Business Associate. The notification shall include the identification and last known address, phone number and email address of each individual (or the next of kin of the individual if the individual is deceased) whose unsecured protected health information has been or is reasonably believed by the Business Associate to have been, accessed, acquired, or disclosed during such breach.
 - C. The Business Associate agrees to include in the notification to the Covered Entity at least the following information:

- 1. A brief description of what happened, including the date of the breach and the date of the discovery of the breach, if known.
- 2. A description of the types of unsecured protected health information that were involved in the breach (such as full name, Social Security number, date of birth, home address, account number, or disability code).
- 3. The steps the Business Associate recommends that individuals take to protect themselves from potential harm resulting from the breach.
- 4. A detailed description of what the Business Associate is doing to investigate the breach, to mitigate losses, and to protect against any further breaches.
- 5. Whether a law enforcement official has advised either verbally or in writing the Business Associate that he or she has determined that notification or notice to individuals or the posting required under section 13402 of the HITECH Act would impede a criminal investigation or cause damage to national security and; if so, include contact information for said official.
- D. Business Associate agrees to provide appropriate staffing and have established procedures to ensure that individuals informed by the Covered Entity of a breach by the Business Associate have the opportunity to ask questions and contact the Business Associate for additional information regarding the breach. Such procedures shall include a toll-free telephone number, an e-mail address, a posting on its Web site and a postal address. Business Associate agrees to include in the notification of a breach by the Business Associate to the Covered Entity, a written description of the procedures that have been established to meet these requirements. Costs of such contact procedures will be borne by the Contractor.
- E. Business Associate agrees that, in the event of a breach, it has the burden to demonstrate that it has complied with all notification's requirements set forth above, including evidence demonstrating the necessity of a delay in notification to the Covered Entity.
- (i) Permitted Uses and Disclosure by Business Associate.
 - (1) General Use and Disclosure Provisions Except as otherwise limited in this Section of the Contract, Business Associate may use or disclose PHI to perform functions, activities, or services for, or on behalf of, Covered Entity as specified in this Contract, provided that such use or disclosure would not violate the Privacy Rule if done by

Covered Entity or the minimum necessary policies and procedures of the Covered Entity.

- (2) Specific Use and Disclosure Provisions
 - (A) Except as otherwise limited in this Section of the Contract, Business Associate may use PHI for the proper management and administration of Business Associate or to carry out the legal responsibilities of Business Associate.
 - (B) Except as otherwise limited in this Section of the Contract, Business Associate may disclose PHI for the proper management and administration of Business Associate, provided that disclosures are Required by Law, or Business Associate obtains reasonable assurances from the person to whom the information is disclosed that it will remain confidential and used or further disclosed only as Required by Law or for the purpose for which it was disclosed to the person, and the person notifies Business Associate of any instances of which it is aware in which the confidentiality of the information has been breached.
 - (C) Except as otherwise limited in this Section of the Contract, Business Associate may use PHI to provide Data Aggregation services to Covered Entity as permitted by 45 C.F.R. § 164.504(e)(2)(i)(B).
- (j) Obligations of Covered Entity.
 - (1) Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any limitations in its notice of privacy practices of Covered Entity, in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.520, or to the extent that such limitation may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.
 - (2) Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any changes in, or revocation of, permission by Individual to use or disclose PHI, to the extent that such changes may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.
 - (3) Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any restriction to the use or disclosure of PHI that Covered Entity has agreed to in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.522, to the extent that such restriction may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.
- (k) Permissible Requests by Covered Entity. Covered Entity shall not request Business Associate to use or disclose PHI in any manner that would not be permissible under the Privacy Rule if done by the Covered Entity, except that Business Associate may use and disclose PHI for data aggregation, and management and administrative activities of Business Associate, as permitted under this Section of the Contract.
- (l) Term and Termination.

- (1) Term. The Term of this Section of the Contract shall be effective as of the date the Contract is effective and shall terminate when the information collected in accordance with clause h. (10) of this Section of the Contract is provided to the Covered Entity and all of the PHI provided by Covered Entity to Business Associate, or created or received by Business Associate on behalf of Covered Entity, is destroyed or returned to Covered Entity, or, if it is infeasible to return or destroy PHI, protections are extended to such information, in accordance with the termination provisions in this Section.
- (2) Termination for Cause Upon Covered Entity's knowledge of a material breach by Business Associate, Covered Entity shall either:
 - (A) Provide an opportunity for Business Associate to cure the breach or end the violation and terminate the Contract if Business Associate does not cure the breach or end the violation within the time specified by the Covered Entity; or
 - (B) Immediately terminate the Contract if Business Associate has breached a material term of this Section of the Contract and cure is not possible; or
 - (C) If neither termination nor cure is feasible, Covered Entity shall report the violation to the Secretary.
- (3) Effect of Termination
 - (A) Except as provided in (1)(2) of this Section of the Contract, upon termination of this Contract, for any reason, Business Associate shall return or destroy all PHI received from Covered Entity or created or received by Business Associate on behalf of Covered Entity. Business Associate shall also provide the information collected in accordance with clause h. (10) of this Section of the Contract to the Covered Entity within ten business days of the notice of termination. This provision shall apply to PHI that is in the possession of subcontractors or agents of Business Associate. Business Associate shall retain no copies of the PHI.
 - (B) In the event that Business Associate determines that returning or destroying the PHI is infeasible, Business Associate shall provide to Covered Entity notification of the conditions that make return or destruction infeasible. Upon documentation by Business Associate that return or destruction of PHI is infeasible, Business Associate shall extend the protections of this Section of the Contract to such PHI and limit further uses and disclosures of PHI to those purposes that make return or destruction infeasible, for as long as Business Associate maintains such PHI. Infeasibility of the return or destruction of PHI includes, but is not limited to, requirements under state or federal law that the Business Associate maintains or preserves the PHI or copies thereof.
- (m) Miscellaneous Provisions.

- (1) Regulatory References. A reference in this Section of the Contract to a section in the Privacy Rule means the section as in effect or as amended.
- (2) Amendment. The Parties agree to take such action as in necessary to amend this Section of the Contract from time to time as is necessary for Covered Entity to comply with requirements of the Privacy Rule and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191.
- (3) Survival. The respective rights and obligations of Business Associate shall survive the termination of this Contract.
- (4) Effect on Contract. Except as specifically required to implement the purposes of this Section of the Contract, all other terms of the Contract shall remain in force and effect.
- (5) Construction. This Section of the Contract shall be construed as broadly as necessary to implement and comply with the Privacy Standard. Any ambiguity in this Section of the Contract shall be resolved in favor of a meaning that complies, and is consistent with, the Privacy Standard.
- (6) Disclaimer. Covered Entity makes no warranty or representation that compliance with this Section of the Contract will be adequate or satisfactory for Business Associate's own purposes. Covered Entity shall not be liable to Business Associate for any claim, civil or criminal penalty, loss or damage related to or arising from the unauthorized use or disclosure of PHI by Business Associate or any of its officers, directors, employees, contractors or agents, or any third party to whom Business Associate has disclosed PHI contrary to the provisions of this Contract or applicable law. Business Associate is solely responsible for all decisions made, and actions taken, by Business Associate regarding the safeguarding, use and disclosure of PHI within its possession, custody or control.

(7) Indemnification. The Business Associate shall indemnify and hold the Covered Entity harmless from and against any and all claims, liabilities, judgments, fines, assessments, penalties, awards and any statutory damages that may be imposed or assessed pursuant to HIPAA, as amended or the HITECH Act, including, without limitation, attorney's fees, expert witness fees, costs of investigation, litigation or dispute resolution, and costs awarded thereunder, relating to or arising out of any violation by the Business Associate and its agents, including subcontractors, of any obligation of Business Associate and its agents, including subcontractors, of the contract, under HIPAA, the HITECH Act, the Privacy Rule and the Security Rule.

EXHIBIT E AFFIRMATIVE ACTION POLICY STATEMENT (October 2023)

It is the policy of this firm to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to an individual's race, color, religion, creed, sex, gender identity or expression, marital status, national origin, age, ancestry, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability, learning disability or physical disability, including but not limited to blindness, unless such disability prevents performance of the work involved and to promote the full realization of equal employment opportunity through positive and continuous affirmative efforts. Such action shall include employment, promotion, demotion or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or terminations, rates of pay or other forms of compensation, selection for training/apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship opportunities, and on-the-job training opportunities.

This firm will implement, monitor, enforce and achieve full compliance with this Affirmative Action Policy Statement in conjunction with the applicable Federal and State laws, regulations, executive orders, and contract provisions, including but not limited to those listed below:

Dissemination of Policy:

All members of the firm who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, this firm's Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. These actions shall include:

- 1. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the firm's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. These meetings will be conducted by the EEO officer.
- 2. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- 3. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the firm will be instructed by the EEO Officer of the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.
- 4. Notices and posters setting forth the firm's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- 5. The firm's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- 6. Sexual Harassment Prevention Resources including training and remedies must be available to all employees. See Connecticut General Assembly Public Acts <u>19–16</u> and <u>19–93</u>.

Recruitment:

When advertising for employees, the firm will include in all advertisements the notation; "An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in

publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area where the workforce would normally be derived.

- 1. The firm will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority and female applicants. To meet this requirement, the firm will identify referral sources and establish procedures for recruitment to obtain the referral of minority and female applicants.
- 2. In the event the firm has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring referrals, he/she is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The United States Department of Labor has held that where implementation of such agreements has had the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)
- 3. The firm will encourage his/her present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.

Personnel Actions:

Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to an individual's race, color, religion, creed, sex, gender identity or expression, marital status, national origin, age, ancestry, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability, learning disability or physical disability, including but not limited to blindness, unless such disability prevents performance of the work involved. The following procedures shall be followed:

- 1. The firm will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of personnel.
- 2. The firm will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take correction action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- 3. The firm shall periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- 4. The firm will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the firm and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective actions shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

Training and Promotion:

The firm will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women. The firm will utilize the following tools to identify training and promotional opportunities in the firm:

- 1. The firm will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and the entrance requirements.
- 2. The firm will periodically review the training and promotion of minority group and female employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

Unions:

If the firm relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the firm either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:

- 1. The firm will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- 2. The firm will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the extent that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their to an individual's race, color, religion, creed, sex, gender identity or expression, marital status, national origin, age, ancestry, status as a veteran, intellectual disability, mental disability, learning disability or physical disability, including but not limited to blindness, unless such disability prevents performance of the work involved.
- 3. The firm is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent that such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish the information to the contractor, the contractor shall notify the Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT) of the efforts made to obtain the information.
- 4. In the event the union is unable to provide the firm with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies. (The United States Department of Labor has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations under Executive Order 11246 as amended, and in compliance with 23 CFR Part 230, the firm will notify CTDOT.

Selection of Subcontractors:

The firm will not discriminate on the grounds race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, national origin, ancestry, age, intellectual disability, learning disability, physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, or status as a veteran in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.

1. The firm shall use his/her best efforts to ensure subcontractor/subconsultant compliance with Federal and State Equal Opportunity (EO) and EEO requirements.

Records and Reports:

The Contractor shall keep records as necessary to document compliance with EO/EEO requirements. Such reports shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of CTDOT and/or the United States Department of Transportation. The following records should be maintained:

- 6. The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification;
- 7. The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable to increase the employment opportunities for minorities and women;
- 8. The documentation showing progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
- 9. Complaints of Discrimination.

In implementing this policy and ensuring that affirmative action is being provided, each time a hiring opportunity occurs this firm will contact and request referrals from minority and female organizations, referral sources, and media sources. All advertising will emphasize that the firm is <u>"An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer."</u>

In order to substantiate this firm's efforts and affirmative actions to provide equal opportunity, the firm will maintain and submit, as requested, documentation such as referral request correspondence, copies of advertisements utilized and follow-up documentation to substantiate that efforts were made in good faith. This firm will maintain the necessary internal audit procedures and record keeping systems to report the firm's affirmative action efforts.

It is understood by Owner/CEO/President of the firm and the firm's Equal Employment Opportunity Officer and supervisory and managerial personnel that failure to effectively implement, monitor and enforce this firm's affirmative action program and/or failure to adequately document and submit as required, the affirmative actions taken and efforts made to recruit and hire minority and female applicants in accordance with our affirmative action program in each instance of hire, will result in this firm being required to recommit itself to a modified and more stringent affirmative action program as a condition of approval. It is recognized that this policy is a contractual requirement and is a prerequisite for performing services for the contracting agency. This policy in addition to CTDOT's EO/EEO contract provisions and requirements, shall constitute the CTDOT Affirmative Program requirements.

The ultimate responsibility for the full implementation of this firm's Affirmative Action Program rests with the Chief Executive Officer of this firm.

EXHIBIT F

(Federal wage rate package will be inserted at the end after State wages for the final executed contract only. Refer to NTC – Federal Wage Determinations)

EXHIBIT G State Wages and Other Related Information

Please refer to the Department of Labor website for the latest updates, annual adjusted wage rate increases, certified payroll forms and applicable statutes. http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/prevailwage.htm

Prevailing Wage Law Poster Language

THIS IS A PUBLIC WORKS PROJECT Covered by the PREVAILING WAGE LAW CT General Statutes Section 31-53 If

you have QUESTIONS regarding your wages CALL (860) 263-6790

Section 31-55 of the CT State Statutes requires every contractor or subcontractor performing work for the state to post in a prominent place the prevailing wages as determined by the Labor Commissioner.

Informational Bulletin

THE 10-HOUR OSHA CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH COURSE (applicable to public building contracts entered into on or after July 1, 2007, where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000)

(1) This requirement was created by Public Act No. 06-175, which is codified in Section 31-53b of the Connecticut General Statutes (pertaining to the prevailing wage statutes);

(2) The course is required for public building construction contracts (projects funded in whole or in part by the state or any political subdivision of the state) entered into on or after July 1, 2007;

(3) It is required of private employees (not state or municipal employees) and apprentices who perform manual labor for a general contractor or subcontractor on a public building project where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000;

(4) The ten-hour construction course pertains to the ten-hour Outreach Course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA Training Institute standards, and, for telecommunications workers, a ten-hour training course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA standard, 29 CFR 1910.268;

(5) The internet website for the federal OSHA Training Institute is http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact_sheet.html;

(6) The statutory language leaves it to the contractor and its employees to determine who pays for the cost of the ten-hour Outreach Course;

(7) Within 30 days of receiving a contract award, a general contractor must furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees and apprentices performing manual labor on the project will have completed such a course;

(8) Proof of completion may be demonstrated through either: (a) the presentation of a bona fide student course completion card issued by the federal OSHA Training Institute; or (2) the presentation of documentation provided to an employee by a trainer certified by the Institute pending the actual issuance of the completion card;

(9) Any card with an issuance date more than 5 years prior to the commencement date of the construction project shall not constitute proof of compliance;

(10) Each employer shall affix a copy of the construction safety course completion card to the certified payroll submitted to the contracting agency in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-53(f) on which such employee's name first appears;

(11) Any employee found to be in non-compliance shall be subject to removal from the worksite if such employee does not provide satisfactory proof of course completion to the Labor Commissioner by the fifteenth day after the date the employee is determined to be in non-compliance;

(12) Any such employee who is determined to be in noncompliance may continue to work on a public building construction project for a maximum of fourteen consecutive calendar days while bringing his or her status into compliance;

(13) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the prosecuting authorities regarding any employer or agent of the employer, or officer or agent of the corporation who files a false certified payroll with respect to the status of an employee who is performing manual labor on a public building construction project;

(14) The statute provides the minimum standards required for the completion of a safety course by manual laborers on public construction contracts; any contractor can exceed these minimum requirements; and

(15) Regulations clarifying the statute are currently in the regulatory process and shall be posted on the CTDOL website as soon as they are adopted in final form.

(16) Any questions regarding this statute may be directed to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division of the Connecticut Labor Department via the internet website of http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm; or by telephone at (860)263-6790.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED EXCLUSIVELY AS AN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE AND IS NOT INTENDED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR LEGAL INTERPRETATIONS WHICH MAY ULTMATELY ARISE CONCERNIG THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STATUTE OR THE REGULATIONS.

November 29, 2006

Notice

To All Mason Contractors and Interested Parties Regarding Construction Pursuant to Section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Prevailing Wage)

The Connecticut Labor Department Wage and Workplace Standards Division is empowered to enforce the prevailing wage rates on projects covered by the above referenced statute. Over the past few years, the Division has withheld enforcement of the rate in effect for workers who operate a forklift on a prevailing wage rate project due to a potential jurisdictional dispute. The rate listed in the schedules and in our Occupational Bulletin (see enclosed) has been as follows:

Forklift Operator:

- Laborers (Group 4) Mason Tenders - operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine feet only.

- **Power Equipment Operator (Group 9)** - operates forklift to assist any trade and to assist a mason to a height over nine feet.

The U.S. Labor Department conducted a survey of rates in Connecticut, but it has not been published and the rate in effect remains as outlined in the above Occupational Bulletin.

Since this is a classification matter and not one of jurisdiction, effective January 1, 2007, the Connecticut Labor Department will enforce the rate on each schedule in accordance with our statutory authority.

Your cooperation in filing appropriate and accurate certified payrolls is appreciated.

CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

CONTRACTORS WAGE CERTIFICATION FORM Construction Manager at Risk/General Contractor/Prime Contractor

I, Officer, Owner, Auth	orized Rep.	Company Name
do hereby certify that the _		
	С	Company Name
	S	treet
-	C	City
and all of its subcontractors	s will pay all workers	on the
	Project Name and	Number
	Street and City	
the wages as listed in the se attached hereto).	chedule of prevailing	rates required for such project (a copy of which is
		Signed
Subscribed and sworn to be	efore me this	day of,
		Notary Public
Return to: Connecticut Depa & Workplace Standards Div Blvd., Wethersfield, CT 06	vision 200 Folly Brood	

Rate Schedule Issued (Date):

Information Bulletin Occupational Classifications

The Connecticut Department of Labor has the responsibility to properly determine "job classification" on prevailing wage projects covered under C.G.S. Section 31-53(d).

Note: This information is intended to provide a sample of some occupational classifications for guidance purposes only. It is not an all-inclusive list of each occupation's duties. This list is being provided only to highlight some areas where a contractor may be unclear regarding the proper classification. If unsure, the employer should seek guidelines for CTDOL.

Below are additional clarifications of specific job duties performed for certain classifications:

□ ASBESTOS WORKERS

Applies all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems.

□ ASBESTOS INSULATOR

Handle, install apply, fabricate, distribute, prepare, alter, repair, dismantle, heat and frost insulation, including penetration and fire stopping work on all penetration fire stop systems.

□ BOILERMAKERS

Erects hydro plants, incomplete vessels, steel stacks, storage tanks for water, fuel, etc. Builds incomplete boilers, repairs heat exchanges and steam generators.

□ BRICKLAYERS, CEMENT MASONS, CEMENT FINISHERS, MARBLE MASONS, PLASTERERS, STONE MASONS, PLASTERERS, STONE MASONS, TERRAZZO WORKERS, TILE SETTERS

Lays building materials such as brick, structural tile and concrete cinder, glass, gypsum, terra cotta block. Cuts, tools and sets marble, sets stone, finishes concrete, applies decorative steel, aluminum and plastic tile, applies cements, sand, pigment and marble chips to floors, stairways, etc.

□ <u>CARPENTERS, MILLWRIGHTS. PILEDRIVERMEN. LATHERS. RESILEINT</u> FLOOR LAYERS, DOCK BUILDERS, DIKERS, DIVER TENDERS

Constructs, erects, installs and repairs structures and fixtures of wood, plywood and wallboard. Installs, assembles, dismantles, moves industrial machinery. Drives piling into ground to provide foundations for structures such as buildings and bridges, retaining walls for earth embankments, such as cofferdams. Fastens wooden, metal or rockboard lath to walls, ceilings and partitions of buildings, acoustical tile layer, concrete form builder. Applies firestopping materials on fire resistive joint systems only. Installation of curtain/window walls only where attached to wood or metal studs. Installation of insulated material of all types whether blown, nailed or attached in other ways to walls, ceilings and floors of buildings. Assembly and installation of modular furniture/furniture systems. Free-standing furniture is not covered. This includes free standing: student chairs, study top desks, book box desks, computer furniture, dictionary stand, atlas stand, wood shelving, two-position information access station, file cabinets, storage cabinets, tables, etc.

□ LABORER, CLEANING

• The clean up of any construction debris and the general (heavy/light) cleaning, including sweeping, wash down, mopping, wiping of the construction facility and its furniture, washing, polishing, and dusting.

□ DELIVERY PERSONNEL

• If delivery of supplies/building materials is to one common point and stockpiled there, prevailing wages are not required. If the delivery personnel are involved in the distribution of the material to multiple locations within the construction site then they would have to be paid prevailing wages for the type of work performed: laborer, equipment operator, electrician, ironworker, plumber, etc.

• An example of this would be where delivery of drywall is made to a building and the delivery personnel distribute the drywall from one "stockpile" location to further sub-locations on each floor. Distribution of material around a construction site is the job of a laborer or tradesman, and not a delivery personnel.

ELECTRICIANS

Install, erect, maintenance, alteration or repair of any wire, cable, conduit, etc., which generates, transforms, transmits or uses electrical energy for light, heat, power or other purposes, including the Installation or maintenance of telecommunication, LAN wiring or computer equipment, and low voltage wiring. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: E-1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9.

□ ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS

Install, erect, maintenance and repair of all types of elevators, escalators, dumb waiters and moving walks. *License required by Connecticut General Statutes: R-1, 2, 5, 6.

□ FORKLIFT OPERATOR

Laborers Group 4) Mason Tenders - operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine (9) feet only.

Power Equipment Operator Group 9 - operates forklift to assist any trade, and to assist a mason to a height over nine (9) feet.

GLAZIERS

Glazing wood and metal sash, doors, partitions, and 2 story aluminum storefronts. Installs glass windows, skylights, store fronts and display cases or surfaces such as building fronts, interior

walls, ceilings and table tops and metal store fronts. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers, which require equal composite workforce.

□ IRONWORKERS

Erection, installation and placement of structural steel, precast concrete, miscellaneous iron, ornamental iron, metal curtain wall, rigging and reinforcing steel. Handling, sorting, and installation of reinforcing steel (rebar). Metal bridge rail (traffic), metal bridge handrail, and decorative security fence installation. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers which require equal composite workforce.

□ INSULATOR

• Installing fire stopping systems/materials for "Penetration Firestop Systems": transit to cables, electrical conduits, insulated pipes, sprinkler pipe penetrations, ductwork behind radiation, electrical cable trays, fire rated pipe penetrations, natural polypropylene, HVAC ducts, plumbing bare metal, telephone and communication wires, and boiler room ceilings.

□ LABORERS

Acetylene burners, asphalt rakers, chain saw operators, concrete and power buggy operator, concrete saw operator, fence and guard rail erector (except metal bridge rail (traffic), decorative security fence (non-metal).

installation.), hand operated concrete vibrator operator, mason tenders, pipelayers (installation of storm drainage or sewage lines on the street only), pneumatic drill operator, pneumatic gas and electric drill operator, powermen and wagon drill operator, air track operator, block paver, curb setters, blasters, concrete spreaders.

□ PAINTERS

Maintenance, preparation, cleaning, blasting (water and sand, etc.), painting or application of any protective coatings of every description on all bridges and appurtenances of highways, roadways, and railroads. Painting, decorating, hardwood finishing, paper hanging, sign writing, scenic artwork and drywall hhg for any and all types of building and residential work.

□ LEAD PAINT REMOVAL

• Painter's Rate 1. Removal of lead paint from bridges. 2. Removal of lead paint as preparation of any surface to be repainted. 3. Where removal is on a Demolition project prior to reconstruction. • Laborer's Rate 1. Removal of lead paint from any surface NOT to be repainted. 2. Where removal is on a TOTAL Demolition project only.

□ PLUMBERS AND PIPEFITTERS

Installation, repair, replacement, alteration or maintenance of all plumbing, heating, cooling and piping. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J1,2,3,4 SP-1,2 S-

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4. □ POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

Operates several types of power construction equipment such as compressors, pumps, hoists, derricks, cranes, shovels, tractors, scrapers or motor graders, etc. Repairs and maintains equipment. ***License required, crane operators only, per Connecticut General Statutes.**

□ ROOFERS

Covers roofs with composition shingles or sheets, wood shingles, slate or asphalt and gravel to waterproof roofs, including preparation of surface. (Demolition or removal of any type of roofing and or clean-up of any and all areas where a roof is to be re-laid.)

□ SHEETMETAL WORKERS

Fabricate, assembles, installs and repairs sheet metal products and equipment in such areas as ventilation, air-conditioning, warm air heating, restaurant equipment, architectural sheet metal work, Sheetmetal roofing, and aluminum gutters. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels when used on building exteriors and interiors as soffits, facia, louvers, partitions, canopies, cornice, column covers, awnings, beam covers, cladding, sunshades, lighting troughs, spires, ornamental roofing, metal ceilings, mansards, copings, ornamental and ventilation hoods, vertical and horizontal siding panels, trim, etc. The sheet metal classification also applies to the vast variety of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels that have evolved over the years as an alternative to conventional ferrous and non-ferrous metals like steel, iron, tin, copper, brass, bronze, aluminum, etc. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of architectural metal roof, standing seam roof, composite metal roof, metal and composite bathroom/toilet partitions, aluminum gutters, metal and composite lockers and shelving, kitchen equipment, and walk-in coolers. To include testing and air –balancing ancillary to installation and construction.

□ SPRINKLER FITTERS

Installation, alteration, maintenance and repair of fire protection sprinkler systems. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: F-1, 2, 3, 4.

□ TILE MARBLE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS

Assists and tends the tile setter, marble mason and terrazzo worker in the performance of their duties.

TRUCK DRIVERS

~How to pay truck drivers delivering asphalt is under REVISION~

Truck Drivers are required to be paid prevailing wage for time spent "working" directly on the site. These drivers remain covered by the prevailing wage for any time spent transporting between the actual construction location and facilities (such as fabrication, plants, mobile factories, batch plant, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc.) dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project, which are so located in proximity to the actual construction location that it is reasonable to include them. ***License required, drivers only, per Connecticut General Statutes**.

For example:

• Material men and deliverymen are not covered under prevailing wage as long as they are not directly involved in the construction process. If, they unload the material, they would then be covered by prevailing wage for the classification they are performing work in: laborer, equipment operator, etc.

• Hauling material off site is not covered provided they are not dumping it at a location outlined above.

• Driving a truck on site and moving equipment or materials on site would be considered covered work, as this is part of the construction process.

 \Box Any questions regarding the proper classification should be directed to:

Public Contract Compliance Unit Wage and Workplace Standards Division Connecticut Department of Labor 200 Folly Brook Blvd, Wethersfield, CT 06109 (860) 263-6543.

Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division FOOTNOTES

 \sqcap Please Note: If the "Benefits" listed on the schedule for the following occupations includes a letter(s) (+ a or + a+b for instance), refer to the information below.

Benefits to be paid at the appropriate prevailing wage rate for the listed occupation.

If the "Benefits" section for the occupation lists only a dollar amount, disregard the information below.

Bricklayers, Cement Masons, Cement Finishers, Concrete Finishers, Stone Masons

(Building Construction) and (Residential- Hartford, Middlesex, New Haven, New London and Tolland Counties)

a. Paid Holiday: Employees shall receive 4 hours for Christmas Eve holiday provided the employee works the regularly scheduled day before and after the holiday. Employers may schedule work on Christmas Eve and employees shall receive pay for actual hours worked in addition to holiday pay.

Elevator Constructors: Mechanics

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, plus the Friday after Thanksgiving.

b. Vacation: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for 5 years or more of service or 6% of basic hourly rate for 6 months to 5 years of service as vacation pay credit.

Glaziers

a. Paid Holidays: Labor Day and Christmas Day.

Power Equipment Operators

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee works 3 days during the week in which the holiday falls, if scheduled, and if scheduled, the working day before and the working day after the holiday. Holidays falling on Saturday may be observed on Saturday, or if the employer so elects, on the preceding Friday.

Ironworkers

a. Paid Holiday: Labor Day provided employee has been on the payroll for the 5 consecutive work days prior to Labor Day.

Laborers (Tunnel Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. No employee shall be eligible for holiday pay when he fails, without cause, to work the regular work day preceding the holiday or the regular work day following the holiday.

Roofers

a. Paid Holidays: July 4th, Labor Day, and Christmas Day provided the employee is employed 15 days prior to the holiday.

Sprinkler Fitters

a. Paid Holidays: Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee has been in the employment of a contractor 20 working days prior to any such paid holiday.

Truck Drivers

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas day, and Good Friday, provided the employee has at least 31 calendar days of service and works the last scheduled day before and the first scheduled day after the holiday, unless excused.

Rev. 7/1/19

SEE BELOW FOR STATE WAGE RATES

INSERT STATE WAGES HERE